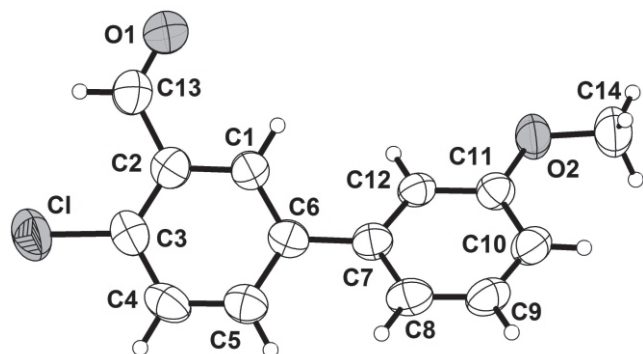


Crystal structure of 4-chloro-3'-methoxy-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-carbaldehyde, C₁₄H₁₁ClO₂

Weiwei Cao, Haifeng Gan, Zhengbang Chen and Kai Guo*

College of Biotechnology and Pharmaceutical Engineering, Nanjing Tech University, Nanjing 210009, Jiangsu Province, P. R. China

Received May 23, 2013, accepted August 16, 2013, available online May 26, 2015, CCDC no. 1267/4027



Abstract

C₁₄H₁₁ClO₂, orthorhombic, *P*2₁2₁2₁ (no. 19), *a* = 4.1210(8) Å, *b* = 11.363(2) Å, *c* = 24.982(5) Å, *V* = 1169.8 Å³, *Z* = 4, *R*_{gt}(*F*) = 0.0572, *wR*_{ref}(*F*²) = 0.1287, *T* = 293 K.

Table 1. Data collection and handling.

Crystal:	colourless needles, size 0.10×0.10×0.30 mm
Wavelength:	Mo <i>K</i> _α radiation (0.71073 Å)
<i>μ</i> :	3.11 cm ^{−1}
Diffractometer, scan mode:	Nonius CAD4, <i>ω</i> /2 θ
2 θ _{max} :	50.72°
<i>N</i> (<i>hkl</i>) _{measured} , <i>N</i> (<i>hkl</i>) _{unique} :	2543, 2130
Criterion for <i>I</i> _{obs} , <i>N</i> (<i>hkl</i>) _{gt} :	<i>I</i> _{obs} > 2 σ (<i>I</i> _{obs}), 1336
<i>N</i> (<i>param</i>) _{refined} :	154
Programs:	SHELX [2]

Source of material

To a mixture of 3-methoxybenzyl boronic acid (2.863 g, 18.8 mmol), 5-bromo-2-chlorobenzaldehyde (4.0 g, 18.4 mmol), Pd(0)(PPh₃)₄ (0.698 g, 0.6 mmol) and sodium carbonate (2.430 g, 22.9 mmol) protected by a N₂ atmosphere was added degassed THF (125 ml), toluene (125 ml) and H₂O (4 ml). This was heated to 98 °C and stirred for 27 h. The solution was allowed to cool, then condensed under reduced pressure and re-dissolved in DCM (200 ml). The dichloromethane (DCM) solution was washed with 10% NaHCO₃(aq) (100 ml), brine (100 ml), dried with Na₂SO₄, condensed under reduced pressure and purified on silica eluting with DCM/Hexane. The product was isolated as a clear oil: yield 1.958 g (43.27%). **Elemental analysis** calcd. for C₁₄H₁₁ClO₂: C, 68.16; H, 4.49; Cl, 14.37; O, 12.97%; found: C, 68.18; H, 4.47; N, 14.35; O, 12.99%.

Experimental details

In the crystal, H atoms were positioned geometrically with C–H = 0.93 Å for aromatic, and methyl, respectively, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with *U*_{iso}(H) = 1.2 (or 1.5 for methyl groups) times *U*_{eq}(C). According to the quality of the crystals and

the low redundancy of the data collection strategy the absolute structure could not be reliably determined.

Discussion

4-chloro-3'-methoxy-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-carbaldehyde is an important synthon for the modification of porphyrin [1]. Until now, there are no synthesized of this Structure. All bond lengths and angles are in the expected ranges. The two rings are twisted against each other by roughly 30°. The shortest intermolecular O···H distance falls with 2.69 Å in the range of the O/H van der Waals distance. Therefore, significant non-classical hydrogen bonds can be ruled out.

Table 2. Atomic coordinates and displacement parameters (in Å²).

