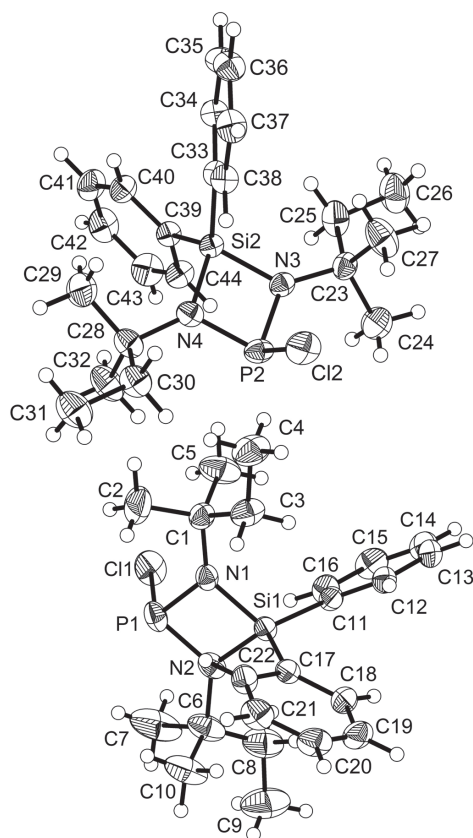


Dennis Mo, Marcel Serio and Walter Frank*

Crystal structure of 2-chloro-1,3-di-*tert*-pentyl-4,4-diphenyl-1,3,2λ³,4-diazaphosphasiletidine, C₂₂H₃₂ClN₂PSi



CCDC no.: 1580185

The major component of the asymmetric unit of the title crystal structure is shown in the figure. Tables 1 and 2 contain details of the measurement method and a list of the atoms including atomic coordinates and displacement parameters.

Table 1: Data collection and handling.

Crystal:	Colourless cube
Size:	0.50 × 0.49 × 0.49 mm
Wavelength:	Mo Kα radiation (0.71073 Å)
μ:	3.0 cm ⁻¹
Diffractometer, scan mode:	STOE IPDS, ω scans
2θ _{max} , completeness:	58.6°, 98.8%
N(hkl) _{measured} , N(hkl) _{unique} , R _{int} :	62121, 12461, 0.053
Criterion for I _{obs} , N(hkl) _{gt} :	I _{obs} > 2 σ(I _{obs}), 11305
N(param) _{refined} :	568
Programs:	SHELX [1], DIAMOND [2]

Source of materials

The title compound was prepared according to standard procedures in argon atmosphere in oven-dried glassware using Schlenk-techniques [3–8]. 5.4 g (15.2 mmol) *N,N'*-di(*tert*-pentyl)-Si,Si-diphenylsilanedi-amine were dissolved in 15 mL *n*-pentane and 10 mL diethylether. 19.0 mL of a *n*-butyllithium solution (c = 1.6 mol/L in *n*-hexane, 30.4 mmol) were added at –20 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 24 h at room temperature. Cooling to –78 °C and addition of 2.1 g (15.2 mmol) PCl₃ yielded a yellow suspension. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h. After filtration and removal of the solvent under reduced pressure the crude product was obtained as viscous oil. The oil was allowed to stand at room temperature. Isometric colourless crystals were obtained within seven days. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C): δ (p.p.m.) 0.90 (m, 6H, C(CH₃)₂CH₂CH₃), 1.09 (s, 6H, C(CH₃)₂CH₂CH₃), 1.13 (s, 6H, C(CH₃)₂CH₂CH₃), 1.51 (m, 4H, C(CH₃)₂CH₂CH₃), 7.48 (m, 6H, *m*-, *p*-CH), 7.86 (m, 2H, *o*-CH), 8.09 (m, 2H, *o*-CH). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C): δ (p.p.m.) 9.2 (d, ⁴J(P,C) = 3.2 Hz, 2 C, C(CH₃)₂CH₂CH₃), 28.6 (d, ³J(P,C) = 7.5 Hz, 2 C, C(CH₃)₂CH₂CH₃), 29.2 (d, ³J(P,C) = 6.6 Hz, 2 C, C(CH₃)₂CH₂CH₃), 36.9 (d, ³J(P,C) = 6.8 Hz, 2 C, C(CH₃)₂CH₂CH₃), 55.9 (d, ²J(P,C) = 6.5 Hz, 2 C,

