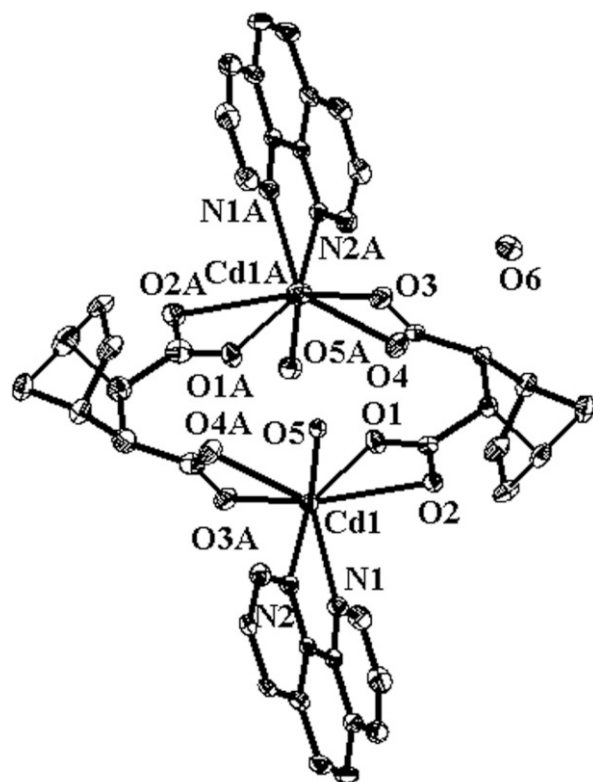


Crystal structure of aqua-bis-(1,10-phenanthroline)-(5-norbornene-2,3-dicarboxylic acid)-cadmium(II)-hydrate, $[\text{Cd}(\text{C}_9\text{H}_8\text{O}_4)(\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_8\text{N}_2)(\text{H}_2\text{O})] \cdot (\text{H}_2\text{O})$, $\text{C}_{42}\text{H}_{40}\text{Cd}_2\text{N}_4\text{O}_{12}$

Ling-Yun Xin*, Hong-Bing Yang and Han Guo

College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Luoyang Normal University, Luoyang 471022, Henan Province, P. R. China

Received January 04, 2012, accepted June 12, 2012, available online July 26, 2012, CCDC no. 1267/3790



Abstract

$\text{C}_{42}\text{H}_{40}\text{Cd}_2\text{N}_4\text{O}_{12}$, monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ (no. 14), $a = 9.475(1)$ Å, $b = 10.879(1)$ Å, $c = 18.819(2)$ Å, $\beta = 101.092(1)^\circ$, $V = 1903.7$ Å³, $Z = 2$, $R_{\text{gt}}(F) = 0.0192$, $wR_{\text{ref}}(F^2) = 0.0498$, $T = 296$ K.

Table 1. Data collection and handling.

Crystal:	colourless blocks, size 0.16×0.27×0.36 mm
Wavelength:	Mo K_α radiation (0.71073 Å)
μ :	11.91 cm ⁻¹
Diffractometer, scan mode:	CCD area detector, φ and ω
$2\theta_{\text{max}}$:	51°
$N(hkl)_{\text{measured}}$, $N(hkl)_{\text{unique}}$:	13804, 3542
Criterion for I_{obs} , $N(hkl)_{\text{gt}}$:	$I_{\text{obs}} > 2\sigma(I_{\text{obs}})$, 3233
$N(\text{param})_{\text{refined}}$:	271
Programs:	SHELXS-97 [9]

Source of material

A mixture of 5-norbornene-2,3-dicarboxylic acid (0.1 mmol, 18.2 mg), 1,10-phenanthroline (phen) (0.2 mmol, 39.7 mg), $\text{Cd}(\text{OAc})_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (0.1 mmol, 26.6 mg), NaOH (0.1 mmol), and

H_2O (6.0 ml) were placed in a 23ml Teflon lined stainless steel reactor. The vessel was heated to 393 K for 4 days, and then slowly cooled to room temperature. Colourless crystals were obtained, and further crystals were filtered off, washed with mother liquid, and dried under ambient conditions. Yield 52 %.

