## SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

Ultra-high performance liquid chromatography - high resolution mass spectrometry profiling and hepatoprotective activity of purified saponin and flavonoid fractions from the aerial parts of wild spinach (*Chenopodium bonus-henricus* L.)

Zlatina Kokanova-Nedialkova<sup>1\*</sup>, Paraskev Nedialkov<sup>1\*</sup>, Magdalena Kondeva-Burdina<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Pharmacognosy, Faculty of Pharmacy, Medical University of Sofia,

2 Dunav Str., 1000 Sofia, Bulgaria

<sup>2</sup>Laboratory of drug metabolism and drug toxicity, Department of Pharmacology, Pharmacotherapy and Toxicology, Faculty of Pharmacy, Medical University of Sofia, 2 Dunav Str., 1000 Sofia, Bulgaria

\*Corresponding authors: Zlatina Kokanova-Nedialkova, Paraskev Nedialkov,
Department of Pharmacognosy, Faculty of Pharmacy, Medical University of Sofia, 2 Dunav
Str., 1000 Sofia, Bulgaria

E-mails: zlatina.kokanova@pharmfac.mu-sofia.bg, pnedialkov@pharmfac.mu-sofia.bg.

Abstract: A ultra-high performance liquid chromatography - high resolution mass spectrometry profiling method was used for a comprehensive study of flavonoid and saponinrich fractions from the aerial parts of wild spinach (Chenopodium bonus-henricus L.). Thirtysix compounds, respectively 22 saponins of eight sapogenins (phytolaccagenin, bayogenin, medicagenic acid,  $2\beta$ -hydroxygypsogenin,  $2\beta$ -hydroxyoleanoic acid, 2-hydroxy-30-norgypsogenin, 2-hydroxyakebonic acid, and akebonic acid) together with 12 flavonoid glycosides of 6-methoxykaempferol, isorhamnetin, patuletin, spinacetin as well as two ecdysteroids (20-hydroxyecdysone and polypodine B) were detected. The occurrence of sapogenins 2-hydroxy-30-nor-gypsogenin, 2-hydroxyakebonic acid, and akebonic acid in the Chenopodium genus is reported here for the first time. The flavonoid and saponin-rich fractions showed in vitro hepatoprotective and antioxidant activity comparable to those of flavonoid complex silymarin (60 µg/mL) in a model of metabolic bioactivation, induced by CCl<sub>4</sub>. All tested fractions, compared to silymarin, significantly reduced the cellular damage caused by CCl<sub>4</sub> in rat hepatocytes, preserved cell viability and GSH level, decreased LDH leakage, and reduced lipid damage. The results showed that saponin-rich fractions F3A and F3B possessed better hepatoprotective activity than flavonoid-rich fractions (F2A and F2B). The most active was fraction F3B and this is probably due to the synergism between the saponins and some acylated flavonol glycosides found there.

**Keywords:** Chenopodium bonus-henricus, Amaranthaceae, UHPLC-HRMS, hepatoprotective activity

## **Table of Contents**

<b>Table S1:</b> Characterization of flavonoids of the aerial parts of <i>C. bonus-henricus</i> L. in the negative ion mode	6
<b>Table S2:</b> Effects of co-administration of fractions F2A, F2B, F3A, F3B and silymarin complex (S)(60 μg/mL) with CCl <sub>4</sub> on the parameters, which characterized functional-metabolic status of isolated rat hepatocytes	7
<b>Figure S1:</b> UHPLC-HRMS based profiling of MeOH extract from the aerial parts of <i>C. bonus-henricus</i> L. in the positive ion mode and detected flavonoids and ecdysteroids	8
<b>Figure S2:</b> UHPLC-HRMS based profiling of MeOH extract from the aerial parts of <i>C. bonus-henricus</i> L. in the negative ion mode and detected saponins	9
Figure S3: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 1	10
Figure S4: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 2	10
Figure S5: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 3	11
<b>Figure S6</b> : Pseudo MS <sup>3</sup> spectrum of precursor at <i>m/z</i> 317.0656 due to aglycone of compound <b>3</b>	12
Figure S7: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 4	13
Figure S8: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 5	13
Figure S9: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 6	14
Figure S10: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 7	14
<b>Figure S11:</b> Pseudo MS <sup>3</sup> spectrum of precursor at <i>m/z</i> 317.0656 due to aglycone of compound 7	15
Figure S12: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 8	16
Figure S13: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 9	17
Figure S14: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 10	18
Figure S15: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 11	18
Figure S16: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 12	19
<b>Figure S17:</b> Pseudo MS <sup>3</sup> spectrum of precursor at <i>m/z</i> 317.0656 due to aglycone of compound <b>12</b>	20

<b>Figure S18:</b> MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound <b>13</b>	21
Figure S19: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 14	21
<b>Figure S20:</b> MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum (NCE=10) of Compound <b>15</b>	22
Figure S21: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum (NCE=25) of Compound 15	22
Figure S22: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum (NCE=10) of Compound 16	23
Figure S23: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum (NCE=25) of Compound 16	23
Figure S24: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum (NCE=10) of Compound 17	24
Figure S25: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum (NCE=25) of Compound 17	24
<b>Figure S26:</b> MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound <b>18</b>	25
Figure S27: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 19	25
Figure S28: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 20	26
Figure S29: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum (NCE=10) of Compound 21	26
Figure S30: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum (NCE=35) of Compound 21	27
Figure S31: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 22	27
<b>Figure S32:</b> MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound <b>23</b>	28
<b>Figure S33:</b> MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound <b>24</b>	28
<b>Figure S34:</b> MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound <b>25</b>	29
Figure S35: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 26	29
<b>Figure S36:</b> MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound <b>27</b>	30
<b>Figure S37:</b> MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound <b>28</b>	30
<b>Figure S38:</b> MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound <b>29</b>	31
Figure S39: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 30	31
Figure S40: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 31	32
Figure S41: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 32	32
<b>Figure S42:</b> MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound <b>33</b>	33
Figure S43: MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 34	33

<b>Figure S44:</b> MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound <b>35</b>	34
<b>Figure S45:</b> MS <sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound <b>36</b>	34
<b>Figure S46:</b> Base peak chromatograms in negative mode of A). the MeOH extract of aerial parts from <i>C. bonus-henricus</i> and B). the mixture of reference compounds. The numbering is according to the Table 1	35
<b>Figure S47:</b> TIC chromatograms in positive mode of A). the MeOH extract of aerial parts from <i>C. bonus-henricus</i> and B). the mixture of reference compounds. The numbering is according to the Table 1	36

