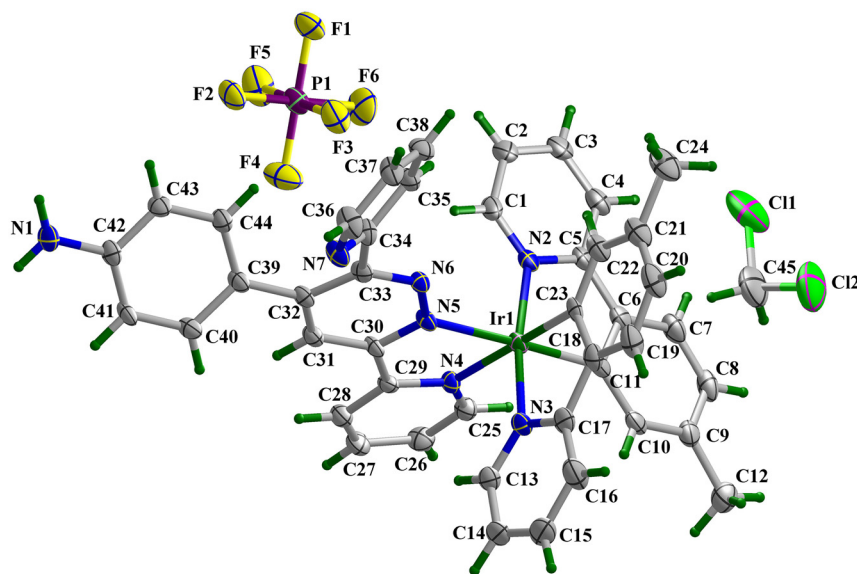


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Crystal structure of (3,6-di(2-pyridyl)-4-phenylaminopyridazine- κ^2 N,N')-bis(2-(p-toluene)pyridinyl- κ^2 C,N)-iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate-dichloromethane (1/1), $C_{45}H_{37}Cl_2F_6IrN_7P$



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Abstract

$C_{45}H_{37}Cl_2F_6IrN_7P$, monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ (no. 14), $a = 23.518(5)$ Å, $b = 11.702(2)$ Å, $c = 15.426(3)$ Å, $\beta = 101.44(3)^\circ$, $V = 4161.0(15)$ Å³, $Z = 4$, $R_{gt}(F) = 0.0474$, $wR_{ref}(F^2) = 0.0924$, $T = 293$ K.

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Table 1 contains crystallographic data and Table 2 contains the list of the atoms including atomic coordinates and displacement parameters.

1 Source of materials

All commercially available reactants and solvents, unless otherwise noted, can be used immediately without pre-

Table 1: Data collection and handling.

Crystal:	Red needle
Size:	$0.23 \times 0.20 \times 0.18$ mm
Wavelength:	Mo K α radiation (0.71073 Å)
μ :	3.45 mm^{-1}
Diffractometer, scan mode:	Bruker APEX-II, φ and ω
$\theta_{\max}$, completeness:	25.0° , >99 %
$N(hkl)_{\text{measured}}$, $N(hkl)_{\text{unique}}$, R_{int} :	35810, 7324, 0.062
Criterion for I_{obs} , $N(hkl)_{\text{gt}}$:	$I_{\text{obs}} > 2 \sigma(I_{\text{obs}})$, 6,899
$N(\text{param})_{\text{refined}}$:	559
Programs:	Bruker, ¹ Olex2, ² SHELX, ^{3,4} PLATON ⁵

treatment. The cyclometalated chloro-bridged iridium(III) dimer, $[(\text{mpppy})_2\text{Ir}(\mu_2\text{-Cl})_2]$ (mpppy = 2-(p-toluene) pyridine), was synthesized following the reported literature procedures.⁶ 1 Equiv. of $\text{IrCl}_3 \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$ and 2.5 equiv. of 1-phenyl-pyrazole are heated in a mixed solution of water and ethylene glycol ether ($v/v = 1/4$) at 135°C under the nitrogen atmosphere to obtain corresponding product. Tetrazine (1 equiv.) and 4-ethynylaniline (1 equiv.) were added into toluene with strong stirring at 140°C to obtain 3,6-di(2-pyridyl)-4-phenylamino pyridazine (DpTz-PhA) after 120 h. The target cyclometalated Ir(III) complexes were finally synthesized by the obtained iridium(III) dimer $[(\text{mpppy})_2\text{Ir}(\mu_2\text{-Cl})_2]$ (1 equiv.)

