

In this issue

Kaushik Roy, Chandan K. Sarkar and Chandan K. Ghosh

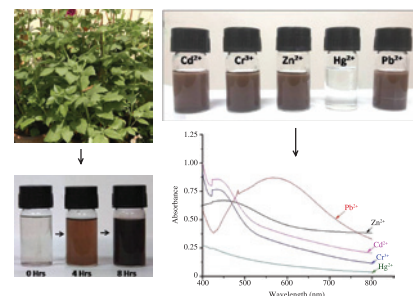
Rapid colorimetric detection of Hg^{2+} ion by green silver nanoparticles synthesized using *Dahlia pinnata* leaf extract

DOI 10.1515/gps-2015-0052

Green Process Synth 2015; 4: 455–461

Original article: The article deals with colorimetric detection of hazardous Hg^{2+} ion by biogenic silver nanoparticles synthesized using leaf extract of *Dahlia pinnata*.

Keywords: *Dahlia pinnata* leaf extract; green silver nanoparticles; Hg^{2+} sensing ability; TEM; UV-Vis spectroscopy; XRD.



Ali Hashem, Hamdy A. Hammad and Alaauddeen Al-Anwar

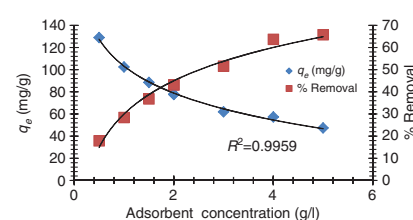
Chemically modified *Retama raetam* biomass as a new adsorbent for Pb(II) ions from aqueous solution: non-linear regression, kinetics and thermodynamics

DOI 10.1515/gps-2015-0074

Green Process Synth 2015; 4: 463–478

Original article: Succinic acid treated *Retama raetam*, a desert plant, was utilized as a biomass adsorbent for the removal of Pb(II) ions from aqueous solutions, and the effect of various parameters like pH, adsorbent concentration, contact time, temperature and initial concentration was investigated using batch process to optimize conditions for maximum adsorption.

Keywords: adsorption kinetics; aqueous solution; bio-adsorption; isotherm models; Pb(II) ions adsorption; *Retama raetam*; succinic acid; thermodynamics.



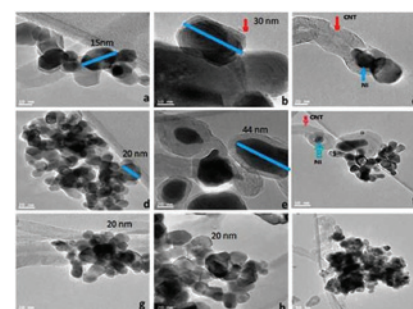
Nora Yah, Saliha Menad and Inmaculada Rodríguez-Ramos
Dry reforming of methane over Ni/CeO₂ catalysts prepared by three different methods

DOI 10.1515/gps-2015-0061

Green Process Synth 2015; 4: 479–486

Original article: The article deals with TEM profiles of Ni-Ce catalysts prepared by sol-gel, autocombustion and microemulsion.

Keywords: autocombustion; dry reforming; methane; microemulsion; Ni/CeO₂; sol-gel.



Amneesh Singla, Rajnish Garg
and Mukesh Saxena

**Microstructure and wear behavior
of Al-Al₂O₃ *in situ* composites
fabricated by the reaction of V₂O₅
particles in pure aluminum**

DOI 10.1515/gps-2015-0073

Green Process Synth 2015; 4: 487–497

Original article: The intention of this study is to investigate the microstructure and wear properties of *in situ* aluminum composite obtained by the addition of V₂O₅ particles in different amounts.

Keywords: alumina; hardness; *in situ* composite; V₂O₅; wear.