**Table S1:** Characterization of flavonoids of the aerial parts of *C. bonus-henricus* L. in the negative ion mode.

No.	t <sub>R</sub> <sup>1</sup>	Frs <sup>2</sup>	Identification	Ion mode	Found		
	(min)				m/z	$(\delta \text{ ppm})$	
13	7.57	F2A	Patuletin-3-O- $[\beta$ -Api $(1\rightarrow 2)]$ - $\beta$ -Glu $(1\rightarrow 6)$ - $\beta$ -Glu	[M–H] <sup>-</sup>	787.1923	$C_{33}H_{39}O_{22}$	
		F2B				(-0.54)	
<b>2</b> <sup>3</sup>	8.49	F2A	Patuletin-3-O- $\beta$ -Glu(1 $\rightarrow$ 6)- $\beta$ -Glu	[M–H] <sup>–</sup>	655.1515	$C_{28}H_{31}O_{18}$	
		F2B				(1.53)	
		F3B					
3	8.83	F2A	Isorhamnetin-Hex-Hex-Pent	$[M-H]^{-}$	771.1984	$C_{33}H_{39}O_{21}$	
		F2B				(0.77)	
43	8.94	F2A	6-methoxykaempferol-3-O-[β-Api (1→2)]-β-Glu	[M–H] <sup>-</sup>	771.1980	$C_{33}H_{39}O_{21}$	
		F2B	(1→6)-β-Glu			(0.21)	
$5^3$	9.41	F2A	Spinacetin-3-O-[ $\beta$ -Api (1 $\rightarrow$ 2)]- $\beta$ -Glu (1 $\rightarrow$ 6)- $\beta$ -Glu	[M–H] <sup>-</sup>	801.2080	$C_{34}H_{41}O_{22}$	
		F2B				(-0.49)	
63	10.40	F2A	6-methoxykaempferol-3-O- $\beta$ -Glu(1 $\rightarrow$ 6)- $\beta$ -Glu	[M-H] <sup>-</sup>	639.1567	$C_{28}H_{31}O_{17}$	
		F2B				(1.73)	
		F3B					
7	10.50	F2A	Isorhamnetin-Hex-Hex	[M–H] <sup>-</sup>	639.1570	$C_{28}H_{31}O_{17}$	
		F2B				(2.20)	
$10^{3}$	11.09	F2A	Spinacetin-3-O- $\beta$ -Glu(1 $\rightarrow$ 6)- $\beta$ -Glu	[M–H] <sup>-</sup>	669.1671	$C_{29}H_{33}O_{18}$	
		F2B				(1.45)	
		F3B					
$11^3$	14.28	F2B	Patuletin-3-O-(5"'-O-E-FA)- $\beta$ -D-Api (1 $\rightarrow$ 2) [ $\beta$ -D-	[M–H] <sup>–</sup>	963.2390	$C_{43}H_{47}O_{25}$	
			Glu(1→6)]-β-D-Glu			(-1.19)	
12	15.74	F2B	Isorhamnetin-Hex-Hex-Pent-FA	[M–H] <sup>-</sup>	947.2468	$C_{43}H_{47}O_{24}$	
						(1.68)	
13 <sup>3</sup>	15.82	F2B	Spinacetin-3-O-(5"'-O- <i>E</i> -FA)- $\beta$ -D-Api (1 $\rightarrow$ 2)[ $\beta$ -D-	[M–H] <sup>-</sup>	977.2520	$C_{44}H_{49}O_{25}$	
		$F3A^4$	Glu (1→6)]-β-D-Glu			(-3.82)	
		F3B					
14 <sup>3</sup>	16.17	F2B	6-methoxykaempferol-3-O-(5"'-O-E-FA)-β-D-Api	[M–H] <sup>-</sup>	947.2451	$C_{43}H_{47}O_{24}$	
		F3B	$(1\rightarrow 2)[\beta\text{-D-Glu} (1\rightarrow 6)]$ - $\beta$ -D-Glu			(0.06)	

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$   $t_{R}$  - retention time of detected compounds in the MeOH extract.

Api, apiose; Glu, glucose; FA, ferulic acid; Pent, pentose; Hex, hexose.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Fraction containing the compound.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Flavonoids compared with a reference compound.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The compounds were in trace.

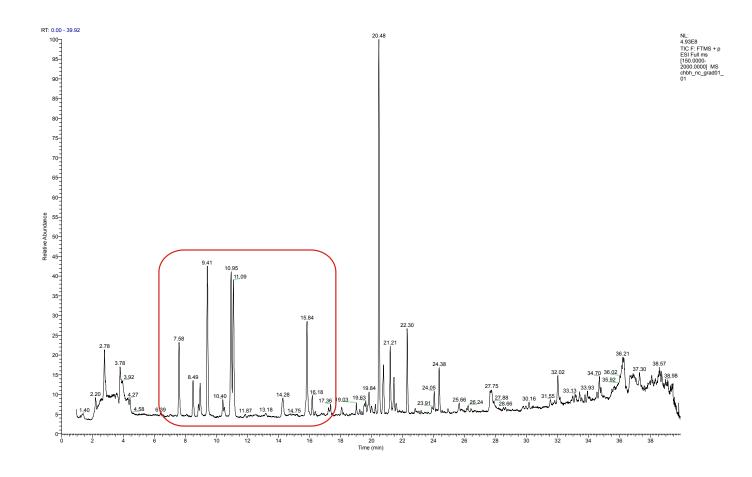
**Table S2:** Effects of co-administration of fractions F2A, F2B, F3A, F3B and silymarin complex (S)(60 μg/mL) with CCl<sub>4</sub> on the parameters, which characterized functional-metabolic status of isolated rat hepatocytes.

Group	Cell viability		LDH activity		GSH level		MDA level	
	(%)		(μmol/min/10 <sup>6</sup> cells) (nmol/10 <sup>6</sup> cells)		10 <sup>6</sup> cells)	(nmol/10 <sup>6</sup> cells)		
Control	$85 \pm 5.2$		$0.102 \pm 0.01$		$18 \pm 2.8$		$0.052 \pm 0.01$	
86 μM CCl <sub>4</sub>	$32 \pm 4.8^{a}$	↓62*	$0.423 \pm 0.02^{a}$	↑315*	$5 \pm 2.3^{a}$	↓72*	$0.253 \pm 0.01^{a}$	↑387*
F2A + CCl <sub>4</sub>	$55 \pm 6.2^{b}$	↑72 <b>*</b> *	$0.313 \pm 0.02^{b}$	↓26**	$10 \pm 3.2^{b}$	↑100**	$0.171 \pm 0.01^{b}$	↓32**
F2B + CCl <sub>4</sub>	$52 \pm 3.8^{b}$	↑63 <b>*</b> *	$0.328 \pm 0.01^{b}$	↓22**	$10 \pm 4.2^{b}$	↑100**	$0.178 \pm 0.02^{b}$	↓30**
F3A + CCl <sub>4</sub>	$58 \pm 3.9^{b}$	↑81 <b>**</b>	$0.318 \pm 0.01^{b}$	↓25**	$12 \pm 2.1^{b}$	↑140 <b>**</b>	$0.160 \pm 0.02^{b}$	↓37**
F3B + CCl <sub>4</sub>	$66 \pm 4.2^{b}$	↑106 <b>**</b>	$0.231 \pm 0.01^{b}$	↓45**	$15 \pm 5.2^{b}$	↑200**	$0.124 \pm 0.01^{b}$	↓51**
S + CCl <sub>4</sub>	$66 \pm 3.1^{b}$	↑106**	$0.225 \pm 0.01^{b}$	↓47**	$15 \pm 4.1^{\rm b}$	↑200**	$0.121 \pm 0.01^{b}$	↓52**

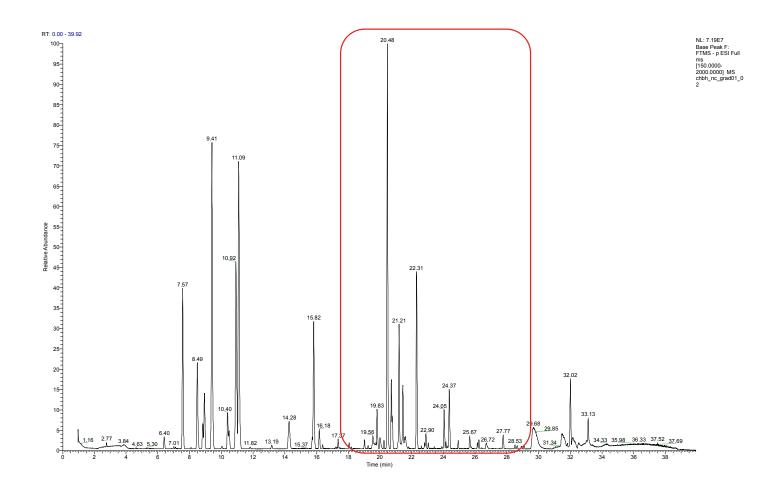
Significance levels:  ${}^ap < 0.001$  vs. control;  ${}^bp < 0.001$  vs. CCl<sub>4</sub>.