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Table 2: Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ($\text{\AA}^2$).

Atom	x	y	z	U_{iso}^*/U_{eq}
Ir1	0.26085 (2)	0.04989 (2)	0.36158 (2)	0.02633 (9)
N1	−0.0972 (2)	0.5869 (5)	0.3799 (3)	0.0390 (13)
H30A	−0.1261	0.5609	0.4002	0.047*
H30B	−0.0987	0.6543	0.3573	0.047*
N2	0.2644 (2)	0.0834 (4)	0.2329 (3)	0.0292 (11)
N3	0.2703 (2)	0.0166 (4)	0.4943 (3)	0.0317 (12)
N4	0.1835 (2)	−0.0493 (4)	0.3234 (3)	0.0272 (11)
N5	0.19247 (19)	0.1650 (4)	0.3689 (3)	0.0270 (11)
N6	0.20207 (19)	0.2767 (4)	0.3847 (3)	0.0255 (10)
N7	0.1656 (2)	0.5134 (4)	0.4861 (3)	0.0356 (12)
C34	0.1803 (3)	0.4633 (5)	0.4163 (4)	0.0339 (15)
C30	0.1385 (2)	0.1216 (5)	0.3608 (4)	0.0259 (13)
C33	0.1587 (2)	0.3452 (5)	0.3928 (4)	0.0282 (13)
C25	0.1808 (3)	−0.1577 (5)	0.2932 (4)	0.0326 (14)
H25A	0.2144	−0.1913	0.2820	0.039*
C29	0.1338 (2)	−0.0005 (5)	0.3379 (4)	0.0267 (13)
C18	0.3519 (3)	0.1405 (5)	0.4999 (4)	0.0346 (14)
C26	0.1307 (3)	−0.2206 (5)	0.2785 (4)	0.0390 (16)
H26A	0.1302	−0.2944	0.2561	0.047*
C43	−0.0018 (3)	0.5596 (5)	0.3478 (4)	0.0322 (14)
H43A	−0.0036	0.6318	0.3223	0.039*
C39	0.0505 (2)	0.3829 (5)	0.3854 (4)	0.0301 (13)
C17	0.3191 (3)	0.0631 (6)	0.5463 (4)	0.0385 (16)
C32	0.1003 (2)	0.3079 (5)	0.3839 (4)	0.0279 (13)
C28	0.0825 (3)	−0.0613 (5)	0.3279 (4)	0.0343 (14)
H28A	0.0494	−0.0277	0.3414	0.041*
C35	0.2217 (3)	0.5096 (5)	0.3724 (4)	0.0348 (15)
H35A	0.2311	0.4727	0.3238	0.042*
C11	0.3181 (2)	−0.0719 (5)	0.3434 (4)	0.0317 (14)
C42	−0.0480 (2)	0.5203 (5)	0.3838 (4)	0.0316 (14)
C1	0.2382 (3)	0.1696 (5)	0.1853 (4)	0.0325 (14)
H1A	0.2120	0.2136	0.2088	0.039*
C23	0.3292 (2)	0.1513 (5)	0.4078 (4)	0.0272 (13)
C13	0.2356 (3)	−0.0470 (5)	0.5334 (4)	0.0373 (15)
H13A	0.2015	−0.0751	0.4988	0.045*
C40	0.0036 (2)	0.3424 (5)	0.4206 (4)	0.0319 (14)
H40A	0.0048	0.2692	0.4443	0.038*
C38	0.2483 (3)	0.6112 (5)	0.4029 (4)	0.0387 (16)
H38A	0.2759	0.6442	0.3751	0.046*
C6	0.3296 (2)	−0.0753 (5)	0.2568 (4)	0.0311 (14)
C4	0.3130 (3)	0.0409 (6)	0.1154 (4)	0.0383 (16)
H4A	0.3388	−0.0040	0.0918	0.046*
C44	0.0466 (3)	0.4926 (5)	0.3497 (4)	0.0333 (14)
H44A	0.0774	0.5214	0.3267	0.040*
C31	0.0924 (2)	0.1913 (5)	0.3685 (4)	0.0294 (13)
H31A	0.0555	0.1599	0.3635	0.035*
C8	0.3910 (3)	−0.2397 (6)	0.2938 (5)	0.0444 (17)
H8A	0.4148	−0.2956	0.2772	0.053*
C41	−0.0449 (2)	0.4119 (5)	0.4200 (4)	0.0317 (14)
H41A	−0.0755	0.3848	0.4443	0.038*
C3	0.2861 (3)	0.1309 (6)	0.0675 (4)	0.0382 (15)
H3A	0.2935	0.1474	0.0118	0.046*
C10	0.3453 (2)	−0.1537 (5)	0.4037 (4)	0.0365 (15)
H10A	0.3393	−0.1516	0.4615	0.044*
C21	0.4051 (3)	0.2935 (6)	0.4048 (5)	0.0475 (18)

