

# Crystal structure of cesium lead tetrathiophosphate, CsPbPS<sub>4</sub>

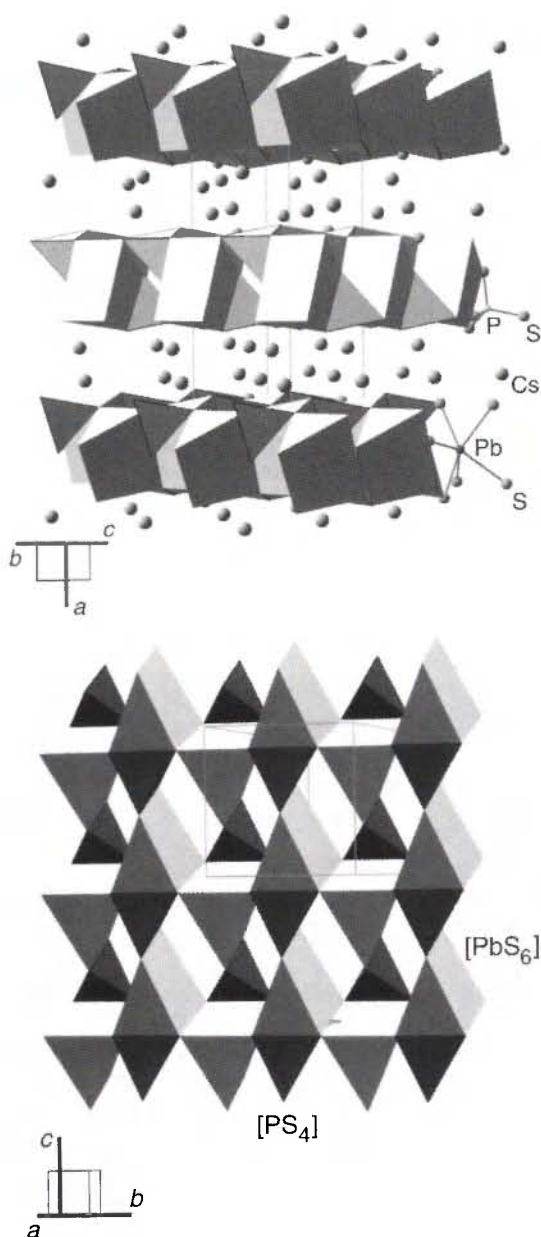
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## Abstract

CsPbPS<sub>4</sub>, orthorhombic, *Pnma* (no. 62), *a* = 18.185(1) Å, *b* = 6.8085(5) Å, *c* = 6.3518(5) Å, *V* = 786.4 Å<sup>3</sup>, *Z* = 4, *R*<sub>gt</sub>(*F*) = 0.039, *wR*<sub>ref</sub>(*F*<sup>2</sup>) = 0.101, *T* = 293 K.

## Source of material

Cs<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub> was prepared from a stoichiometric mixture of the elements (Cs – 99.5%, Strem; S – 99.99%, Heraeus) in liquid ammonia under argon atmosphere. CsPbPS<sub>4</sub> was prepared by the reaction of Cs<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub>, Pb (99.9%, Aldrich), P<sub>2</sub>S<sub>5</sub> (99.99%, Alfa), and S in an 1:1:1:6 molar ratio. The reaction mixture was thoroughly combined in a nitrogen-filled glove-box and loaded into a glass tube (Duran), which was evacuated ( $1 \times 10^{-3}$  mbar) and flame sealed. The ampoule was placed in a computer-controlled furnace and heated to 773 K, then kept at this temperature for 6 days, and afterwards cooled to 373 K at the rate of 2 K/h, then turned off the furnace. To remove unreacted Cs<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>S<sub>5</sub> the solidified melt was washed with dimethylformamide and acetone. The product consisted of transparent yellow crystals which are stable in air and moisture. A semiquantitative EDX analysis indicated the presence of all four elements (Cs, Pb, P and S) in an approximate atomic ratio of 1:1:1:4.

## Discussion

In the course of our ongoing work on alkali metal thiophosphates we have prepared CsPbPS<sub>4</sub>. The title compound has a structure similar to that of the previously reported KPbPS<sub>4</sub> [1] and is closely related to those of the other alkali metal ortho-chalcophosphates studied to date, namely KEuPS<sub>4</sub> [2], KEuPSe<sub>4</sub> [3,4], and CsPbPSe<sub>4</sub> [5].

