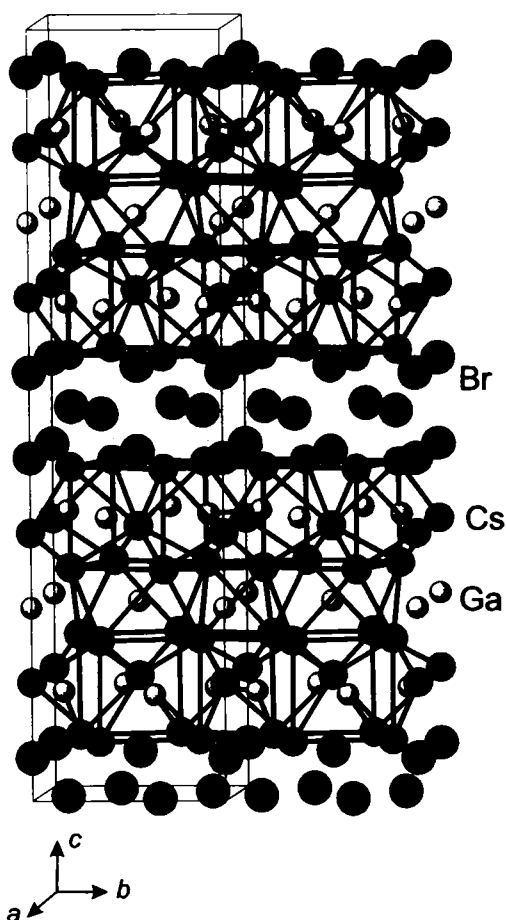


Crystal structure of decacerium pentagallium tetrabromide, $\text{Ce}_{10}\text{Ga}_5\text{Br}_4$

S.-J. Li^I, C. Zheng^{*II}, H.J. Mattausch^{III} and A. Simon^{III}^I Sichuan University, Department of Chemistry, Chengdu, Sichuan, 610064 P. R. China^{II} Northern Illinois University, Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, DeKalb, Illinois 60115, USA^{III} Max-Planck-Institut für Festkörperforschung, Heisenbergstraße 1, 70569 Stuttgart, Germany

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Abstract

$\text{Br}_4\text{Ce}_{10}\text{Ga}_5$, tetragonal, $I4/mcm$ (no. 140), $a = 8.0937(3)$ Å, $c = 32.129(3)$ Å, $V = 2104.7$ Å³, $Z = 4$, $R_{\text{gt}}(F) = 0.047$, $wR_{\text{ref}}(F^2) = 0.114$, $T = 293$ K.

Source of material

$\text{Ce}_{10}\text{Ga}_5\text{Br}_4$ was prepared by heating of a mixture of CeBr_3 , Ce and Ga (molar ratio 4:26:15) under Ar atmosphere in a silica jacketed sealed Ta capsule at 890 °C for 36 days, yielding a pure phase. $\text{Ce}_{10}\text{Ga}_5\text{Br}_4$ forms silver colored plates stable in air and moisture.

Discussion

$\text{Ce}_{10}\text{Br}_4\text{Ga}_5$ is isostructural to $\text{La}_{10}\text{Cl}_4\text{Ga}_5$, $\text{La}_{10}\text{Br}_4\text{Ga}_5$ [1], $\text{Ce}_{10}\text{Cl}_4\text{Ga}_5$ [2] and $\text{La}_{10}\text{Br}_4\text{Al}_5$ [3]. It crystallizes in a layered structure consisting of Ce–Ga slabs separated by Br sheets. There are two types of layer topological arrangements which have frequent occurrence in intermetallic phases. The first is type 4^4 in the Schläfli notation, and the second one 3^2434 . The center of the slab contains the Ga2 atom in a square antiprismatic coordination to Ce2. This part of the structure is similar to a planar section of the CuAl_2 -type structure [4]. Ce2 and Ce1 form cube-shaped as well as trigonal prismatic cavities. The cubic cavity is occupied by Ce3 at the center, and the trigonal prismatic one by Ga1. This substructure corresponds to a two-dimensional section of the intermetallic structure type U_3Si_2 [5]. The Ga1 atoms are interlinked to form dimers with a distance $d(\text{Ga1}—\text{Ga1}') = 2.783$ Å. The compound exhibits metallic conductivity.

Table 1. Data collection and handling.

Crystal:	silver plate, size $0.03 \times 0.10 \times 0.14$ mm
Wavelength:	Mo K_{α} radiation (0.71073 Å)
μ :	349.69 cm^{-1}
Diffractometer, scan mode:	Bruker SMART CCD, ω/ϕ
$2\theta_{\text{max}}$:	49.98°
$N(hkl)_{\text{measured}}$, $N(hkl)_{\text{unique}}$:	6397, 508
Criterion for I_{obs} , $N(hkl)_{\text{gt}}$:	$I_{\text{obs}} > 2\sigma(I_{\text{obs}})$, 507
$N(\text{param})_{\text{refined}}$:	32
Programs:	SIR97 [6], SHELXTL [7]

Table 2. Atomic coordinates and displacement parameters (in Å²).

Atom	Site	x	y	z	U_{11}	U_{22}	U_{33}	U_{12}	U_{13}	U_{23}
Ce(1)	16l	0.6712(1)	$x+\frac{1}{2}$	0.42636(4)	0.0137(5)	U_{11}	0.0206(8)	0.0010(5)	−0.0018(4)	−0.0018(4)
Ce(2)	16l	0.6670(1)	$x+\frac{1}{2}$	0.29569(4)	0.0167(6)	U_{11}	0.0214(8)	0.0006(5)	0.0002(4)	0.0002(4)
Ce(3)	8f	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0.34674(6)	0.0199(7)	U_{11}	0.0189(9)	0	0	0
Ga(1)	16l	0.3784(2)	$-x+\frac{1}{2}$	0.36411(8)	0.0136(8)	U_{11}	0.019(1)	0.001(1)	−0.0008(7)	0.0008(7)
Ga(2)	4a	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	0.013(2)	U_{11}	0.023(3)	0	0	0
Br(1)	8f	0	0	0.9437(1)	0.016(1)	U_{11}	0.020(2)	0	0	0
Br(2)	8h	0.8565(3)	$x+\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0.022(1)	U_{11}	0.024(2)	−0.003(2)	0	0

* Correspondence author (e-mail: zheng@cz.chem.niu.edu)

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