<https://doi.org/10.1515/ncrs-2017-0226>

Received August 3, 2017; accepted October 16, 2017; available online November 8, 2017

Abstract

C₂₂H₃₂ClN₂PSi, triclinic, *P* $\bar{1}$ (no. 2), *a* = 11.8482(3) Å, *b* = 12.8044(3) Å, *c* = 15.6562(4) Å, α = 77.694(2)°, β = 84.144(2)°, γ = 89.029(2)°, *V* = 2308.48(10) Å³, *Z* = 4, *R*_{gt}(*F*) = 0.0527, *wR*_{ref}(*F*²) = 0.1148, *T* = 173(2) K.

*Corresponding author: Walter Frank, Institut für Anorganische Chemie und Strukturchemie, Lehrstuhl II: Material- und Strukturfor- schung, Heinrich-Heine-Universität Düsseldorf, Universitätsstrasse 1, D-40225 Düsseldorf, Germany, e-mail: wfrank@hhu.de

Dennis Mo and Marcel Serio: Institut für Anorganische Chemie und Strukturchemie, Lehrstuhl II: Material- und Strukturfor- schung, Heinrich-Heine-Universität Düsseldorf, Universitätsstrasse 1, D-40225 Düsseldorf, Germany

Table 2: Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²).

Atom	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>U</i> _{iso} */ <i>U</i> _{eq}
Cl1	0.40851(4)	0.92813(5)	0.73670(4)	0.05338(14)
Cl2	1.08565(4)	0.54349(5)	0.26905(4)	0.05019(13)
P1	0.57620(4)	0.99404(4)	0.68008(4)	0.03739(11)
P2	0.91626(4)	0.58286(4)	0.32422(3)	0.03386(10)
Si1	0.73086(4)	0.87843(4)	0.75278(3)	0.02756(10)
Si2	0.76401(4)	0.50553(4)	0.25180(3)	0.02541(9)
N1	0.65354(12)	0.88669(11)	0.66294(10)	0.0303(3)
N2	0.64615(13)	0.98601(12)	0.76999(11)	0.0365(3)
N3	0.84147(12)	0.46741(12)	0.34184(9)	0.0292(3)
N4	0.84621(12)	0.62118(11)	0.23403(10)	0.0313(3)
C1	0.64194(15)	0.81907(15)	0.59858(13)	0.0357(4)
C2 ^a	0.6073(4)	0.8866(3)	0.5143(2)	0.0805(13)
H21 ^a	0.6655	0.9412	0.4896	0.121*
H22 ^a	0.5348	0.9214	0.5263	0.121*
H23 ^a	0.5990	0.8412	0.4722	0.121*
C3 ^a	0.7570(2)	0.7663(2)	0.5839(2)	0.0472(7)
H31 ^a	0.8145	0.8232	0.5607	0.057*
H32 ^a	0.7783	0.7267	0.6415	0.057*
C4 ^a	0.7617(3)	0.6895(3)	0.52129(19)	0.0603(8)
H41 ^a	0.8387	0.6611	0.5147	0.090*
H42 ^a	0.7411	0.7276	0.4638	0.090*
H43 ^a	0.7082	0.6304	0.5451	0.090*
C5 ^a	0.5530(2)	0.7308(3)	0.6391(3)	0.0607(9)
H51 ^a	0.4796	0.7638	0.6514	0.091*
H52 ^a	0.5773	0.6884	0.6939	0.091*
H53 ^a	0.5458	0.6843	0.5977	0.091*
C2 ^b	0.7310(16)	0.7386(19)	0.608(2)	0.0472(7)
H24 ^b	0.7382	0.7055	0.5567	0.071*
H25 ^b	0.7114	0.6836	0.6613	0.071*
H26 ^b	0.8031	0.7724	0.6124	0.071*
C3 ^b	0.669(3)	0.899(2)	0.5067(12)	0.0805(13)
H33 ^b	0.6227	0.9646	0.5013	0.097*
H34 ^b	0.7508	0.9183	0.4941	0.097*
C4 ^b	0.632(2)	0.821(2)	0.4483(16)	0.0603(8)
H44 ^b	0.6094	0.8636	0.3927	0.090*
H45 ^b	0.5674	0.7775	0.4798	0.090*
H46 ^b	0.6953	0.7749	0.4361	0.090*
C5 ^b	0.5245(12)	0.7775(13)	0.5994(11)	0.031(4)
H54 ^b	0.5255	0.7271	0.5603	0.047*
H55 ^b	0.4741	0.8372	0.5793	0.047*
H56 ^b	0.4969	0.7410	0.6593	0.047*
C6	0.65451(19)	1.06929(17)	0.82212(17)	0.0525(6)
C7 ^c	0.5349(6)	1.1237(7)	0.8256(7)	0.088(3)
H71 ^c	0.5181	1.1567	0.7659	0.131*
H72 ^c	0.5350	1.1787	0.8606	0.131*
H73 ^c	0.4770	1.0697	0.8527	0.131*
C8 ^c	0.6775(6)	1.0153(6)	0.9109(5)	0.0652(14)
H81 ^c	0.7502	0.9766	0.9067	0.078*
H82 ^c	0.6172	0.9613	0.9347	0.078*
C9 ^c	0.6842(5)	1.0870(4)	0.9758(4)	0.0891(17)
H91 ^c	0.7084	1.0450	1.0308	0.134*
H92 ^c	0.6093	1.1178	0.9875	0.134*
H93 ^c	0.7390	1.1447	0.9510	0.134*
C7 ^d	0.7191(11)	1.0067(12)	0.9071(9)	0.061(3)
H74 ^d	0.7920	0.9789	0.8862	0.092*
H75 ^d	0.7322	1.0567	0.9446	0.092*

