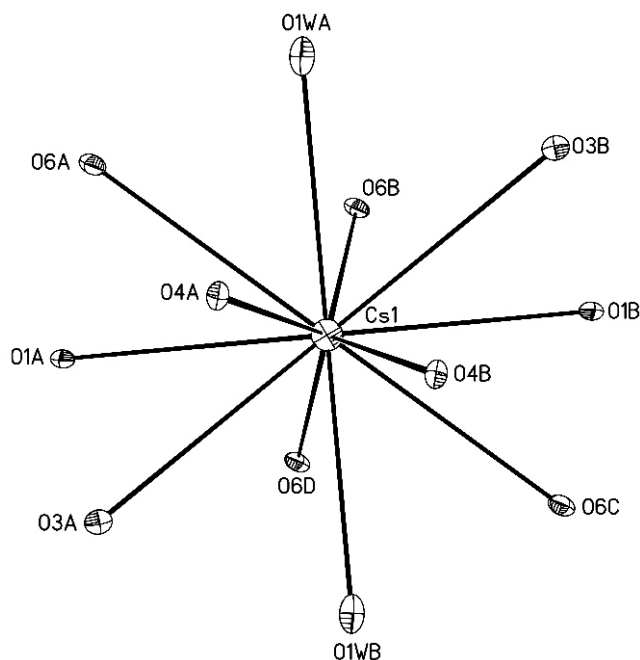


Crystal structure of caesium diaquamanganese(II) gallium phosphate, $\text{Cs}[\text{MnGa}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$

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Abstract

$\text{CsGa}_2\text{H}_4\text{MnO}_{14}\text{P}_3$, monoclinic, $C12/c1$ (no. 15), $a = 13.482(5)$ Å, $b = 10.407(3)$ Å, $c = 8.913(3)$ Å, $\beta = 109.125(5)^\circ$, $V = 1181.5$ Å³, $Z = 4$, $R_{\text{gt}}(F) = 0.017$, $wR_{\text{ref}}(F^2) = 0.047$, $T = 296$ K.

Source of material

The title compound was synthesized from a mixture of 1.3001 g of Cs_2CO_3 , 0.0937 g of Ga_2O_3 , 0.4240 g of Na_2CO_3 , 0.3065 g of H_3BO_3 , 0.3451 g of MnCO_3 , 3 mL of H_3PO_4 , and 4 mL of H_2O in the molar ratio of 8:1:10:6:8:100:44. This mixture was sealed in a 25 mL Teflon-lined stainless steel vessel, and heated at 180 °C for about 8 days under autogenous pressure, then cooled to room temperature. The resulting block-shaped colorless crystals were collected and dried in air at ambient temperature. FT-IR data are available in the CIF file.

Discussion

Since the discovery of the microporous aluminum phosphates, the hydrothermal synthesis and structural characterization of new open-framework solids templated by organic molecules have attracted considerable attention. In the past several decades, many metal and nonmetal phosphates with open-framework structures have been synthesized owing to their rich structural chemistry

and the potential applications in ion exchange, adsorption, separation and catalysis [1]. To date, a number of MeGaPO_4 ($\text{Me} = \text{V}$, Mn , Fe , Co and Zn) have been prepared, the majority of which contain MO_4 ($\text{M} = \text{Me}$ or Ga) and PO_4 units. To our knowledge, however, only four examples of manganese (II)-substituted gallium phosphate compounds have been reported, such as $(\text{C}_3\text{N}_2\text{H}_5)_8$ $[\text{Mn}_8\text{Ga}_{16}\text{P}_{24}\text{O}_{96}]$ [2], $[\text{C}_6\text{N}_2\text{H}_{14}][\text{MnGa}(\text{HPO}_4)_2(\text{PO}_4)]$ [3], $\text{NH}_4[\text{MnGa}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$ [4], and $\text{K}[\text{MnGa}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$ [5].

The title crystal structure is similar to that of $\text{NH}_4[\text{CoGa}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$ [6], $\text{K}[\text{NiGa}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$ [7], and $\text{NH}_4[\text{MeGa}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$ ($\text{Me} = \text{Mn}$, Fe , Ni) [8] in the asymmetric unit. It consists of one Cs^+ cation and one $[\text{MnGa}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]^-$ anion. In the anion, there are two crystallographically distinct phosphorus sites, both of which have approximately regular tetrahedral coordination. The Ga atoms occur in GaO_5 units with distorted trigonal bipyramidal shape and the Mn atoms are located in distorted octahedra $\text{MnO}_4(\text{OH}_2)_2$. The GaO_5 , MnO_6 and PO_4 units are linked together through edge- and vertex-sharing to give a manganese-gallophosphate framework of composition $[\text{MnGa}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]^-$. The Ga—O distances are from 1.854(2) Å to 2.009(2) Å (average 1.909 Å) and the O—Ga—O angles are between 87.9(1)° and 176.46(9)°. The Mn—O distances are from 2.072(2) Å to 2.263(2) Å (average 2.18 Å) and the O—Mn—O angles are between 64.0(1)° and 169.1(2)°. The $[\text{MnGa}_2(\text{PO}_4)_3(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]^-$ anions are also connected together through oxygen atoms shared by both gallium and phosphorus atoms to neighboring units forming a 3D open framework with 8-membered rings channels along c axis, in which the Cs^+ cations are located. The Cs^+ atom lies in a very distorted coordination with twelve near oxygen atoms and Cs1—O distances from 3.093(2)–3.514(3) Å. H_2O is also involved in hydrogen bonding to Ga—O—P bridging oxygen atoms with O···O distances of 2.925 Å and 3.120 Å.