<sup>\*</sup> Effect vs control (%)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Effect vs CCl<sub>4</sub> (%)



**Figure S1:** UHPLC-HRMS based profiling of MeOH extract from the aerial parts of *C. bonus-henricus* L. in the positive ion mode and detected flavonoids and ecdysteroids



**Figure S2:** UHPLC-HRMS based profiling of MeOH extract from the aerial parts of *C. bonus-henricus* L. in the negative ion mode and detected saponin

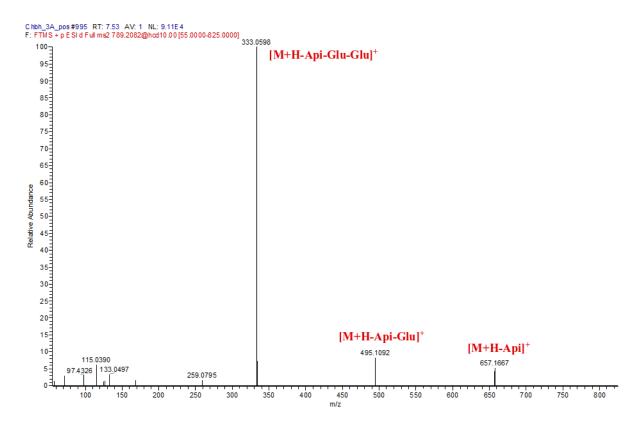


Figure S3: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 1

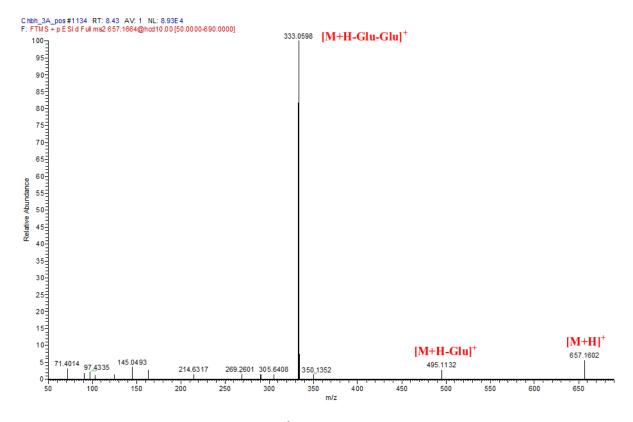


Figure S4: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 2

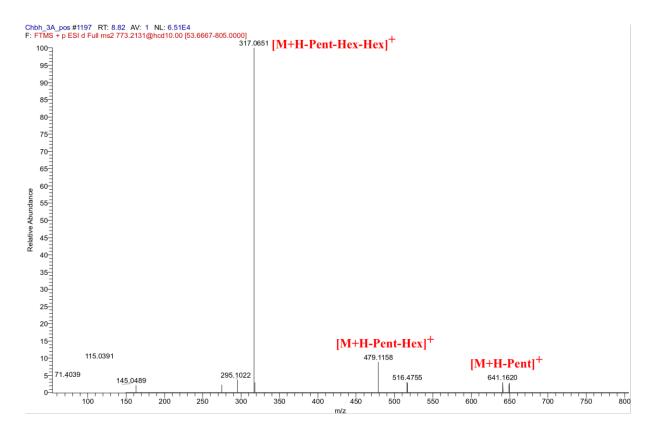


Figure S5: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 3

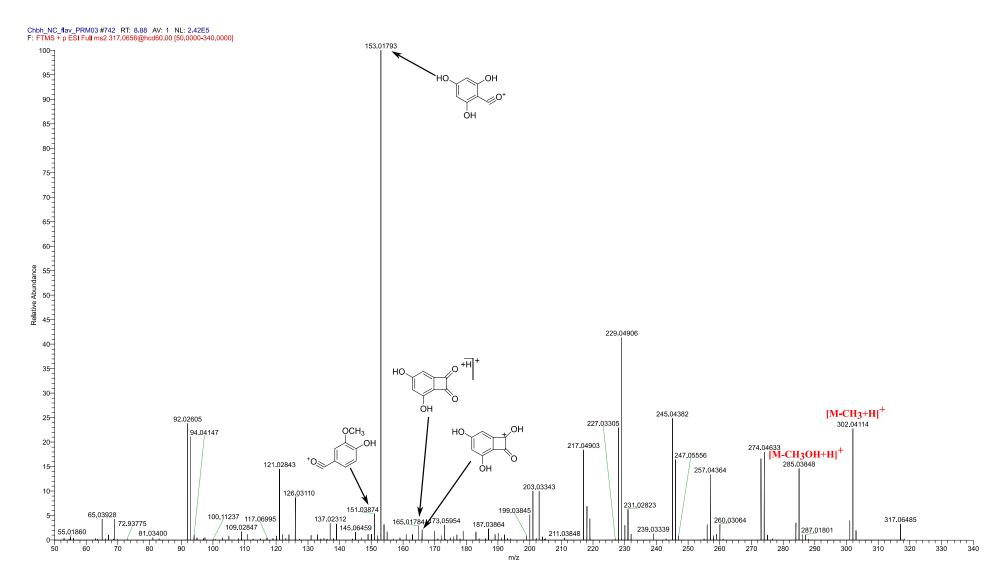


Figure S6: Pseudo MS<sup>3</sup> spectrum of precursor at m/z 317.0656 due to aglycone of compound 3