Table 2 (continued)

Atom	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>U</i> _{iso} */ <i>U</i> _{eq}
H76 ^d	0.6715	0.9473	0.9410	0.092*
C8 ^d	0.5455(16)	1.113(2)	0.8486(16)	0.0891(17)
H83 ^d	0.4931	1.0522	0.8746	0.107*
H84 ^d	0.5141	1.1536	0.7953	0.107*
C9 ^d	0.5474(7)	1.1859(7)	0.9151(6)	0.0652(14)
H94 ^d	0.4712	1.2143	0.9261	0.098*
H95 ^d	0.6005	1.2453	0.8911	0.098*
H96 ^d	0.5717	1.1447	0.9704	0.098*
C10	0.7413(2)	1.1540(2)	0.7740(2)	0.0670(8)
H101	0.8162	1.1210	0.7683	0.101*
H102	0.7447	1.2103	0.8074	0.101*
H103	0.7188	1.1851	0.7155	0.101*
C11	0.70864(15)	0.75330(14)	0.83810(11)	0.0310(3)
C12	0.78538(17)	0.66858(14)	0.84524(12)	0.0361(4)
H121	0.8549	0.6765	0.8084	0.043*
C13	0.7618(2)	0.57305(16)	0.90532(14)	0.0444(5)
H131	0.8146	0.5160	0.9090	0.053*
C14	0.6618(2)	0.56101(17)	0.95957(14)	0.0498(5)
H141	0.6463	0.4960	1.0013	0.060*
C15	0.5841(2)	0.64305(19)	0.95348(14)	0.0497(5)
H151	0.5150	0.6343	0.9908	0.060*
C16	0.60672(17)	0.73838(16)	0.89280(13)	0.0400(4)
H161	0.5523	0.7941	0.8884	0.048*
C17	0.88367(14)	0.91430(13)	0.72332(12)	0.0300(3)
C18	0.96758(15)	0.88290(15)	0.77996(13)	0.0363(4)
H181	0.9480	0.8375	0.8358	0.044*
C19	1.07943(16)	0.91710(17)	0.75594(15)	0.0450(5)
H191	1.1355	0.8945	0.7951	0.054*
C20	1.10913(17)	0.98360(18)	0.67561(16)	0.0472(5)
H201	1.1856	1.0067	0.6594	0.057*
C21	1.02780(17)	1.01677(17)	0.61865(15)	0.0459(5)
H211	1.0482	1.0630	0.5633	0.055*
C22	0.91616(16)	0.98254(15)	0.64218(13)	0.0379(4)
H221	0.8608	1.0058	0.6025	0.045*
C23	0.85553(15)	0.36590(15)	0.40588(12)	0.0337(4)
C24 ^e	0.8852(5)	0.3928(3)	0.4910(3)	0.0689(11)
H241 ^e	0.9562	0.4338	0.4799	0.103*
H242 ^e	0.8942	0.3266	0.5345	0.103*
H243 ^e	0.8241	0.4354	0.5135	0.103*
C25 ^e	0.7410(3)	0.3080(4)	0.4219(3)	0.0463(9)
H251 ^e	0.6832	0.3543	0.4452	0.056*
H252 ^e	0.7190	0.2981	0.3648	0.056*
C26 ^e	0.7384(3)	0.1996(2)	0.4850(2)	0.0608(8)
H261 ^e	0.6615	0.1697	0.4932	0.091*
H262 ^e	0.7607	0.2081	0.5417	0.091*
H263 ^e	0.7913	0.1512	0.4606	0.091*
C24 ^f	0.752(3)	0.299(4)	0.405(3)	0.0463(9)
H244 ^f	0.7600	0.2685	0.3524	0.069*
H245 ^f	0.6843	0.3439	0.4046	0.069*
H246 ^f	0.7450	0.2411	0.4575	0.069*
C25 ^f	0.903(4)	0.376(2)	0.4914(16)	0.0689(11)
H253 ^f	0.9865	0.3864	0.4801	0.083*
H254 ^f	0.8707	0.4407	0.5100	0.083*
C26 ^f	0.8770(19)	0.2790(17)	0.5656(11)	0.0608(8)
H264 ^f	0.9305	0.2763	0.6098	0.091*
H265 ^f	0.8843	0.2140	0.5419	0.091*
H266 ^f	0.7994	0.2841	0.5927	0.091*

Table 2 (continued)