Table 2: (continued)

Atom	x	y	z	U_{iso}^*/U_{eq}
C2	0.2478 (3)	0.1970 (6)	0.1032 (4)	0.0376 (15)
H2A	0.2289	0.2587	0.0720	0.045*
C19	0.3989 (3)	0.2054 (6)	0.5412 (5)	0.0498 (19)
H19A	0.4128	0.1974	0.6017	0.060*
C37	0.2332 (3)	0.6621 (5)	0.4744 (5)	0.0466 (18)
H37A	0.2509	0.7299	0.4967	0.056*
C5	0.3025 (2)	0.0156 (5)	0.1983 (4)	0.0316 (14)
C36	0.1915 (3)	0.6120 (6)	0.5133 (5)	0.0442 (17)
H36A	0.1809	0.6489	0.5611	0.053*
C7	0.3658 (3)	−0.1594 (6)	0.2334 (5)	0.0430 (17)
H7A	0.3730	−0.1611	0.1763	0.052*
C9	0.3810 (3)	−0.2382 (6)	0.3800 (5)	0.0422 (17)
C27	0.0810 (3)	−0.1726 (5)	0.2976 (4)	0.0410 (16)
H27A	0.0468	−0.2147	0.2901	0.049*
C14	0.2472 (3)	−0.0734 (6)	0.6216 (4)	0.0446 (17)
H14A	0.2217	−0.1182	0.6460	0.054*
C20	0.4248 (3)	0.2802 (7)	0.4943 (5)	0.0528 (19)
H20A	0.4563	0.3230	0.5230	0.063*
C12	0.4070 (3)	−0.3275 (6)	0.4474 (5)	0.059 (2)
H12A	0.4304	−0.3793	0.4212	0.088*
H12B	0.4307	−0.2906	0.4975	0.088*
H12C	0.3764	−0.3691	0.4663	0.088*
C15	0.2973 (3)	−0.0324 (7)	0.6734 (5)	0.055 (2)
H15A	0.3072	−0.0517	0.7330	0.065*
C22	0.3572 (3)	0.2292 (5)	0.3627 (5)	0.0401 (16)
H22A	0.3437	0.2390	0.3023	0.048*
C24	0.4360 (3)	0.3742 (6)	0.3518 (5)	0.060 (2)
H24A	0.4166	0.3731	0.2908	0.091*
H24B	0.4354	0.4504	0.3747	0.091*
H24C	0.4755	0.3499	0.3564	0.091*
C16	0.3331 (3)	0.0386 (7)	0.6354 (5)	0.052 (2)
H16A	0.3664	0.0694	0.6701	0.063*
P1	0.09037 (8)	0.44829 (15)	0.11387 (12)	0.0393 (4)
F1	0.11036 (18)	0.5460 (4)	0.0550 (3)	0.0609 (12)
F2	0.04478 (16)	0.5333 (3)	0.1426 (3)	0.0486 (10)
F3	0.13769 (17)	0.4897 (4)	0.1969 (3)	0.0582 (11)
F4	0.0703 (2)	0.3493 (4)	0.1727 (3)	0.0678 (13)
F5	0.04360 (18)	0.4074 (4)	0.0320 (3)	0.0694 (13)
F6	0.13717 (19)	0.3639 (4)	0.0862 (3)	0.0697 (13)
C45	0.4724 (3)	0.0342 (8)	0.3497 (7)	0.082 (3)
H45A	0.4401	0.0624	0.3741	0.099*
H45B	0.4711	−0.0487	0.3505	0.099*
Cl1	0.46439 (12)	0.0817 (2)	0.2385 (2)	0.0986 (9)
Cl2	0.53608 (10)	0.0795 (2)	0.4146 (2)	0.1160 (11)