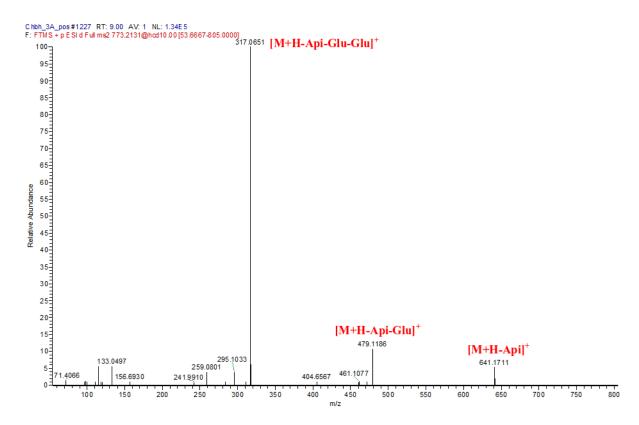


Figure S7: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 4

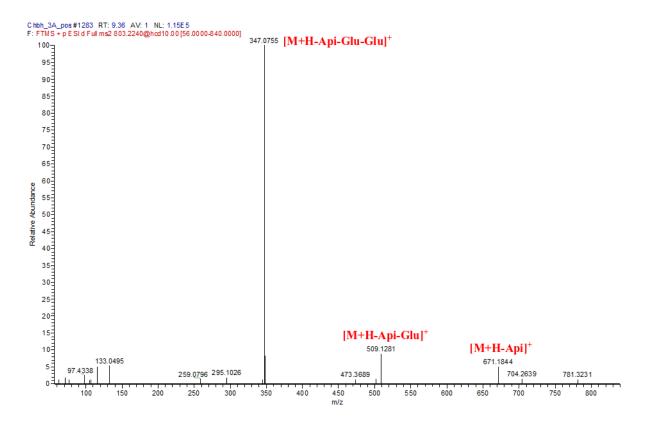


Figure S8: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 5

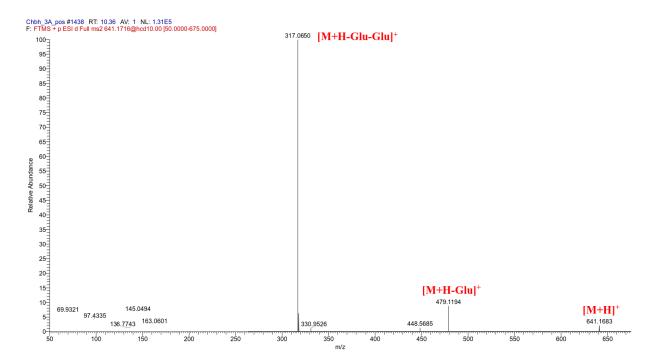


Figure S9: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 6

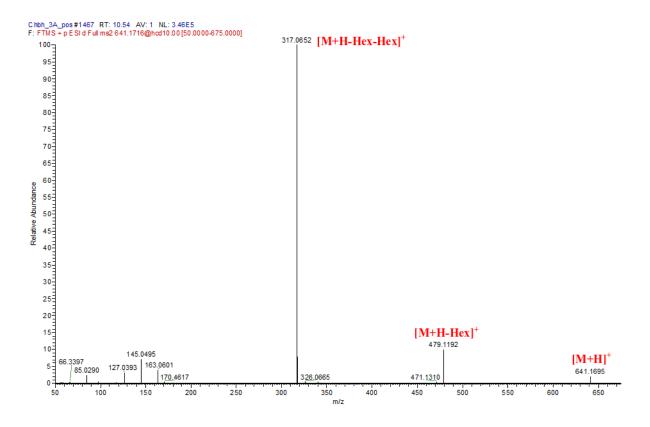


Figure S10: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 7

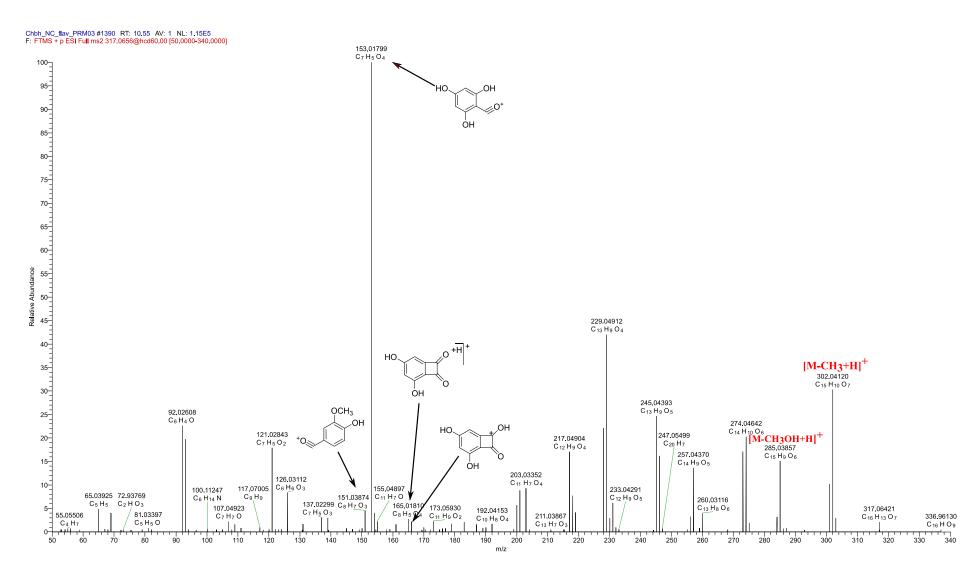


Figure S11: Pseudo MS<sup>3</sup> spectrum of precursor at m/z 317.0656 due to aglycone of compound 7

