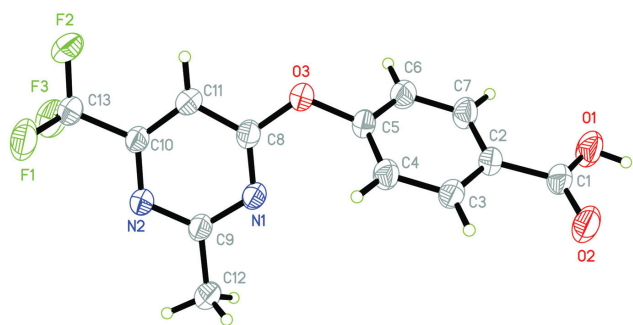


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# Crystal structure of 4-((2-methyl-6-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-4-yl)oxy)benzoic acid, $C_{13}H_9F_3N_2O_3$



**Table 1:** Data collection and handling.

Crystal:	Colourless block
Size:	0.30 × 0.27 × 0.10 mm
Wavelength:	Mo K $\alpha$ radiation (0.71073 Å)
$\mu$ :	0.14 mm <sup>-1</sup>
Diffractometer, scan mode:	CCD, $\varphi$ and $\omega$
$\theta_{\max}$ , completeness:	25.0°, >99%
$N(hkl)_{\text{measured}}$ , $N(hkl)_{\text{unique}}$ , $R_{\text{int}}$ :	6503, 2290, 0.066
Criterion for $I_{\text{obs}}$ , $N(hkl)_{\text{gt}}$ :	$I_{\text{obs}} > 2 \sigma(I_{\text{obs}})$ , 1237
$N(\text{param})_{\text{refined}}$ :	191
Programs:	Bruker [1], SHELX [2]

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## Abstract

$C_{13}H_9F_3N_2O_3$ , monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$  (no. 14),  $a = 8.6952(7)$  Å,  $b = 19.6715(18)$  Å,  $c = 8.0995(8)$  Å,  $\beta = 110.691(3)^\circ$ ,  $V = 1296.0(2)$  Å<sup>3</sup>,  $Z = 4$ ,  $R_{\text{gt}}(F) = 0.0558$ ,  $wR_{\text{ref}}(F^2) = 0.1358$ ,  $T = 298(2)$  K.

CCDC no.: 1965889

The molecular structure is shown in the figure. Table 1 contains crystallographic data and Table 2 contains the list of the atoms including atomic coordinates and displacement parameters.

## Source of material

All solvents were dried by standard methods in advance and distilled before use. 4-Chloro-2-methyl-6-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidine (0.01 mol),  $\text{Cs}_2\text{CO}_3$  (0.02 mol), and ethyl 4-hydroxybenzoate (0.012 mol) were added in a 100 mL three-necked round-bottomed flask. The samples were reacted for 2–3 h at room temperature, and the solvent

was removed. Water was added to the residue, the precipitate formed was filtered off and recrystallized from ethanol to yield 70% of methyl 4-((2-methyl-6-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-4-yl)oxy)benzoate. **<sup>1</sup>H NMR** (DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>, ppm)  $\delta$ : 8.06 (d, 2H,  $J = 9.0$  Hz, Ph-H), 6.67–7.58 (s, 1H, pyrimidine-H), 7.42 (d, 2H,  $J = 9.0$  Hz, Ph-H), 3.87 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.51 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>); **<sup>13</sup>C NMR** (DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>, ppm)  $\delta$ : 170.05, 169.67, 165.95, 156.71 (q,  $J = 35.25$  Hz), 155.97, 131.60, 127.75, 122.39, 121.78 (q,  $J = 272.85$  Hz), 103.83, 52.69, 25.82; **HRMS (ESI)**: Calcd. for  $C_{14}H_{11}F_3N_2O_3$   $[M+H]^+$ : 313.0797; found: 313.0795. Methyl 4-((2-methyl-6-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-4-yl)oxy)benzoate (0.01 mol), THF (10 mL), KOH (0.02 mol), and H<sub>2</sub>O (5 mL) were added. The samples were reacted for 6 h at room temperature, and the solvent was removed. Water was added to the residue and acidified with concentrated hydrochloric acid to pH 2–3. The precipitate formed was filtered off and recrystallized from ethanol to yield 70% of title compound. Colorless single crystals were grown and obtained in ethanol after 8 h. **<sup>1</sup>H NMR** (DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>, ppm)  $\delta$ : 12.56 (s, 1H), 7.80 (d, 2H,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, Ph-H), 7.48 (s, 1H, pyrimidine-H), 6.83 (d, 2H,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, Ph-H), 2.35 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>); **<sup>13</sup>C NMR** (DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>, ppm)  $\delta$ : 167.63, 162.69, 162.06, 151.96 (q,  $J = 35.25$  Hz), 131.98, 122.09 (q,  $J = 273.00$  Hz), 121.82, 115.56, 111.07, 25.90; **HRMS (ESI)**: Calcd. for  $C_{13}H_9F_3N_2O_3$   $[M+H]^+$ : 299.0640; found: 299.0638.