Atom	Site	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>U</i> _{iso}
H(1A)	4a	0.6284	0.4591	0.6510	0.056
H(4A)	4a	0.0417	0.7377	0.5573	0.071
H(5A)	4a	0.2684	0.7836	0.6387	0.066
H(8A)	4a	0.6810	0.8327	0.6920	0.065
H(9A)	4a	0.9290	0.8768	0.7718	0.068
H(10A)	4a	0.9826	0.7388	0.8381	0.064
H(12A)	4a	0.5766	0.4979	0.7415	0.052
H(13A)	4a	0.3373	0.3459	0.5282	0.078
H(14A)	4a	0.9888	0.4679	0.9022	0.107
H(14B)	4a	0.8869	0.6006	0.8987	0.107
H(14C)	4a	1.2112	0.5582	0.8721	0.107

* Correspondence author (e-mail: guok@njtech.edu.cn)

Table 3. Atomic coordinates and displacement parameters (in Å²).

Atom	Site	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>U</i> ₁₁	<i>U</i> ₂₂	<i>U</i> ₃₃	<i>U</i> ₁₂	<i>U</i> ₁₃	<i>U</i> ₂₃
Cl	4 <i>a</i>	0.0421(3)	0.5407(1)	0.49180(4)	0.0771(9)	0.104(1)	0.0464(6)	0.0120(8)	−0.0059(6)	0.0042(6)
C(1)	4 <i>a</i>	0.510(1)	0.5153(3)	0.6323(2)	0.047(2)	0.046(2)	0.048(2)	−0.003(2)	−0.001(2)	0.002(2)
O(1)	4 <i>a</i>	0.630(1)	0.2976(3)	0.5795(1)	0.126(4)	0.060(2)	0.077(2)	0.018(2)	−0.026(2)	−0.008(2)
O(2)	4 <i>a</i>	0.8222(9)	0.5137(2)	0.8317(1)	0.089(2)	0.054(2)	0.047(2)	−0.005(2)	−0.019(2)	0.002(1)
C(2)	4 <i>a</i>	0.379(1)	0.4864(4)	0.5824(2)	0.049(3)	0.056(2)	0.044(2)	−0.001(2)	0.009(2)	0.003(2)
C(3)	4 <i>a</i>	0.210(1)	0.5691(4)	0.5539(2)	0.038(2)	0.071(3)	0.043(2)	−0.002(2)	0.005(2)	0.008(2)
C(4)	4 <i>a</i>	0.162(1)	0.6816(4)	0.5758(2)	0.058(3)	0.067(3)	0.053(3)	0.018(3)	0.009(2)	0.020(2)
C(5)	4 <i>a</i>	0.295(1)	0.7082(4)	0.6250(2)	0.056(3)	0.051(3)	0.059(3)	0.003(2)	0.003(2)	0.007(2)
C(6)	4 <i>a</i>	0.466(1)	0.6263(3)	0.6544(2)	0.047(3)	0.041(2)	0.049(2)	−0.005(2)	0.005(2)	0.010(2)
C(7)	4 <i>a</i>	0.608(1)	0.6579(3)	0.7070(2)	0.046(3)	0.045(2)	0.051(3)	0.001(2)	0.005(2)	0.000(2)
C(8)	4 <i>a</i>	0.711(1)	0.7741(3)	0.7175(2)	0.064(3)	0.035(2)	0.065(3)	−0.005(2)	0.009(3)	0.008(2)
C(9)	4 <i>a</i>	0.855(1)	0.8006(4)	0.7659(2)	0.056(3)	0.041(2)	0.074(3)	−0.004(2)	−0.001(3)	−0.012(2)
C(10)	4 <i>a</i>	0.893(1)	0.7183(4)	0.8053(2)	0.053(3)	0.051(3)	0.057(3)	0.004(2)	0.001(2)	−0.011(2)
C(11)	4 <i>a</i>	0.796(1)	0.6042(3)	0.7953(2)	0.048(3)	0.042(2)	0.050(3)	−0.002(2)	−0.001(2)	0.000(2)
C(12)	4 <i>a</i>	0.649(1)	0.5746(3)	0.7470(2)	0.045(2)	0.035(2)	0.050(2)	0.000(2)	0.000(2)	−0.003(2)
C(13)	4 <i>a</i>	0.445(1)	0.3674(4)	0.5595(2)	0.080(4)	0.065(3)	0.050(3)	0.004(3)	−0.004(3)	−0.003(2)
C(14)	4 <i>a</i>	0.991(1)	0.5370(4)	0.8801(2)	0.088(4)	0.075(3)	0.052(3)	−0.005(4)	−0.016(3)	−0.001(2)

Acknowledgments. We thank the National High Technology Research and Development Program of China (863 Program) 2013AA031901 and 2012AA02A701.

- Sheldrick, G. M.: A short history of SHELX. *Acta Crystallogr.* **A64** (2008) 112-122.

References

- Hunter, C. A.; Misuraca, M. C.; Turega, S. M.: Dissection of Complex Molecular Recognition Interfaces. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **133** (2011) 582-594.