Discussion

Self-assembly of organic and inorganic compounds with metal centers is one of the most efficient and widely utilized approaches for the construction of polymers [1–3]. Among them, divalent metal coordination polymers containing tethering dicarboxylate ligands are among the most commonly employed linkers in MOFs chemistry [4–6], because different metal coordination environments and carboxylate group binding and bridging modes can provide a wide scope of underlying coordination polymer structural topologies. Unfortunately, a remarkable multidentate carboxylic ligand, 5-norbornene-2,3-dicarboxylic acid are under developed in MOFs chemistry, though initial inference on the existence of a number of new structures seems reasonable. Simultaneously, the usage of nitrogen-donor ligands is an effective process for the construction of novel MOFs because they can satisfy and even mediate the coordination needs of the metal centers so as to generate more meaningful architectures [7,8]. The asymmetric unit of the complex under investigation contains one Cd^{2+} ion, one 5-norbornene-2,3-dicarboxylic anion, one phen coligand, one ligated water and one crystal water molecule. The Cd ion displays a highly distorted pentagonal bipyramid with four oxygen atoms from two chelating carboxylate group belonging to different 5-norbornene-2,3-dicarboxylic molecules (Cd–O: 2.2651(15) Å–2.6024(16) Å), two nitrogen atoms from one chelate phen ligand (Cd–N: 2.3571(17) Å and 2.3748(17) Å), and one ligated water molecule (Cd–O: 2.4137(15) Å). Each 5-norbornene-2,3-dicarboxylic anion acts as a bidentate ligand connecting adjacent Cd ions to develop Cd carboxylate dimers. Notably, the presence of coordinated and non-coordinated water molecules lead to the formation of extensive H-bonding interactions. Besides intramolecular hydrogen bonds, interlayer O(5)–H(1W)⋯O(2) interactions further extend the adjacent dimers to produce a 1D double chain along the crystallographic a axis. Strong π – π stacking interactions (the face to face distance is 3.92 Å) existing between both aromatic rings of phen coligands from two adjacent 1D chains, result in a zipper-like 2D layer. The adjacent 2D layers stack in a slightly off-set parallel fashion with the weak effect of van der Waals force to form the 3D supermolecular structure.

* Correspondence author (e-mail: xinlingyun7801@163.com)

Table 2. Atomic coordinates and displacement parameters (in Å²).

Atom	Site	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>U</i> _{iso}
H(1W)	4e	0.4597	0.5373	1.0812	0.054
H(2W)	4e	0.3272	0.5800	1.0913	0.054
H(3W)	4e	0.0839	0.6361	0.0837	0.064
H(4W)	4e	0.1125	0.6829	0.0257	0.064
H(1)	4e	0.3499	0.3824	0.7967	0.042
H(2)	4e	0.3234	0.5716	0.8604	0.032
H(3)	4e	0.1327	0.6655	0.8063	0.031
H(4)	4e	−0.0297	0.5518	0.7157	0.043
H(5A)	4e	0.1788	0.4391	0.6828	0.053
H(5B)	4e	0.2411	0.5640	0.7206	0.053

Table 2. continued.

Atom	Site	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>U</i> _{iso}
H(6)	4e	−0.0789	0.3489	0.7685	0.049
H(7)	4e	0.1465	0.2457	0.8138	0.050
H(10)	4e	0.0637	0.1501	0.9407	0.045
H(11)	4e	0.0731	−0.0506	0.9007	0.052
H(12)	4e	0.2539	−0.1785	0.9563	0.048
H(14)	4e	0.4722	−0.2115	1.0569	0.049
H(15)	4e	0.6193	−0.1407	1.1572	0.048
H(17)	4e	0.6900	0.0308	1.2496	0.045
H(18)	4e	0.6565	0.2300	1.2845	0.046
H(19)	4e	0.4911	0.3537	1.2117	0.040

Table 3. Atomic coordinates and displacement parameters (in Å²).