Atom	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>U</i> _{iso} [*] / <i>U</i> _{eq}
C27	0.9473(2)	0.29849(18)	0.36811(18)	0.0572(6)
H271	1.0198	0.3372	0.3575	0.086*
H272	0.9263	0.2845	0.3126	0.086*
H273	0.9548	0.2305	0.4100	0.086*
C28	0.83491(16)	0.73172(14)	0.18230(13)	0.0371(4)
C29 ^g	0.7766(5)	0.7243(8)	0.1006(3)	0.0551(13)
H291 ^g	0.7657	0.7964	0.0659	0.083*
H292 ^g	0.7028	0.6888	0.1189	0.083*
H293 ^g	0.8241	0.6830	0.0650	0.083*
C30 ^g	0.9534(2)	0.7787(2)	0.1507(2)	0.0431(6)
H301 ^g	0.9974	0.7278	0.1212	0.052*
H302 ^g	0.9916	0.7845	0.2029	0.052*
C31 ^g	0.9584(3)	0.8882(2)	0.0879(2)	0.0588(8)
H311 ^g	1.0369	0.9143	0.0768	0.088*
H312 ^g	0.9107	0.9387	0.1143	0.088*
H313 ^g	0.9307	0.8819	0.0323	0.088*
C29A ^h	0.9579(13)	0.7806(15)	0.1894(14)	0.0431(6)
H294 ^h	1.0176	0.7361	0.1678	0.065*
H295 ^h	0.9659	0.7817	0.2509	0.065*
H296 ^h	0.9646	0.8536	0.1539	0.065*
C30A ^h	0.758(4)	0.720(6)	0.113(3)	0.0551(13)
H303 ^h	0.6768	0.7206	0.1347	0.066*
H304 ^h	0.7762	0.6566	0.0880	0.066*
C31A ^h	0.800(2)	0.8317(16)	0.0459(13)	0.074(7)
H314 ^h	0.7888	0.8270	−0.0144	0.112*
H315 ^h	0.8804	0.8438	0.0499	0.112*
H316 ^h	0.7552	0.8912	0.0617	0.112*
C32	0.7643(2)	0.79763(17)	0.23868(17)	0.0526(6)
H321	0.8031	0.8009	0.2904	0.079*
H322	0.6896	0.7641	0.2575	0.079*
H323	0.7550	0.8701	0.2042	0.079*
C33	0.78979(14)	0.42232(13)	0.16785(10)	0.0271(3)
C34	0.71330(15)	0.34506(14)	0.15749(11)	0.0324(3)
H341	0.6421	0.3363	0.1922	0.039*
C35	0.74005(17)	0.28107(16)	0.09721(13)	0.0397(4)
H351	0.6871	0.2292	0.0905	0.048*
C36	0.84394(18)	0.29270(16)	0.04674(13)	0.0418(4)
H361	0.8618	0.2494	0.0049	0.050*
C37	0.92155(17)	0.36705(16)	0.05714(13)	0.0403(4)
H371	0.9933	0.3741	0.0232	0.048*
C38	0.89504(15)	0.43145(15)	0.11700(11)	0.0333(4)
H381	0.9489	0.4825	0.1237	0.040*
C39	0.61046(13)	0.52868(13)	0.27989(11)	0.0275(3)
C40	0.52760(15)	0.52649(15)	0.22260(12)	0.0346(4)
H401	0.5487	0.5086	0.1673	0.041*
C41	0.41503(16)	0.55002(17)	0.24537(14)	0.0430(4)
H411	0.3599	0.5474	0.2059	0.052*
C42	0.38312(16)	0.57701(17)	0.32476(15)	0.0453(5)
H421	0.3061	0.5932	0.3401	0.054*
