## Recurrent Painful Calcium Pyrophosphate Arthropathy

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Financial Disclosures: None reported.

Support: None reported.

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Submitted
May 18, 2016;
final revision received
June 30, 2016;
accepted
July 14, 2016.

69-year-old woman presented to her primary care physician with pain and decreased range of motion in her left knee for the past 5 days. She reported no history of trauma. The patient underwent an arthrocentesis and received a 1.5-mL injection of triamcinolone, which improved her pain and range of motion. She returned 9 months later with the same symptoms lasting for 3 days. Physical examination revealed decreased flexion and extension and fullness in the posterior joint space. Laboratory studies revealed a high erythrocyte sedimentation rate (63 mm/h) and C-reactive protein level (7.66 mg/dL). Plain film radiograph of the knee showed calcification in the popliteal fossa (image). Calcium pyrophosphate crystals were identified in the synovial fluid, and calcium pyrophosphate deposition disease was diagnosed. She was given a 1.2-mg dose of colchicine orally, followed by a 0.6-mg dose 6 hours later, which resolved her symptoms and improved her range of motion.

Deposition of calcium pyrophosphate crystals into joint spaces can lead to severe, chronic arthritic

attacks and damage to the cartilage.<sup>1</sup> The most common management of localized symptoms is corticosteroid injection. Oral methods include colchicine and nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs.<sup>2</sup> Colchicine can also be used prophylactically. Methotrexate and anakinra have been used for management, but recent studies suggest they provide no notable effect.<sup>2,3</sup> (doi:10.7556/jaoa.2017.036)

## References

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**Keywords:** calcium pyrophosphate arthropathy, calcium pyrophosphate crystals, calcium pyrophosphate deposition disease