and DpTz–PhA ligand (1 equiv.), as well as potassium hexafluorophosphate (1 equiv.) in a mixed solvent containing dichloromethane and methanol ($v/v = 2/1$) at 85 °C in a dark N_2 atmosphere for 24 h. The above reddish solid product (164.70 mg, 0.15 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (1 mL), after filtration, 1 mL of buffer layer ($V_{\text{dichloromethane}}/V_{\text{n-hexane}} = 1/1$) and 3 mL of n-hexane was added successively. Red needle crystals were obtained after 12 days at room

temperature in dark with a yield of 79.0590 mg (48 % based Ir). **Anal. Calcd.** for $C_{45}H_{37}Cl_2F_6IrN_7P$: C, 49.82 %; H, 3.41 %; N, 9.04 %. Found C, 49.71 %; H, 3.44 %; N, 9.07 %. **IR** (KBr, cm^{-1}): 3324 (m), 3212 (s), 1579 (s), 1510 (m), 1386 (vs), 1039 (m) (pyridine: C=N), 776 (m).

2 Experimental details

The crystal structure determination was carried on a Bruker APEX-II diffractometer. The structure was solved by Direct Methods and refined using the SHELX software.³ All of the hydrogen atoms were added by theoretical method and isotropic displacement parameters were given ($U_{iso} = 1.2$ (1.5 for methyl hydrogen), U_{eq} is the equivalent isotropic displacement parameter of the parent atom).⁵

3 Comment

In recent years, cyclometalated iridium(III) complexes, have received many interests due to the potential applications, such as organic light-emitting diodes (OLEDs), light-emitting electro-chemical cells (LECs), biosensing, photocatalysis, and nonlinear optics.^{6–8} The strong spin–orbit coupling induced by the heavy Ir(III) ion results in efficient intersystem crossing (ISC) and promotes triplet excited-state formation, which are intrinsically related to aforementioned applications.^{9,10} Among the diverse classes of cyclometalated Ir(III) complexes, the heteroleptic systems containing a combination of diimine (N^N) ligands and cyclometalating (C^N) ligands have gained special attention due to their photophysical properties can be tuned by altering the ligands separately.^{11–13} From the synthesis point of view, the judicious choice of auxiliary ligands, for example conjugacy and substituents, plays an important role in the construction of cyclometalated iridium(III) complexes.^{14,15}

The title compound crystallizes in the monoclinic space group $P2_1/c$. As displayed in the figure, the asymmetric unit of the title structure consists of one Ir^{3+} cation, one DpTz–PhA ligand, two mppy ligands, one PF_6^- anion and one dichloromethane solvent molecule. The average Ir–C bond length is 2.015(6) Å, while the distances of Ir–N range from 2.042(5) to 2.140(5) Å, which are within the normal range and are consistent with those previously reported in similar structures.^{16,17} The main skeleton of the title structure can be further extended into a three-dimensional supramolecular structure by hydrogen bonding, where the hydrogen bonds are formed by the H atoms on the chelated ligand mppy and auxiliary ligand DpTz–PhA with the F atoms of the PF_6^- anion.

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