C43	0.46351(17)	0.58050(18)	0.38220(14)	0.0447(5)
H431	0.4417	0.5993	0.4371	0.054*
C44	0.57602(15)	0.55667(15)	0.35993(12)	0.0358(4)
H441	0.6305	0.5595	0.3999	0.043*

^aOccupancy: 0.892(4); ^bOccupancy: 0.108(4); ^cOccupancy: 0.665(5); ^dOccupancy: 0.335(5); ^eOccupancy: 0.883(4); ^fOccupancy: 0.117(4); ^gOccupancy: 0.863(5); ^hOccupancy: 0.137(5).

C(CH₃)₂CH₂CH₃), 128.3–136.3 (12 C, Ar-C) ³¹P{¹H} NMR (121 MHz, CDCl₃, 25 °C): δ (p.p.m.) 216.2 (s). EI–MS spectra were obtained using a Finnigan TSQ 7000 instrument. EI–MS: *m/z* (%) 418(1) [*M*⁺], 389(100) [M–C₂H₅]. IR spectroscopic data were measured using a Bio-Rad Excalibur FTS 3500 FT–IR spectrometer with ATR-unit. IR 4000–560 cm^{−1}: 3069(w), 3049(w), 2966(vs), 2927(m), 2878(m), 1966(vw), 1904(vw), 1872(vw), 1777(vw), 1589(m), 1461(m), 1427(s), 1171(s), 1115(vs), 1046(s), 979(w), 922(m), 880(vs), 814(w), 782(vw), 738(s), 715(m), 697(s), 632(w), 562(w).

Experimental details

In the refinement the riding model was applied using idealized C–H bond lengths as well as H–C–H, C–C–H angles. In addition, the H atoms of the CH₃ groups were allowed to rotate around the neighbouring C–C bonds. The *U*_{iso} values were set to 1.5*U*_{eq}(C_{methyl}) and 1.2*U*_{eq}(C_{ar}, C_{methylene}), respectively. To account for residual electron density in the regions of all the *tert*-pentyl groups and for elongated anisotropic displacement ellipsoids of several carbon-atoms that did not appear to be physically meaningful, a two-position disorder for each *tert*-pentyl group was introduced with partial occupation sites for all carbon atoms but the tertiary ones C1, C6, C23 and C28 and the primary ones C10, C27 and C32. (Disorder ratio 0.892(4)/0.108(4) (group containing C1), 0.665(5)/0.335(5) ratio (C6), 0.883(4)/0.117(4) ratio (C23) and 0.863(5)/0.137(5) ratio (C28); disorder is omitted in the figure for clarity). Appropriate same distance and anisotropic displacement restraints and some equivalent anisotropic displacement parameters had to be applied to stabilize the geometry of the minor occupied parts of the partial occupation site models.