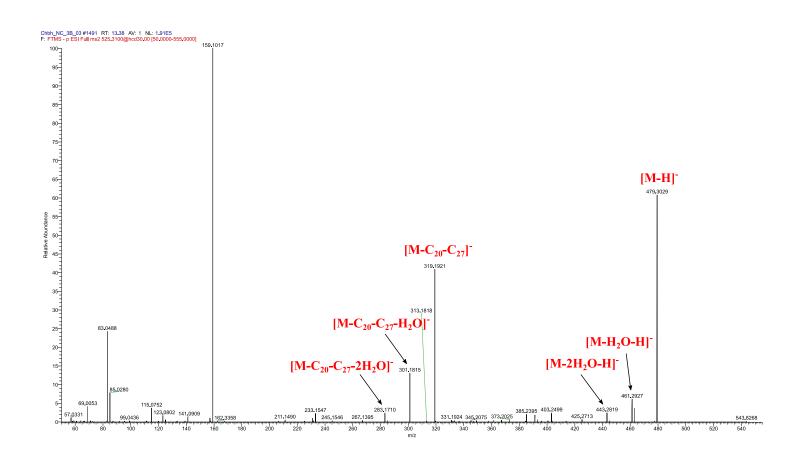


Figure S12: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 8

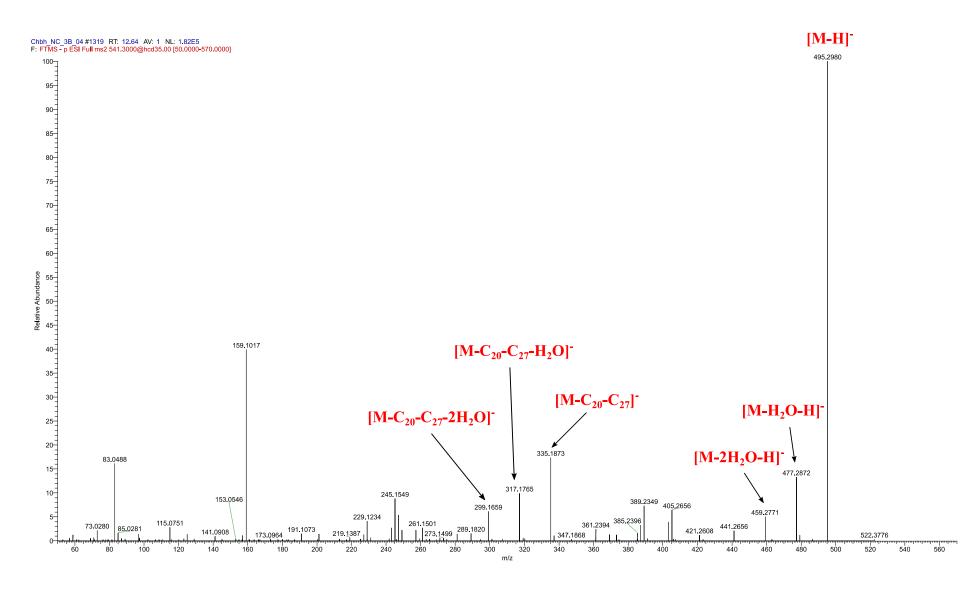


Figure S13: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 9

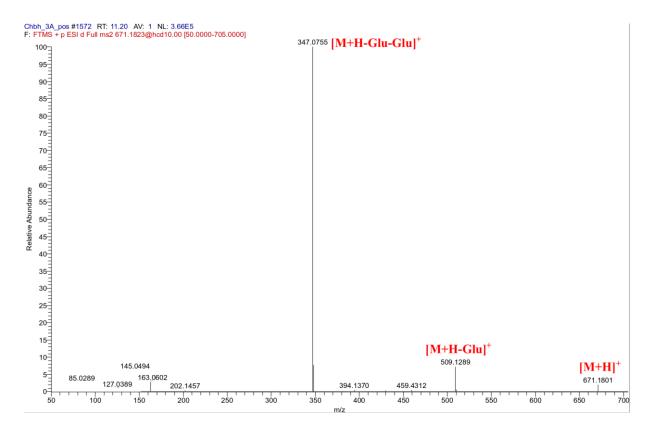


Figure S14: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 10

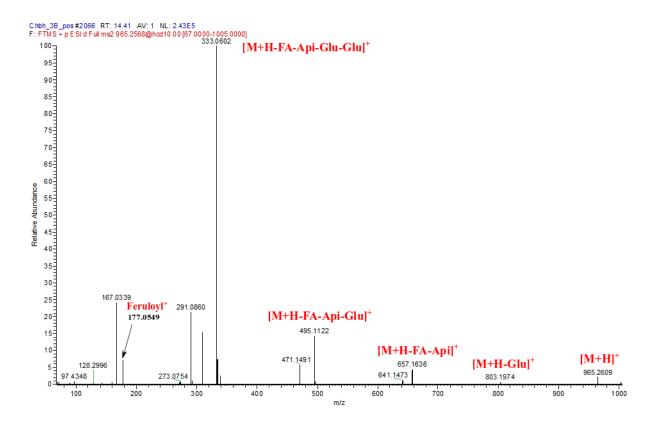


Figure S15: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 11

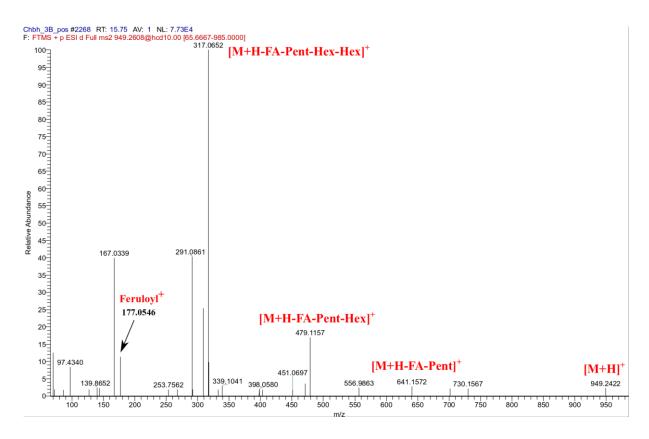


Figure S16: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 12

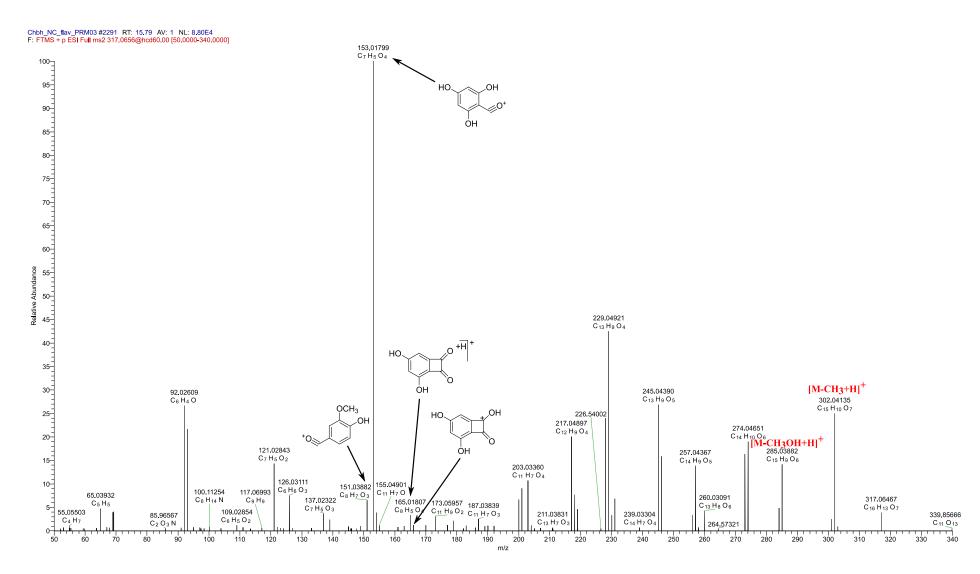


Figure S17: Pseudo MS<sup>3</sup> spectrum of precursor at m/z 317.0656 due to aglycone of compound 12

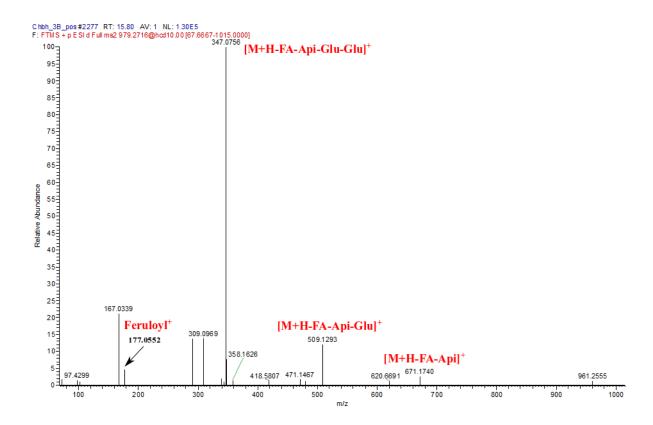


Figure S18: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 13

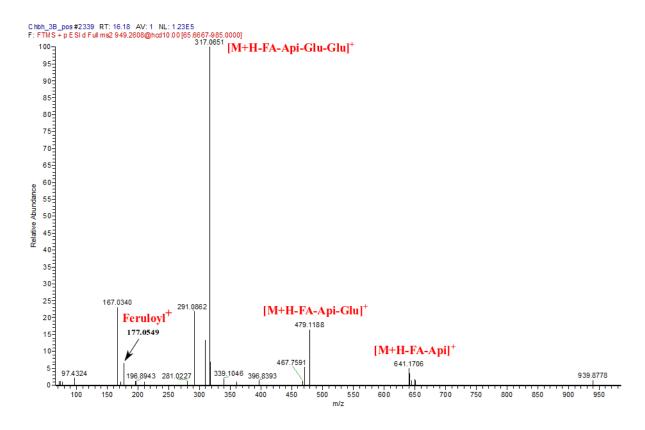


Figure S19: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 14

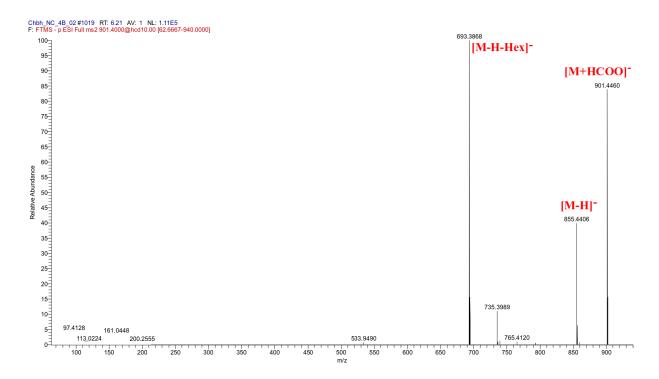


Figure S20: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum (NCE=10) of Compound 15

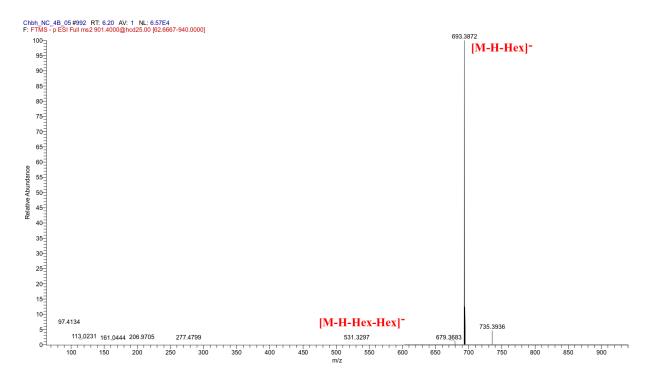


Figure S21: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum (NCE=25) of Compound 15

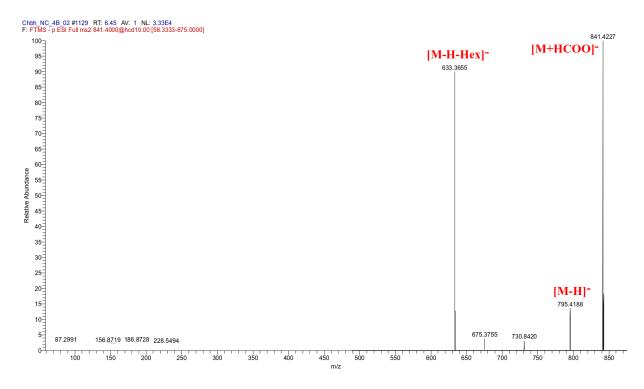


Figure S22: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum (NCE=10) of Compound 16

