Note on Transliteration

his book follows a modified version of the transliteration standards developed by the *International Journal of Middle East Studies*. In the interest of readability, I omit all diacritical marks with the exception of *ayn* (°) and *hamza* (°). Exceptions include words taken from the Iraqi dialect, especially those with the suffix -či. For example, the Modern Standard Arabic term *aydiuluji* (ideological) is transliterated as *aydiuluchi*.

Arabic and Kurdish names for people, places, and institutions—as well as titles and technical terms—are transliterated without diacritical marks and are written as they are normally encountered in the English-language media. The definite article is omitted after the first mention of people, places, and institutions. For example, "Nouri al-Maliki" occurs for the first usage and is rendered "Maliki" thereafter. Anglicized plurals—as opposed to irregular plurals in Arabic or Kurdish—are formed by adding the singular s. For example, the plural of "sheikh" will be "sheikhs" instead of "shuyukh."

Surviving the Islamic State