Comment

Diazaphosphasiletidines are heterocyclic compounds that contain a SiN₂P four-membered ring as central building block. The first synthesis was described in the year 1963 and the compounds of the class have attracted considerable attention in phosphorus chemistry [3–8]. Crystals of the first structurally characterised chlorosubstituted diazaphosphasiletidine, 2-chloro-1,3-bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-4,4-dimethyl-1,3,2λ³,4-diazaphosphasiletidine [7] contained approximately 12% of a second compound, namely 2-chloro-1,3-bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-4-chloro-4-methyl-1,3,2λ³,4-diazaphosphasiletidine. With respect to this impurity a Si,Si-diphenylsubstituted diazaphosphasiletidine, the title compound, has been introduced to preparative chemistry to avoid problems related to the content of Si,P-bis(chloro)functionalized species always present in samples of the Si,Si-dimethyl derivative.

The asymmetric unit of the crystal structure of the phenyl derivative contains two crystallographically independent

molecules, which do not differ significantly in bond lengths and angles. The central moiety of the title compound, the SiN₂P four-membered ring, is almost planar. The nitrogen atoms exhibit a trigonal planar coordination sphere (sums of bond angles 359.52(11)° (N1) and 356.88(13)° (N2) (molecule no. 1), 359.39(11)° (N3) and 356.52(11)° (N4) (molecule no. 2). Phosphorus and silicon atoms bear the main ring strain (N1–Si1–N2 82.89(8)°; N3–Si2–N4 82.76(7)° and N1–P1–N2 85.90(7)°; N3–P2–N4 85.75(7)°). The Si–N bond lengths (Si1–N1 1.7392(15) Å, Si1–N2 1.7418(16) Å; Si2–N3 1.7387(15) Å, Si2–N4 1.7427(15) Å) exceed the expected length of a Si–N single bond (1.724(4) Å [9]) but correspond to those in related cyclosilazanes [7, 10–13]. In contrast, the P–N distances are shorter (P1–N1 1.6928(15) Å, P1–N2 1.6889(18) Å; P2–N3 1.6932(15) Å, P2–N4 1.6891(16) Å) than reported for a typical single bond (1.704(4) Å [9]), but they also correspond to those in the first structurally characterized chlorosubstituted diazaphosphasiletidine [7]. The P–Cl bonds of the title compound are remarkably elongated (P1–Cl1 2.1963(7) Å, P2–Cl2 2.1967(7) Å) compared to the P–Cl distance in PCl₃ (2.034 Å [14]) and exceed the sum of the covalence radii [15]. A comparison of the average Si–N, P–N and P–Cl distances in the title compound and the analogous distances of the formerly published dimethylsilanederivative [7] does not give evidence for substitution effects [16] and only shows a small difference (numerically significant but chemically not relevant) in the case of the P–Cl bond: Si–N 1.7406(15) Å average (in the title compound) vs. 1.7441(17) Å average (in the mentioned dimethyl derivative); P–N 1.6910(16) Å average vs. 1.6856(17) Å average; P–Cl 2.1965(7) Å average vs. 2.1813(7) Å). The *tert*-pentyl groups in the solid of the title compound are disordered to give two positions of the ethyl moiety in each case (Exptl. det.). Comparing the solid state packings of the title compound and of related higher congeners of group 15 the increasing tendency to association of the molecules *via* El–Cl bridging bonds from P to Bi becomes apparent. Whereas the title compound consists of isolated molecules, Me₂Si(N^tBu)₂AsCl contains dimers and in the antimony and the bismuth compound the molecules are connected to chains *via* bridging Cl atoms [17, 18].