## Experimental details

The room-temperature structure was refined using full-matrix least-squares as implemented in the SHELXL program [2]. H atoms were constrained to ride on their pivot atoms.

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**Table 2:** Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>).

Atom	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>U</i> <sub>iso</sub> <sup>*</sup> / <i>U</i> <sub>eq</sub>
F1	0.0828(2)	0.81901(13)	1.3721(3)	0.1159(9)
F2	−0.0740(2)	0.83549(12)	1.1076(3)	0.1119(8)
F3	0.0187(2)	0.73781(13)	1.1919(3)	0.1068(8)
N1	0.4796(3)	0.83773(12)	1.0814(3)	0.0539(6)
N2	0.3434(3)	0.78537(13)	1.2559(3)	0.0606(7)
O1	0.8158(2)	0.95736(13)	0.4385(3)	0.0912(8)
H1	0.8943	0.9705	0.4133	0.137*
O2	0.9716(3)	0.99741(13)	0.7010(3)	0.0903(8)
O3	0.3322(2)	0.90623(11)	0.8472(2)	0.0673(6)
C1	0.8430(4)	0.96901(17)	0.6009(4)	0.0653(9)
C2	0.7139(3)	0.94836(14)	0.6706(4)	0.0557(8)
C3	0.7361(3)	0.95991(15)	0.8464(4)	0.0600(8)
H3	0.8344	0.9784	0.9215	0.072*
C4	0.6131(3)	0.94408(15)	0.9102(4)	0.0606(8)
H4	0.6274	0.9519	1.0279	0.073*
C5	0.4690(3)	0.91658(14)	0.7975(4)	0.0571(8)
C6	0.4459(3)	0.90429(16)	0.6236(4)	0.0659(9)
H6	0.3481	0.8852	0.5490	0.079*
C7	0.5691(3)	0.92053(15)	0.5612(4)	0.0661(9)
H7	0.5542	0.9125	0.4434	0.079*
C8	0.3410(3)	0.86677(15)	0.9872(4)	0.0552(8)
C9	0.4763(3)	0.79749(15)	1.2135(4)	0.0546(8)
C10	0.2060(3)	0.81714(16)	1.1579(4)	0.0558(8)
C11	0.1957(3)	0.85940(16)	1.0215(4)	0.0607(8)
H11	0.0990	0.8817	0.9560	0.073*
C12	0.6342(3)	0.76481(16)	1.3207(4)	0.0727(9)
H12A	0.6190	0.7391	1.4146	0.109*
H12B	0.7160	0.7992	1.3695	0.109*
H12C	0.6694	0.7350	1.2472	0.109*
C13	0.0579(4)	0.8031(2)	1.2070(5)	0.0748(10)

### Comment

Pyrimidine compounds and their derivatives have been playing a significant role in the pharmaceutical and pesticide chemistry [3, 4]. In recent years, many pyrimidine compounds have displayed applications as antifungal, antibacterial, insecticidal, herbicidal, and antiviral agents [5–10]. A series of pyrimidine derivatives have been synthesized, which show novel structure and herbicidal activity [11].

The title structure crystallises in the monoclinic space group *P*2<sub>1</sub>/*c* with one molecule in the asymmetric unit. All bond lengths and angles are within normal ranges. The angle subtended by C(5), O(3) and C(8) is 121.5(2)°. The bond lengths of C(1)–O(1) and C(1)–O(2) are 1.272(3) and 1.257(3) Å respectively, in accordance with the single- and double-bond characters of these bonds, respectively. The hydroxy H atom could be located on a difference Fourier map. In the structure of the title compound there are two intermolecular hydrogen bonds, O(1)–H(1)···O(2) [*D*···*A* 2.638(4) Å, DHA = 164.9°] and C(12)–H(12A)···N(1) [*D*···*A* 3.513(4) Å, DHA = 159.9°].

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