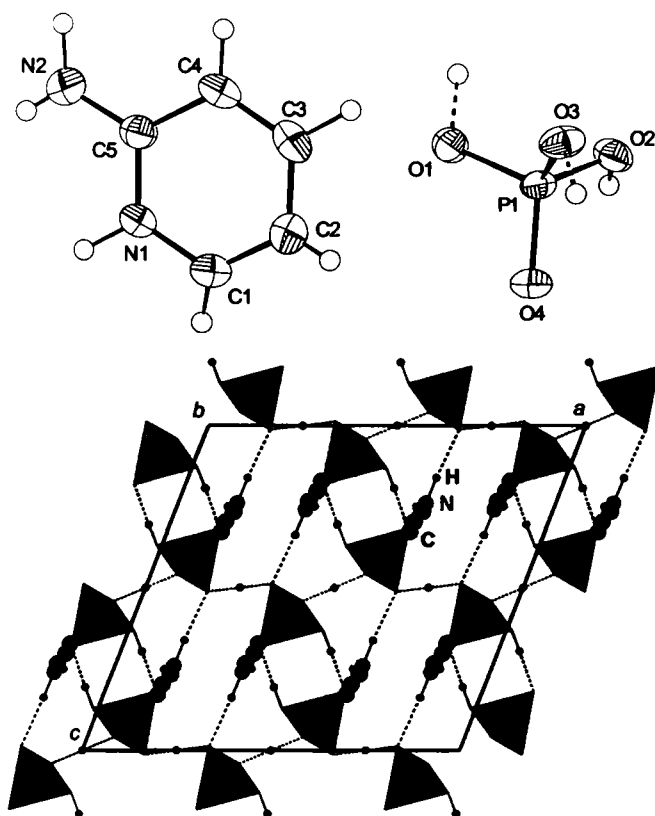


Crystal structure of *o*-aminopyridinium dihydrogenmonophosphate, $(\text{NH}_2\text{C}_5\text{H}_4\text{NH})[\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4]$

H. Dhaouadi*, H. Marouani and M. Rzaigui

Faculté des Sciences de Bizerte, Laboratoire de Chimie des Matériaux, 7021 Zarzouna Bizerte, Tunisia

Received June 24, 2005, accepted and available on-line August 8, 2005; CCDC no. 1267/1580



Abstract

$\text{C}_5\text{H}_9\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{P}$, monoclinic, $C12/c1$ (no. 15), $a = 13.462(4)$ Å, $b = 10.209(3)$ Å, $c = 12.582(4)$ Å, $\beta = 110.96(3)^\circ$, $V = 1614.8$ Å³, $Z = 8$, $R_{\text{gt}}(F) = 0.036$, $wR_{\text{ref}}(F) = 0.046$, $T = 296$ K.

Source of material

The hybrid compound was prepared by adding orthophosphoric acid to water, followed by the addition of 2-aminopyridine. The mixture was heated and stirred for two hours to attain homogeneity. The resulting solution was slowly evaporated at room temperature for several days, led to colorless single crystals, stable for long time under normal conditions of temperature and moisture.

Discussion

The asymmetric unit of the structure of $(2\text{-NH}_2\text{C}_5\text{H}_4\text{NH})\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4$ consists of one phosphate anion and one organic cation (figure, top). The unit cell projection along the b axis (figure bottom) shows that the H_2PO_4 tetrahedra are connected by hydrogen bonds of $\text{O-H}\cdots\text{O}$ type, forming centrosymmetric units of the

formula $[\text{H}_4\text{P}_2\text{O}_8]^{2-}$. The two hydrogen atoms $\text{H}(\text{O}1)$ and $\text{H}(\text{O}3)$ are located in the special positions $\frac{1}{2}, 0, 0$ and $\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, 0$ with half occupation. This has permitted to every unit to connect four of its neighbors through strong symmetrical hydrogen bonds of the $\text{O-H}\cdots\text{O}$ type ($\text{O}1\cdots\text{O}1' = 2.470(2)$ Å and $\text{O}3\cdots\text{O}3' = 2.466(2)$ Å), thus giving three-dimensional anionic network. Similar strong symmetrical hydrogen bonds are found in crystal structures of other phosphates, such as $\text{CsMnHP}_3\text{O}_{10}$ [1], $\text{RbMnHP}_3\text{O}_{10}$ [2] and $[\text{OC}_4\text{H}_8\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}_3\text{PO}_4]$ [3]. The pyridine ring of the organic cation is planar, with a mean plane deviation of $0.0045(1)$ Å. The $\text{C}5\text{—N}2$ bond length of $1.323(2)$ Å is approximately equal to C=N double bond length, indicating that $\text{N}2$ atom of the amino group must be sp^2 hybridized. This is also supported by the $\text{C}5\text{—N}2\text{—H}6$ angle of 119.6° , and by the fact that atoms $\text{C}5$, $\text{N}2$, $\text{H}5$ and $\text{H}6$ lie almost in the pyridine plane. Main bond lengths and angles of these entities are as expected. The *o*-aminopyridinium cations are anchored onto the anionic three-dimensional network with similar direction, by forming hydrogen bonds with the oxygen atoms with $\text{N-H}\cdots\text{O}$ distances in the range $2.739(2)$ Å – $2.979(2)$ Å. These hydrogen bonds contribute to the stability of the network of the crystal structure. This latter is additionally stabilized by $\pi\text{—}\pi$ interactions considered as weak intermolecular interactions, between organic molecules stacked in opposition to each other along the a axis ($d = 3.51$ Å).

Table 1. Data collection and handling.