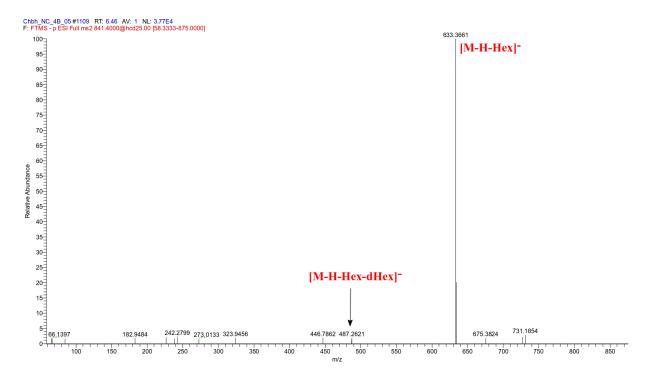


Figure S23: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum (NCE=25) of Compound 16

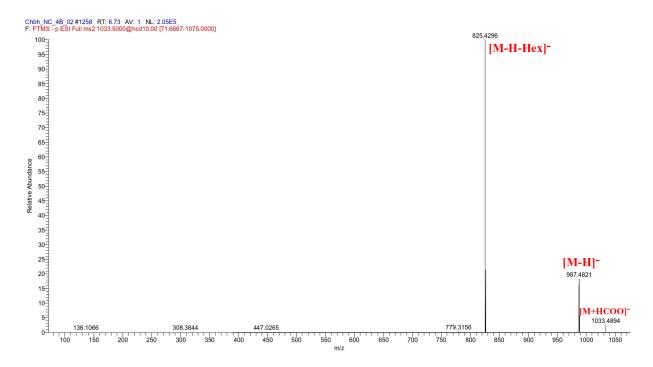


Figure S24: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum (NCE=10) of Compound 17

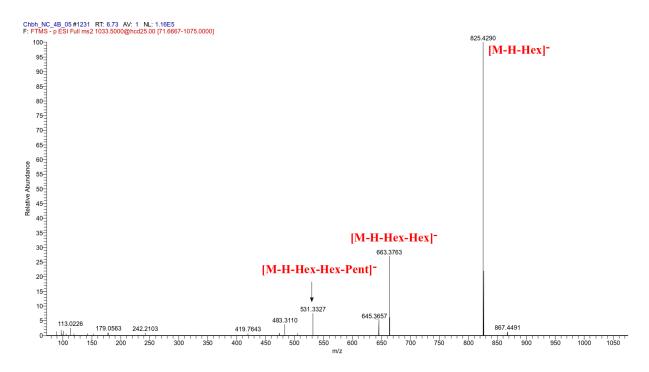


Figure S25: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum (NCE=25) of Compound 17

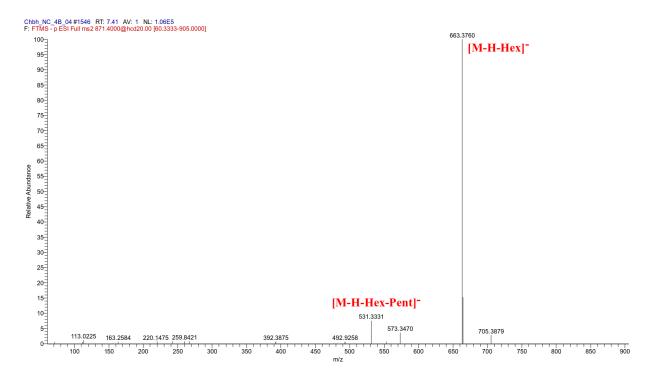


Figure S26: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 18

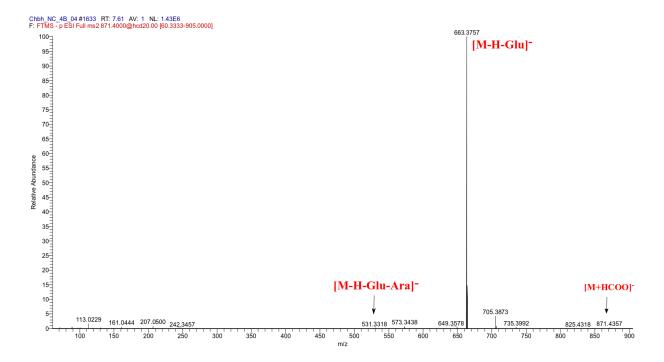


Figure S27: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 19

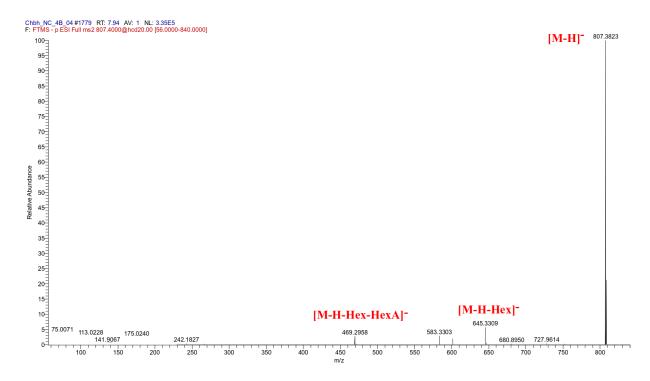


Figure S28: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 20

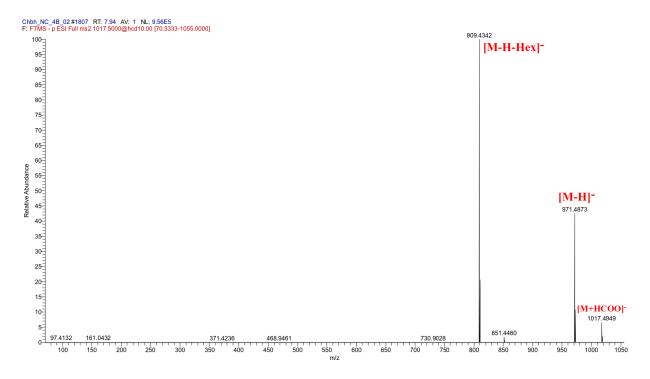


Figure S29: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum (NCE=10) of Compound 21

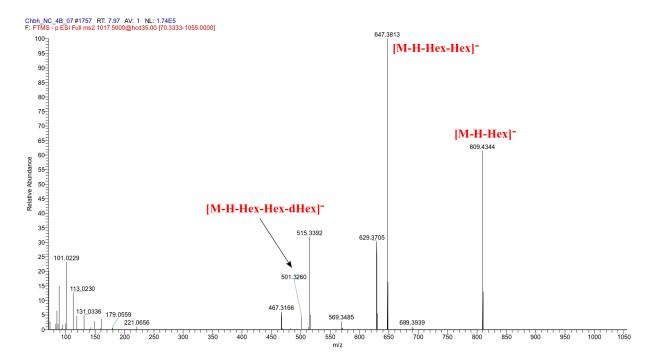


Figure S30: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum (NCE=35) of Compound 21

