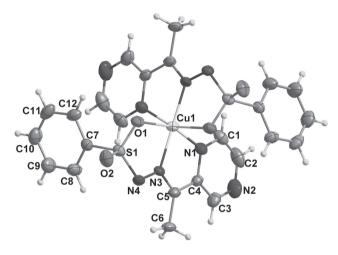
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Crystal Structure of bis(1-(phenylsulfonyl)-2-(1-(pyrazin-2-yl)ethylidene)hydrazin-1-ido- $\kappa^3 N, N', O$) copper(II), $C_{24}H_{22}N_8O_4S_2Cu$



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Abstract

 $C_{24}H_{22}N_8O_4S_2Cu$, orthorhombic, Aba2 (no. 41), a=11.9395(18) Å, b=21.813(3) Å, c=10.1184(15) Å, V=2635.2(7) Å³, Z=4, $R_{\rm gt}(F)=0.0395$, $wR_{\rm ref}(F^2)=0.0912$, T=296(2) K.

CCDC no.: 1830022

The crystal structure is shown in the figure. Tables 1 and 2 contain details on crystal structure and measurement conditions and a list of the atoms including atomic coordinates and displacement parameters.

Source of material

Benzenesulfonyl hydrazide (0.172 g, 1 mmol) and 2-acetopyrazine (0.122 g, 1 mmol) was dissolved in methanol (20 mL). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 1 h and cooled to room temperature. Then copper(II) acetate

Table 1: Data collection and handling.

Crystal:	Black block
Size:	$0.25\times0.22\times0.20~\text{mm}$
Wavelength:	Mo Kα radiation (0.71073 Å)
μ:	1.03 mm ⁻¹
Diffractometer, scan mode:	Bruker APEX-II, $arphi$ and ω -scans
θ_{max} , completeness:	25°, >99%
$N(hkl)_{\text{measured}}, N(hkl)_{\text{unique}}, R_{\text{int}}$:	6422, 2232, 0.050
Criterion for I_{obs} , $N(hkl)_{gt}$:	$I_{\rm obs} > 2 \ \sigma(I_{\rm obs})$, 1760
$N(param)_{refined}$:	177
Programs:	Bruker programs [1], SHELX [2]

Table 2: Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\mathring{A}^2).

Atom	X	у	Z	U _{iso} */U _{eq}		
Cu1	0.000000	0.000000	0.88844(12)	0.0392(3)		
S1	-0.10368(13)	-0.10302(7)	0.72978(17)	0.0442(4)		
N1	-0.0668(5)	0.0603(3)	1.0362(5)	0.0482(14)		
N2	-0.1941(8)	0.1324(3)	1.2044(8)	0.089(3)		
N3	-0.1611(4)	-0.0201(2)	0.8778(6)	0.0395(12)		
N4	-0.2023(4)	-0.0604(2)	0.7845(6)	0.0447(14)		
01	0.0036(3)	-0.0704(2)	0.7304(5)	0.0532(13)		
02	-0.1389(5)	-0.1284(2)	0.6063(5)	0.0658(15)		
C1	-0.0191(7)	0.0981(3)	1.1174(9)	0.062(2)		
H1A	0.058568	0.101068	1.119091	0.074*		
C2	-0.0831(10)	0.1348(4)	1.2028(8)	0.084(3)		
H2B	-0.046671	0.161520	1.260007	0.101*		
C3	-0.2416(8)	0.0927(3)	1.1226(9)	0.067(2)		
H3A	-0.319137	0.088688	1.123950	0.080*		
C4	-0.1809(5)	0.0568(3)	1.0352(7)	0.0453(17)		
C5	-0.2314(6)	0.0126(3)	0.9445(6)	0.0455(17)		
C6	-0.3554(5)	0.0051(4)	0.9295(8)	0.065(3)		
H6A	-0.393239	0.033407	0.986958	0.098*		
H6B	-0.376390	0.013237	0.839587	0.098*		
H6C	-0.376221	-0.036027	0.952392	0.098*		
C7	-0.0860(5)	-0.1650(3)	0.8416(6)	0.0441(16)		
C8	-0.1743(6)	-0.1849(4)	0.9141(9)	0.072(2)		
H8A	-0.243482	-0.165557	0.906875	0.086*		
C9	-0.1610(7)	-0.2344(4)	0.9993(10)	0.089(3)		
H9A	-0.220939	-0.247487	1.050811	0.107*		
C10	-0.0612(9)	-0.2637(4)	1.0078(9)	0.078(3)		
H10A	-0.053503	-0.297776	1.062390	0.094*		
C11	0.0263(8)	-0.2435(4)	0.9373(8)	0.072(2)		
H11A	0.094723	-0.263503	0.944778	0.087*		
C12	0.0175(6)	-0.1933(3)	0.8534(7)	0.059(2)		
H12A	0.079245	-0.179130	0.806473	0.071*		

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monohydrate (0.100 g, 0.5 mmol) was added. After stirring for 1 h, the mixture was filtered and set aside to crystallize for several days, giving black block crystals. The Flack-Parsons parameter is 0.02(2) based on 637 quotients.

Experimental details

The structure was solved by direct methods and refined with the SHELX crystallographic software package [2]. The hydrogen atoms were placed at calculated positions and refined as riding atoms with isotropic displacement parameters.

Discussion

Schiff bases, including hydrazones [3], semicarbazones [4] and thiosemicarbazones [5] derived from 2-aceto-pyrazine and their metal complexes have been widely investigated due to their excellent biological activities. However, sulfonyl hydrazones has been paid much less attention. As a continuation of our research efforts devoted to Schiff base complexes, the title complex was synthesized and characterized by X-ray diffraction.

In the title complex, the asymmetric unit contains one half of the complex with Ni1 atom lying on the two fold axis. The six-coordinated Cu(II) ion is in a distorted octahedron geometry with the donor sets of four nitrogen and two oxygen atoms from two independent sulfonyl hydrazone ligands. The dihedral angle between the benzene (C7-C12, r.m.s. deviation 0.0091 Å) and pyrazine (C1-C4/N1, N2, r.m.s. deviation 0.0061 Å) ring in each sulfonyl hydrazone is 94.9°. As expected, there exist none classical hydrogen bonds in the crystal. Bond lengths and angles are in the expected ranges.

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