Acknowledgements: We thank E. Hammes and P. Roloff for technical support.

References

- Sheldrick, G. M.: A short history of SHELX. *Acta Crystallogr. A* **64** (2008) 112–122.
- Brandenburg, K.: DIAMOND. Visual Crystal Structure Information System. Ver. 3.0. Crystal Impact GbR, Bonn, Germany, 2012.
- Fink, W.: Zur Kenntnis von *N,N'*-Bis-trimethylsilyl-tetramethylcyclodisilazan und anderen 4gliedrigen Silicium und Stickstoff enthaltenden Ringen. *Chem. Ber.* **96** (1963) 1071–1079.
- Veith, M.; Bertsch, B.; Huch, V.: Zur Element-Stickstoff-Doppelbindung in Kationen cyclischer Bis(amino)-phospha-, -arsa-, -stiba- und -bismutane. *Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem.* **559** (1988) 73–88.
- Frank, W.; Petry, V.; Gerwalin, E.; Reiss, G. J.: Synthesis, structure, and bonding of a mixed-valent tetraphosphete. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **35** (1996) 1512–1514.
- Breuers, V.; Lehmann, C. W.; Frank, W.: Unusual bonding and properties in main group element chemistry: rational synthesis, characterization, and experimental electron density determination of mixed-valent tetraphosphetes. *Chem. Eur. J.* **21** (2015) 4596–4606.
- Breuers, V.; Frank, W.: The crystal structure of 2-chloro-1,3-bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-4,4-dimethyl-1,3,2λ³,4-diazaphosphasiletidine. *Z. Kristallogr. NCS* **231** (2016) 529–532.
- Scherer, O. J.; Püttmann, M.; Krüger, C.; Wolmershäuser, G.: Aminophosphan- und Aminophosphoran-Rotamere. *Chem. Ber.* **115** (1982) 2076–2124.
- Brown, I. D.; Altermatt, D.: Bond-valence parameters obtained from a systematic analysis of the inorganic crystal structure database. *Acta Crystallogr. B* **41** (1985) 244–247.
- Clegg, W.; Klingebiel, U.; Sheldrick, G. M.; Vater, N.: Darstellung und Molekülstruktur von 1,3-Diaza-2,4-disilacyclobutanen. *Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem.* **482** (1981) 88–94.
- Clegg, W.; Haase, M.; Sheldrick, G. M.; Vater, N.: Structure of 1,3-di-*tert*-butyl-2,2,4,4-tetraisopropylcyclodisilazane, C₂₀H₄₆N₂Si₂. *Acta Crystallogr. C* **40** (1984) 871–873.
- Shah, S. A. A.; Roesky, H. W.; Lubini, P.; Schmidt, H.-G.: 1,3-Bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-2,2,4,4-tetramethyl-1,3-diaza-2,4-disilacyclobutane. *Acta Crystallogr. C* **52** (1996) 2810–2811.
- Anagho, L. E.; Bickley, J. F.; Steiner, A.; Stahl, L.: Synthesis and solid-state structure of a metal complex of a diphosphineimine. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **44** (2005) 3271–3275.
- Galy, J.; Enjalbert, R.: Crystal chemistry of the VA element trihalides: lone pair, stereochemistry, and structural relationships. *J. Solid State Chem.* **44** (1982) 1–23.
- Hollemann, A. F.; Wiberg, N.: *Lehrbuch der Anorganischen Chemie*, 102th ed., de Gruyter, Berlin [u.a.], 2007.
- Hayd, H.; Savin, H.; Stoll, A.; Preuss, H.: Influence of substituents on bond lengths. *J. Mol. Struct.* **165** (1988) 87–97.
- Veith, M.; Bertsch, B.: Cyclische Bis(amino)-arsa-, -stiba-, -bismachloride und ein spezielles Tris(amino)bismutan. *Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem.* **557** (1988) 7–22.
- Ma, X.; Ding, Y.; Roesky, H. W.; Sun, S.; Yang, Z.: Synthesis and crystal structures of antimony(III) complexes with a bis(amino)silane ligand. *Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem.* **639** (2013) 49–52.