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Editorial Policies

Translational Neuroscience endorses editorial policies recommended by the <u>World Association of Medical Editors and the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors (ICMJE).</u>

OVERVIEW OF THE EDITORIAL PROCESS

For detailed submission guidelines please refer to the Instructions for Authors or contact the Managing Editor of the journal.

Submission

Each manuscript should be accompanied by a cover letter which should explicitly state that the authors have the authority to publish the work and that the manuscript (or one with substantially the same content, by any of the authors) has not been previously published in any language anywhere and that it is not under simultaneous consideration by another journal. All authors of the manuscript are responsible for its content; they must have agreed to its publication and have given the corresponding author the authority to act on their behalf in all matters pertaining to publication. The corresponding author is responsible for informing the co-authors of the manuscript status throughout the submission, review, and production process.

Authorship

Authorship should be limited to those who have made a significant contribution to the conception, design, execution, or interpretation of the reported study. All those who have made significant contributions should be listed as co-authors. Those who do not meet that criteria should be acknowledged (see Instructions for Authors). It is the sole responsibility of contributors to determine the authors of the manuscript submitted to the journal.

Authors must ensure that anyone named in the acknowledgments agrees to being so named. Following the Recommendations for the Conduct, Reporting, Editing, and Publication of Scholarly Work in Medical Journals from ICMJE, editors of *Translational Neuroscience* are advised to require that the corresponding author obtain written permission to be acknowledged from all acknowledged individuals.

Addition or Removal of Authors

The authors' request for addition or removal of an author should be properly justified. Please note that a change in authorship (order of listing, addition or deletion of a name, or corresponding author designation) after submission of the manuscript will be implemented only after receipt of signed statements of agreement from all parties involved (all listed authors and the author to be removed or added).

Peer Review process

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The reviewers make an objective, impartial evaluation of scientific merits of the manuscript. Reviewers operate under guidelines set forth in the Guidelines for reviewers and are asked to comment on the following aspects of submitted manuscripts: • novelty and originality of the work;

- broad interest to the community of researchers;
- significance to the field, potential impact of the work, conceptual or methodological advances described; study design and clarity;
- substantial evidence supporting claims and conclusions;

• rigorous methodology

If a manuscript is believed to not meet the standards of the journal or is otherwise lacking in scientific rigor or contains major deficiencies, the reviewers will attempt to provide constructive criticism to assist the authors in ultimately improving their work. If a manuscript is believed to be potentially acceptable for publication but needs to be improved, it is invited for reconsideration with the expectation that the authors will fully address the reviewer's suggestions.

Once all reviews have been received and considered by the Editor, a decision letter to the author is drafted. There are several types of decisions possible:

- Accept without revision
- Minor revision
- Major revision
- Reject

Revised manuscript submission

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The final decision is made by the Managing Editor, or in case of conflict, by the Editor-in-Chief. Final proofreading

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- Professional conflicts: public associations with institutions or corporations whose products or services are related to the subject matter of the article; membership of a government advisory council/committee; relationship with organizations and funding bodies

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ETHICAL POLICIES

For all parties involved in the act of publishing (the author, the journal editor(s), the peer reviewer and the publisher) it is necessary to agree upon standards of expected ethical behavior. The ethics statements for this Journal are based on the <u>Committee on Publication Ethics (COPE)</u> Best Practice Guidelines for Journal Editors. Submission of a manuscript to De Gruyter journal implies that all authors have read and agreed to its content and that the manuscript conforms to the journal's policies.

Authorization for the use of human subjects

Manuscripts containing information related to human use should clearly state that the research has complied with all relevant national regulations and institutional policies and has been approved by the authors' institutional review board or equivalent committee. These statements should appear in the Experimental Procedures section (or for contributions without this section, within the main text or in the captions of relevant figures or tables). Copies of the guidelines and policy statements must be available for review by the Managing Editor if necessary. The editors reserve the right to seek additional information or guidance from reviewers on any cases in which concerns arise.

Clinical investigation with human subjects must have been conducted by following the tenets of the <u>Helsinki Declaration</u>. For manuscripts reporting experiments involving human subjects, authors must identify the committee or review board approving the experiments, and provide a statement indicating approval of the research. Consent

Our human participant policy conforms to the Uniform Requirements of the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors. Patients have a right to privacy that should not be infringed without informed consent. Identifying information (patients' names, hospital unit numbers) should not be published unless the information is essential for scientific purposes and the patient (or parent or guardian) gives written informed consent for publication. Information about the signed form of Informed consent obtained from participants should appear as an appropriate statement in the published article. We encourage authors to submit a sample of a patient consent form, and may require submission on particular occasions.

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Manuscripts containing information related to animals use should clearly state that the research has complied with all relevant national regulations and institutional policies and has been approved by the authors' institutional review board or equivalent committee. These statements should appear in the Experimental Procedures section (or for contributions without this section, within the main text or in the captions of relevant figures or tables). Copies of the guidelines and policy statements must be available for review by the Managing Editor if necessary. The editors reserve the right to seek additional information or guidance from reviewers on any cases in which concerns arise.

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The trial registration number should be provided at the end of the Abstract.

DECLARATION OF NEW TAXA

As of January 2012, electronic publication of taxon names is a valid form of publication. Manuscripts containing new taxon names or other nomenclatural acts must follow set by the International Code of Nomenclature. All new taxa reported in articles published in *Translational Neuroscience* will be available in PDF format at De Gruyter Online platform and digitally preserved in Portico.

New Zoological Taxa

For a new zoological taxon name, authors <u>guidelines</u> set by the International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature (ICZN). For novel fungal taxon name, authors should contact <u>ZooBank</u> about registration of the new species name and request the corresponding unique digital identifier, a Life Science Identifier (LSID). The unique identifier should be provided in the final published article. The final version of the article must cite the relevant LSIDs (or GUIDs), where available. New Botanical or Fungal Taxa

For a novel plant taxon name, authors must follow <u>guidelines</u> set by the International Code of Nomenclature for algae, fungi, and plants. For novel fungal taxon name, authors should contact <u>MycoBank</u> or <u>Index Fungorum</u> about registration of the new species name and request the corresponding Globally Unique Identifier (GUID), currently in the form of a Life Science Identifier (LSID). The unique identifier should be provided in the final published article. The final version of the article must cite the relevant LSIDs (or GUIDs), where available.

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