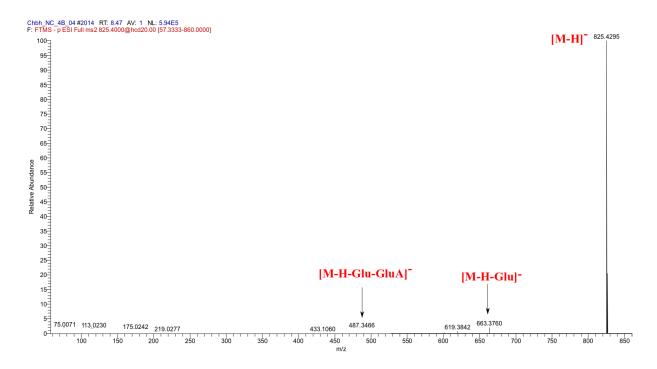


Figure S31: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 22

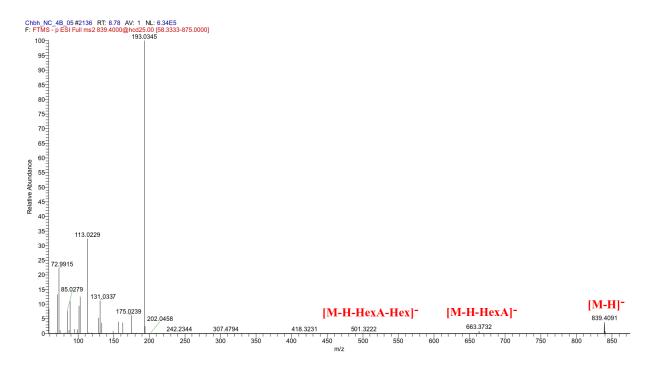


Figure S32: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 23

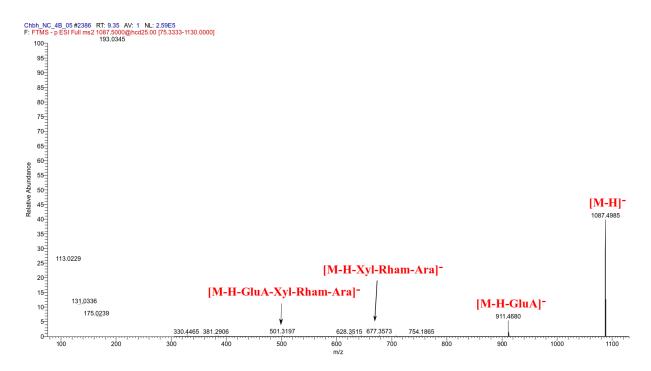


Figure S33: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 24

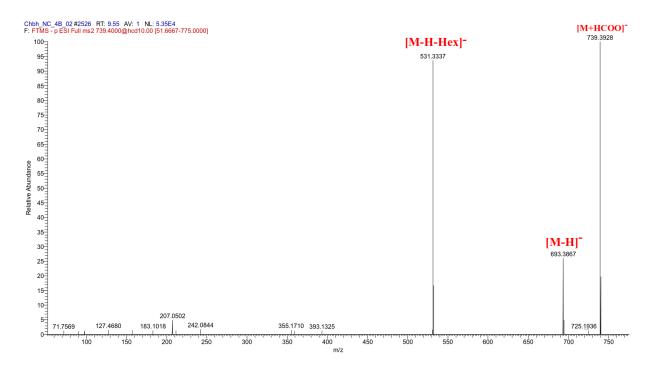


Figure S34: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 25

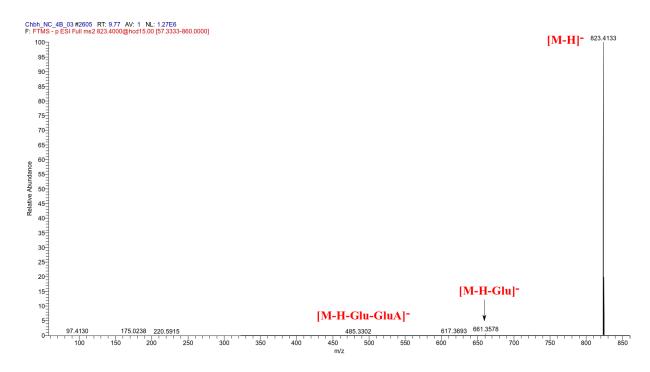


Figure S35: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 26

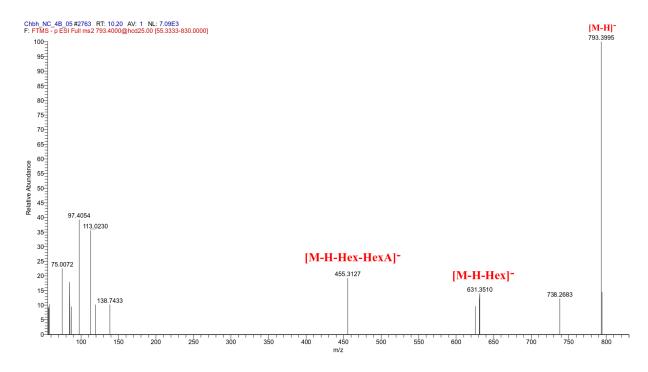


Figure S36: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 27

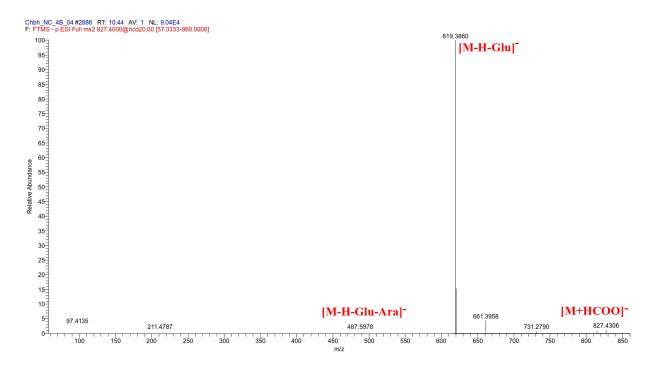


Figure S37: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 28

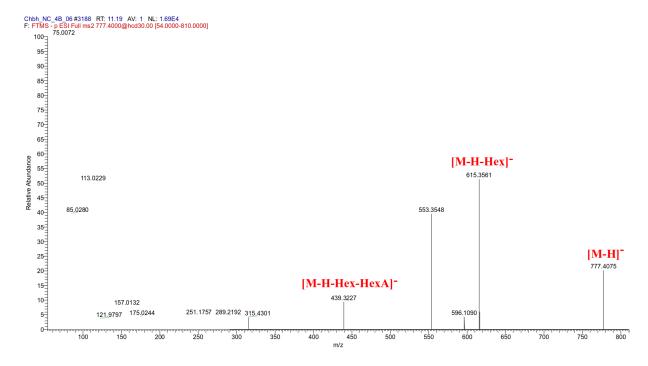


Figure S38: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 29

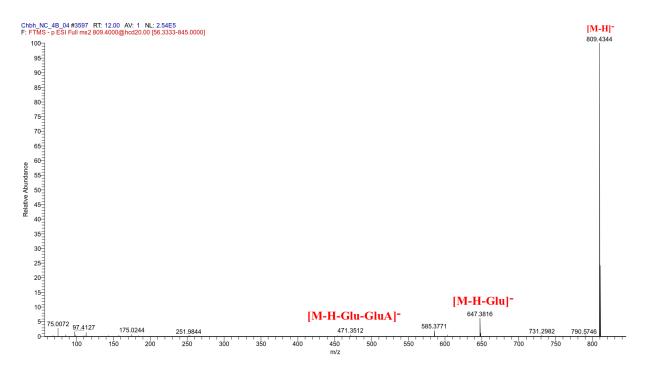


Figure S39: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 30

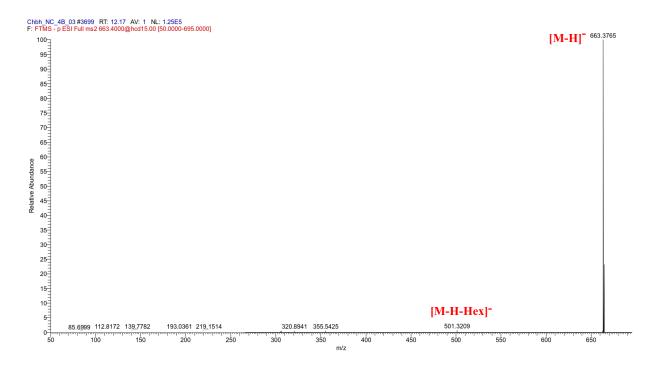