The structure of CsPbPS<sub>4</sub> consists of two-dimensional [PbPS<sub>4</sub>]<sub>n</sub><sup>−</sup> layers perpendicular to [100]. These layers are separated by Cs<sup>+</sup> cations (figure, top). Similar to KPbPS<sub>4</sub>, each layer is made up of trigonal [PbS<sub>6</sub>] prisms and tetrahedral [PS<sub>4</sub>] groups (figure, bottom). Pb is surrounded by six S atoms in an irregular trigonal prismatic arrangement. Two adjacent prisms share an edge of rectangular faces to form a one-dimensional [PbS<sub>6</sub>] chain. The apical edges of the prisms of these chains point alternately up and down along [010]. These parallel zigzag chains are joined by [PS<sub>4</sub>] tetrahedra along [001] by sharing edges with the rectangles of the trigonal prisms to form two-dimensional [PbPS<sub>4</sub>]<sub>n</sub><sup>−</sup> layers. In this way, each [PbS<sub>6</sub>] trigonal prism is connected to four [PS<sub>4</sub>] tetrahedra. With two of the tetrahedra it shares a common edge while with two others it is only corner-linked (figure, bottom). The Pb—S distances found in CsPbPS<sub>4</sub> range from 2.910(3) Å to 3.208(2) Å and compare very well with those reported for KPbPS<sub>4</sub> [1]. The [PbPS<sub>4</sub>]<sub>n</sub><sup>−</sup> layers are separated by Cs<sup>+</sup> ions which have an irregular sevenfold coordination and the Cs—S distances range from 3.469(3) Å to 4.012(3) Å. This environment of Cs atom has already been observed in CsPbPSe<sub>4</sub> [5]. The size of the alkali metal cation is small compared with the distance between adjacent [PbPS<sub>4</sub>]<sub>n</sub><sup>−</sup> layers. This is probably the reason for the large and strongly anisotropic displacement parameters. The average P—S distance within the PS<sub>4</sub> unit (2.045(3) Å) is in good agreement with the P—S distances found in related phases.

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**Table 1.** Data collection and handling.

Crystal:	transparent yellow prism, size 0.07 × 0.10 × 0.12 mm
Wavelength:	Mo K $\alpha$ radiation (0.71073 Å)
$\mu$ :	271.69 cm <sup>-1</sup>
Diffractometer, scan mode:	Stoe IPDS I, $\varphi$
$2\theta_{\max}$ :	60.7°
$N(hkl)_{\text{measured}}$ , $N(hkl)_{\text{unique}}$ :	7958, 1230
Criterion for $I_{\text{obs}}$ , $N(hkl)_{\text{gt}}$ :	$I_{\text{obs}} > 2 \sigma(I_{\text{obs}})$ , 1035
$N(\text{param})_{\text{refined}}$ :	41
Programs:	SHELXS-97 [6], SHELXL-97 [7]

**Table 2.** Atomic coordinates and displacement parameters (in Å<sup>2</sup>).

Atom	Site	x	y	z	$U_{11}$	$U_{22}$	$U_{33}$	$U_{12}$	$U_{13}$	$U_{23}$
Pb	4c	0.01524(3)	¼	0.70901(7)	0.0218(3)	0.0659(4)	0.0260(3)	0	0.0001(2)	0
P	4c	0.0955(1)	¼	0.2180(4)	0.013(1)	0.020(1)	0.023(1)	0	0.0015(8)	0
S(1)	4c	0.1539(1)	¼	0.9462(4)	0.015(1)	0.029(1)	0.028(1)	0	0.0055(8)	0
S(2)	4c	0.9840(2)	¼	0.1584(5)	0.011(1)	0.074(2)	0.029(1)	0	0.0023(9)	0
S(3)	8d	0.1184(1)	0.0058(3)	0.3940(3)	0.030(1)	0.0208(8)	0.0329(9)	-0.0018(6)	-0.0022(7)	0.0053(7)
Cs	4c	0.29577(4)	¼	0.4300(2)	0.0210(4)	0.0299(4)	0.0869(7)	0	-0.0138(4)	0

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