Crystal:	colorless prism, size $0.40 \times 0.50 \times 1.10$ mm
Wavelength:	Ag $K\alpha$ radiation (0.5608 Å)
μ :	1.71 cm^{-1}
Diffractometer, scan mode:	Enraf-Nonius Mach3, $\omega/2\theta$
$2\theta_{\text{max}}$:	50°
$N(hkl)_{\text{measured}}$, $N(hkl)_{\text{unique}}$:	3151, 3036
Criterion for I_{obs} , $N(hkl)_{\text{gt}}$:	$I_{\text{obs}} > 3 \sigma(I_{\text{obs}})$, 2066
$N(\text{param})_{\text{refined}}$:	109
Programs:	SIR92 [4], teXsan [5]

Table 2. Atomic coordinates and displacement parameters (in Å²).

Atom	Site	x	y	z	U_{iso}
H(1)	4b	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	0.028
H(2)	8f	0.4436	0.1756	−0.1945	0.028
H(3)	4d	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	0	0.028
H(4)	8f	0.9008	−0.3412	0.0925	0.028
H(5)	8f	0.8649	−0.4045	0.2494	0.028
H(6)	8f	0.8421	−0.3327	0.3381	0.028
H(7)	8f	0.8245	−0.0954	0.2985	0.049
H(8)	8f	0.8894	−0.1867	−0.0208	0.028
H(9)	8f	0.8533	0.0873	0.2001	0.028
H(10)	8f	0.8946	0.0289	0.0435	0.028

* Correspondence author (e-mail: dhaouadihassouna@yahoo.fr)

Table 3. Atomic coordinates and displacement parameters (in Å²).

Atom	Site	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>U</i> ₁₁	<i>U</i> ₂₂	<i>U</i> ₃₃	<i>U</i> ₁₂	<i>U</i> ₁₃	<i>U</i> ₂₃
P(1)	8 <i>f</i>	0.59372(2)	0.12968(3)	−0.08668(2)	0.0296(1)	0.0277(1)	0.0225(1)	−0.0054(1)	0.01291(9)	−0.0028(1)
O(1)	8 <i>f</i>	0.57060(7)	−0.00246(8)	−0.04119(8)	0.0468(5)	0.0252(4)	0.0485(5)	−0.0047(3)	0.0311(4)	−0.0011(3)
O(2)	8 <i>f</i>	0.48690(7)	0.20950(9)	−0.12942(7)	0.0396(4)	0.0387(4)	0.0300(4)	0.0049(3)	0.0150(3)	−0.0063(3)
O(3)	8 <i>f</i>	0.66830(7)	0.21009(9)	0.01220(7)	0.0427(5)	0.0424(5)	0.0258(4)	−0.0157(4)	0.0146(3)	−0.0091(3)
O(4)	8 <i>f</i>	0.63563(6)	0.10749(9)	−0.18107(7)	0.0329(4)	0.0418(4)	0.0253(4)	−0.0005(3)	0.0147(3)	−0.0033(3)
N(1)	8 <i>f</i>	0.87961(8)	−0.2587(1)	0.10794(9)	0.0399(5)	0.0320(5)	0.0322(5)	0.0048(4)	0.0175(4)	−0.0027(4)
N(2)	8 <i>f</i>	0.8435(1)	−0.3448(1)	0.2601(1)	0.0629(8)	0.0389(6)	0.0396(6)	0.0029(5)	0.0262(6)	0.0028(4)
C(1)	8 <i>f</i>	0.8915(1)	−0.1571(1)	0.0437(1)	0.0529(7)	0.0427(7)	0.0357(6)	0.0077(6)	0.0248(6)	0.0014(5)
C(2)	8 <i>f</i>	0.8807(1)	−0.0321(1)	0.0727(1)	0.0667(9)	0.0363(6)	0.0556(9)	0.0074(6)	0.0357(8)	0.0090(6)
C(3)	8 <i>f</i>	0.8567(1)	−0.0094(1)	0.1712(1)	0.0587(8)	0.0337(6)	0.0558(8)	0.0097(6)	0.0289(7)	−0.0042(6)
C(4)	8 <i>f</i>	0.8428(1)	−0.1112(1)	0.2340(1)	0.0469(7)	0.0407(7)	0.0393(6)	0.0056(5)	0.0233(5)	−0.0073(5)
C(5)	8 <i>f</i>	0.8551(1)	−0.2417(1)	0.2020(1)	0.0319(5)	0.0354(5)	0.0285(5)	0.0033(4)	0.0118(4)	−0.0014(4)

Acknowledgment. We would like to thank the Secretary of State for Scientific Research and Technology of Tunisia for financial support.

References

1. Wright, A. J.; Attfield, J. P.: Magnetic Structure and Properties of CsMnHP₃O₁₀. *J. Solid State Chem.* **141** (1998) 160–163.
2. Wright, A. J.; Attfield, J. P.: Structural, Magnetic, and Ion-Exchange Properties of RbMnHP₃O₁₀. *Inorg. Chem.* **37** (1998) 3858–3861.
3. Dega-Szafrana, Z.; Gzellab, A.; Kosturkiewicz, Z.; Szafrana, M.; Antkowiaka, A.: Crystal structure and spectroscopic properties of N-methylmorpholine betaine phosphate. *J. Mol. Struct.* **555** (2000) 67–74.
4. Altomare, A.; Cascarano, G.; Giacovazzo, C.; Guagliardi, A.: Completion and refinement of crystal structures with SIR92. *J. Appl. Crystallogr.* **26** (1993) 343–350.
5. MSC: teXsan. Single Crystal Structure Analysis Software. Version 1.03. Molecular Structure Corporation (MSC). The Woodlands, Texas, USA 1997.