Figure S40: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 31

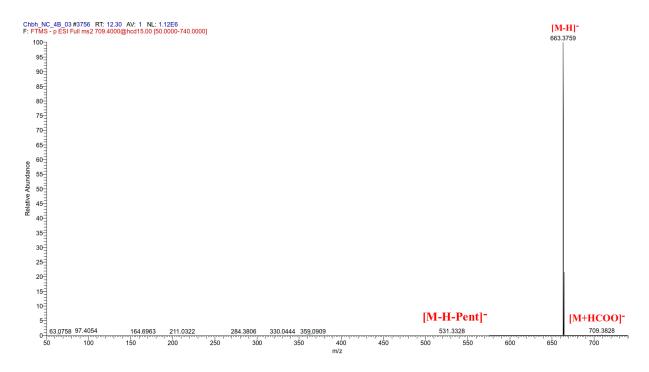


Figure S41: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 32

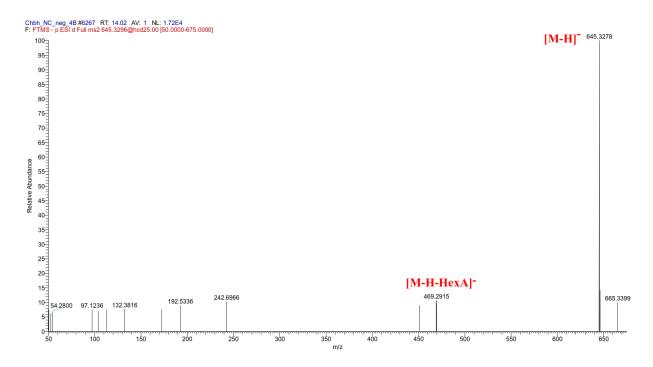


Figure S42: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 33

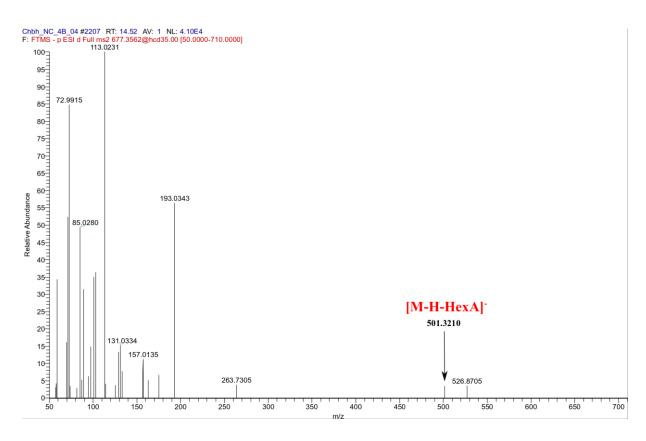


Figure S43: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 34

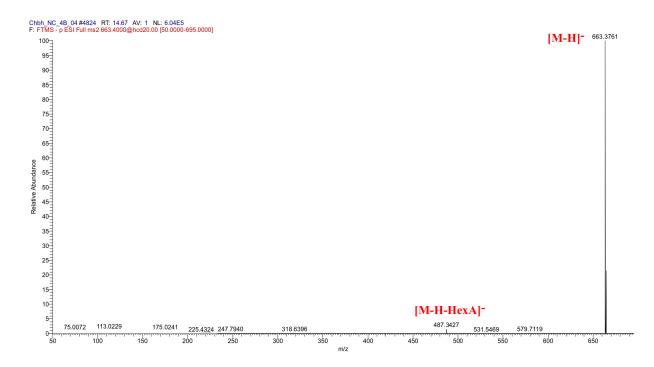


Figure S44: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 35

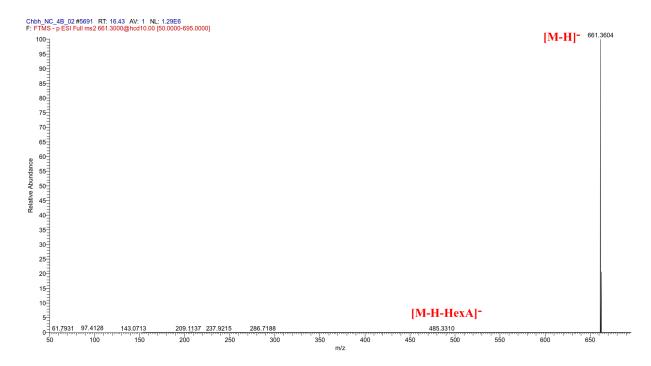
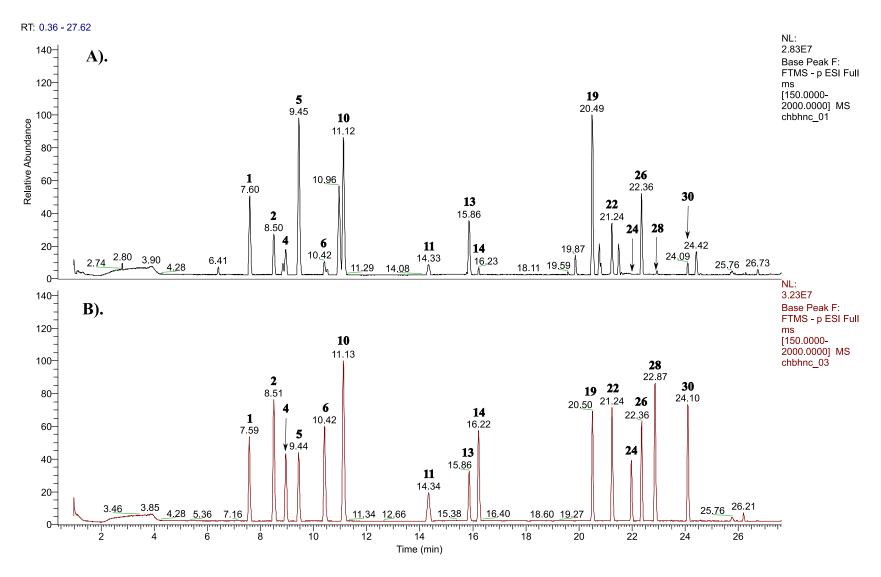
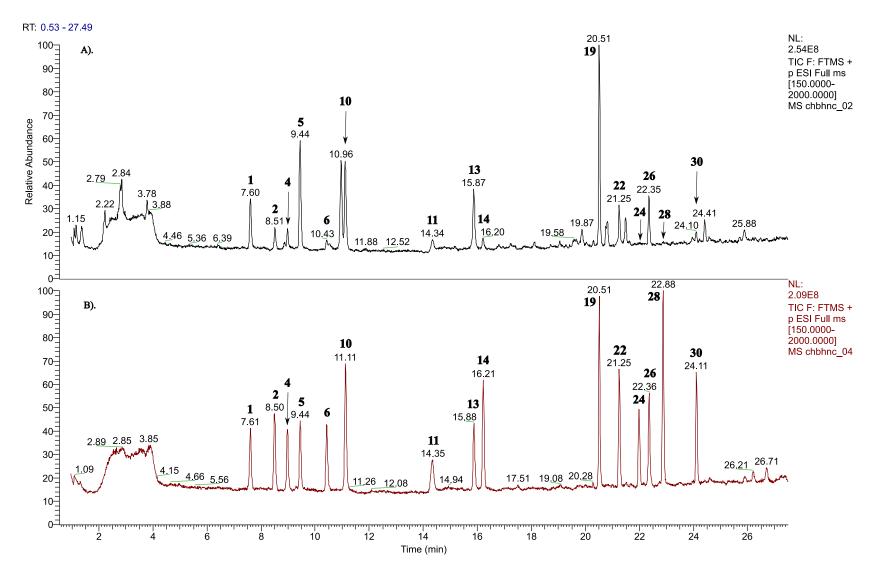


Figure S45: MS<sup>2</sup> spectrum of Compound 36



**Figure S46:** Base peak chromatograms in negative mode of A). the MeOH extract of aerial parts from *C. bonus-henricus* and B). the mixture of reference compounds. The numbering is according to the Table 1.



**Figure S47:** TIC chromatograms in positive mode of A). the MeOH extract of aerial parts from *C. bonus-henricus* and B). the mixture of reference compounds. The numbering is according to the Table 1.