Atom	Site	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>U</i> ₁₁	<i>U</i> ₂₂	<i>U</i> ₃₃	<i>U</i> ₁₂	<i>U</i> ₁₃	<i>U</i> ₂₃
Cd(1)	4e	0.23892(2)	0.34894(1)	1.062319(8)	0.02610(9)	0.02446(9)	0.02758(9)	0.00638(6)	0.00436(6)	0.00200(6)
O(1)	4e	0.1400(2)	0.4374(2)	0.95535(8)	0.0274(8)	0.0445(9)	0.0338(8)	0.0030(7)	0.0089(7)	0.0115(7)
O(2)	4e	0.3697(2)	0.4035(2)	0.95684(8)	0.0314(7)	0.0416(7)	0.0378(7)	0.0045(6)	0.0061(5)	0.0068(6)
O(3)	4e	0.0192(2)	0.6908(1)	0.91815(8)	0.0408(7)	0.0334(7)	0.0366(7)	0.0003(6)	0.0089(6)	−0.0067(6)
O(4)	4e	−0.1326(2)	0.5648(2)	0.85078(8)	0.0251(8)	0.0430(9)	0.0432(9)	−0.0012(7)	0.0092(7)	−0.0091(7)
O(5)	4e	0.3899(2)	0.5239(1)	1.10255(8)	0.0276(8)	0.0362(9)	0.0437(9)	−0.0003(7)	0.0080(7)	0.0019(7)
O(6)	4e	0.1496(2)	0.6786(2)	0.07055(9)	0.0342(9)	0.0408(9)	0.051(1)	−0.0032(7)	0.0048(8)	0.0067(8)
N(1)	4e	0.2303(2)	0.1430(2)	1.0199(1)	0.0270(9)	0.0281(9)	0.0302(9)	0.0031(7)	0.0048(8)	0.0034(7)
N(2)	4e	0.4167(2)	0.2319(2)	1.13783(9)	0.0268(9)	0.0264(9)	0.0297(9)	0.0023(7)	0.0066(7)	0.0034(7)
C(1)	4e	0.2541(2)	0.4175(2)	0.7952(1)	0.028(1)	0.043(1)	0.036(1)	0.009(1)	0.0096(9)	−0.007(1)
C(2)	4e	0.2419(2)	0.5148(2)	0.8560(1)	0.021(1)	0.029(1)	0.030(1)	−0.0021(8)	0.0071(8)	0.0000(9)
C(3)	4e	0.1014(2)	0.5857(2)	0.8218(1)	0.026(1)	0.025(1)	0.027(1)	0.0009(8)	0.0060(8)	0.0029(8)
C(4)	4e	0.0455(2)	0.5117(2)	0.7512(1)	0.030(1)	0.049(1)	0.027(1)	0.010(1)	0.0012(9)	−0.003(1)
C(5)	4e	0.1894(3)	0.4888(3)	0.7263(1)	0.043(1)	0.062(2)	0.030(1)	0.006(1)	0.013(1)	−0.004(1)
C(6)	4e	0.0123(3)	0.3829(2)	0.7724(1)	0.032(1)	0.043(1)	0.046(1)	−0.003(1)	0.006(1)	−0.021(1)
C(7)	4e	0.1354(3)	0.3265(2)	0.7976(1)	0.044(1)	0.032(1)	0.050(2)	0.005(1)	0.010(1)	−0.015(1)
C(8)	4e	0.2502(2)	0.4486(2)	0.9276(1)	0.024(1)	0.024(1)	0.028(1)	−0.0007(8)	0.0020(9)	−0.0006(8)
C(9)	4e	−0.0096(2)	0.6138(2)	0.8679(1)	0.028(1)	0.023(1)	0.028(1)	0.0050(9)	0.0053(9)	0.0034(8)
C(10)	4e	0.1362(3)	0.0986(2)	0.9642(1)	0.035(1)	0.042(1)	0.035(1)	−0.002(1)	0.002(1)	0.005(1)
C(11)	4e	0.1415(3)	−0.0225(2)	0.9395(1)	0.049(2)	0.045(2)	0.036(1)	−0.015(1)	0.005(1)	−0.002(1)
C(12)	4e	0.2479(3)	−0.0986(2)	0.9730(1)	0.052(2)	0.028(1)	0.044(1)	−0.009(1)	0.018(1)	−0.004(1)
C(13)	4e	0.3484(2)	−0.0563(2)	1.0327(1)	0.036(1)	0.024(1)	0.038(1)	−0.0017(9)	0.016(1)	0.0031(9)
C(14)	4e	0.4604(3)	−0.1317(2)	1.0725(1)	0.048(2)	0.021(1)	0.058(2)	0.006(1)	0.022(1)	0.005(1)
C(15)	4e	0.5485(3)	−0.0893(2)	1.1320(1)	0.034(1)	0.032(1)	0.056(2)	0.012(1)	0.014(1)	0.017(1)
C(16)	4e	0.5358(2)	0.0339(2)	1.1576(1)	0.024(1)	0.031(1)	0.039(1)	0.0029(9)	0.0093(9)	0.0129(9)
C(17)	4e	0.6211(2)	0.0805(2)	1.2215(1)	0.025(1)	0.043(1)	0.043(1)	0.003(1)	0.002(1)	0.018(1)
C(18)	4e	0.6022(2)	0.1988(2)	1.2419(1)	0.032(1)	0.048(2)	0.033(1)	−0.008(1)	−0.000(1)	0.007(1)
C(19)	4e	0.5006(2)	0.2724(2)	1.1981(1)	0.033(1)	0.035(1)	0.033(1)	−0.004(1)	0.007(1)	−0.0005(9)
C(20)	4e	0.4319(2)	0.1134(2)	1.1176(1)	0.023(1)	0.025(1)	0.030(1)	0.0001(8)	0.0111(9)	0.0053(8)
C(21)	4e	0.3346(2)	0.0667(2)	1.0545(1)	0.024(1)	0.026(1)	0.030(1)	0.0017(8)	0.0109(9)	0.0036(8)