Table 1. Data collection and handling.

Crystal:	colorless block, size $0.08 \times 0.11 \times 0.15$ mm
Wavelength:	Mo K_{α} radiation (0.71073 Å)
μ :	91.02 cm ^{−1}
Diffractionmeter, scan mode:	Bruker APEX-II CCD, φ/ω
$2\theta_{\text{max}}$:	50°
$N(hkl)_{\text{measured}}$, $N(hkl)_{\text{unique}}$:	2993, 104
Criterion for I_{obs} , $N(hkl)_{\text{gt}}$:	$I_{\text{obs}} > 2 \sigma(I_{\text{obs}})$, 994
$N(\text{param})_{\text{refined}}$:	106
Programs:	SHELXS-97, SHELXL-87, SHELXTL [9]

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Table 2. Atomic coordinates and displacement parameters (in Å²).

Atom	Site	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>U</i> _{iso}
H(2)	8 <i>f</i>	0.152(4)	−0.359(4)	0.000(5)	0.02(1)
H(1)	8 <i>f</i>	0.159(4)	−0.251(5)	0.034(6)	0.04(2)

Table 3. Atomic coordinates and displacement parameters (in Å²).

Atom	Site	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>U</i> ₁₁	<i>U</i> ₂₂	<i>U</i> ₃₃	<i>U</i> ₁₂	<i>U</i> ₁₃	<i>U</i> ₂₃
Cs(1)	4 <i>e</i>	0	0.63967(3)	¼	0.0244(2)	0.0142(2)	0.0252(2)	0	0.0080(1)	0
Ga(1)	8 <i>f</i>	−0.17122(3)	−0.07529(3)	−0.07591(4)	0.0103(2)	0.0087(2)	0.0083(2)	−0.0004(1)	0.0032(1)	0.0002(1)
Mn(1)	4 <i>e</i>	0	−0.28166(7)	−¼	0.0131(4)	0.0108(4)	0.0155(4)	0	0.0073(3)	0
P(1)	8 <i>f</i>	−0.29044(6)	0.12834(8)	−0.3295(1)	0.0104(4)	0.0093(4)	0.0098(4)	0.0012(3)	0.0049(3)	0.0008(3)
P(2)	4 <i>e</i>	0	0.0039(1)	¼	0.0097(5)	0.0094(6)	0.0076(5)	0	0.0035(4)	0
O(1)	8 <i>f</i>	−0.2725(2)	−0.0501(2)	0.0354(3)	0.014(1)	0.014(1)	0.014(1)	0.0000(9)	0.008(1)	0.0009(9)
O(2)	8 <i>f</i>	−0.2097(2)	0.0856(2)	−0.1679(3)	0.018(1)	0.011(1)	0.011(1)	0.0023(9)	0.005(1)	0.0036(9)
O(3)	8 <i>f</i>	−0.2362(2)	−0.2285(2)	−0.1597(3)	0.017(1)	0.008(1)	0.015(1)	−0.0020(9)	0.0065(9)	−0.0030(9)
O(4)	8 <i>f</i>	−0.0576(2)	−0.0850(2)	0.1126(3)	0.013(1)	0.013(1)	0.011(1)	0.0009(9)	0.0009(9)	−0.0002(9)
O(5)	8 <i>f</i>	−0.0737(2)	−0.0972(2)	−0.2028(3)	0.016(1)	0.011(1)	0.016(1)	−0.0004(9)	0.011(1)	−0.0002(9)
O(6)	8 <i>f</i>	−0.0977(2)	−0.3927(2)	−0.1652(3)	0.012(1)	0.017(1)	0.021(1)	0.001(1)	0.009(1)	0.004(1)
O(1W)	8 <i>f</i>	0.1199(2)	−0.3019(3)	−0.0120(3)	0.021(2)	0.022(2)	0.021(1)	0.001(1)	−0.002(1)	−0.002(1)

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