Acknowledgments. This work was supported by the Foundation of Education committee of Henan province (grant no. 092102210315)

References

- Zheng, N.; Bu, X.; Lu, H.; Zhang, Q.; Feng, P.: Crystalline Superlattices from Single-Sized Quantum Dots. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **127** (2005) 11963–11965.
- Zhang, Y. B.; Zhang, W. X.; Feng, F. Y.; Zhang, J. P.; Chen, X. M.: A Highly Connected Porous Coordination Polymer with Unusual Channel Structure and Sorption Properties. *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed.* **48** (2009) 5287–5290.
- Zhang, Y. B.; Zhang, W. X.; Feng, F. Y.; Zhang, J. P.; Chen, X. M.: A Highly Connected Porous Coordination Polymer with Unusual Channel Structure and Sorption Properties. *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed.* **48** (2009) 5287–5290.
- Liu, G. Z.; Xin, L. Y.; Wang, L. Y.: Ancillary Ligand-Mediated Syntheses and Fluorescence Properties of Zinc(II) Complexes Based on Flexible Benzene Dicarboxylic Acid. *Cryst. Eng. Comm.* **13** (2011) 3013–3020.
- Braverman, M. A.; Staples, R. J.; Supkowski, R. M.; LaDuca, R. L.: Effect of Pendant Arm Position and Length on the Structure and Properties of Nickel Aromatic Dicarboxylate Coordination Polymers Incorporating a Kinked Organodiamine. *Polyhedron* **27** (2008) 2291–2300.
- Yang, F.; Ren, Y. X.; Li, D. S.; Fu, F.; Qi, G. C.; Wang, Y. Y.: 1D Zigzag Chain and 0D Monomer Cd(II)/Zn(II) Compounds Based on Flexible Phenylenediacetic Ligand: Synthesis, Crystal Structure and Fluorescent Properties. *J. Mol. Struct.* **892** (2008) 283–288.
- Ma, L. F.; Wang, L. Y.; Wang, Y. Y.; Batten, S. R.; Wang, J. G.: Self-Assembly of a Series of Cobalt(II) Coordination Polymers Constructed from H₂btbp and Dipyriddy-Based Ligands. *Inorg. Chem.* **48** (2009) 915–924.
- Xin, L. Y.; Liu, G. Z.; Wang, L. Y.: New Coordination Polymers from 1D Chain, 2D Layer to 3D Framework Constructed from 1,2-Phenylenediacetic Acid and 1,3-Bis-(4-pyridyl)propane Flexible Ligands. *J. Solid State Chem.* **184** (2011) 1387–1392.
- Sheldrick, G. M.: A short history of SHELX. *Acta Crystallogr.* **A64** (2008) 112–122.