

Biographical Notes

Narciso Barrera Bassols is a Mexican geographer and anthropologist dedicated to the study of Indigenous/peasant ontologies, epistemologies, and practices on nature for more than four decades. He holds a Ph.D. in Environmental Sciences from Ghent University, Belgium and the International Institute of Geoinformatics Sciences and Earth Observation, the Netherlands. He has been a National Researcher at SNI-CONAHCYT since 2005 and has a Level III rating. Currently, he is a full-time professor at the Faculty of Natural Sciences in the Environmental Geography program at the Autonomous University of Querétaro. His lines of research are Eco-geography, Environmental History, Rural Landscapes, Socio-Environmental Conflicts, Political Agroecology, Biocultural Diversity, Ethnoecology, Ethnogeography, and Ethnoedaphology. He has conducted fieldwork with Mesoamerican, Andean, Andalusian, and southern African peoples. He has published more than 150 international and national articles, books, and book chapters. He is an advisor to Indigenous and peasant organizations in Mexico and is a visiting professor at universities in Colombia, Brazil, Argentina, and Spain. Founder of the Thematic Network of Biocultural Heritage of CONAHCYT in his country. He has coordinated the International Diploma in Agroecology for Sustainability from 2015 to date. He currently coordinates the Political Agroecology Working Group of the Latin American Council of Social Sciences (CLACSO).

Gerónimo Barrera de la Torre is a postdoctoral researcher at Brown University, under the Emerging Voices Fellowship program of the American Council of Learned Societies. He conducted his doctoral studies at the University of Texas at Austin in the Latin American Studies program (LLILAS-Benson). His topics of interests are Indigenous/campesino, critical and political geographies, political ecology, critical cartography, and collaborative methodologies, particularly social mapping and documentary video. He has worked with Indigenous Chatina and peasant communities in Oaxaca, Mexico, exploring local knowledge and history, and the effects of forest conservation on communal lands, forest commodification, and social differences among communities in the same region. He has recently published a book chap-

ter on “Social Cartography in Latin America” (Routledge, 2023), and co-published the article “Guarding the colonial woodlands: a genealogy of discourses on forest conservation in Bourbon’s eighteenth-century New Spain (Mexico)” (*Journal of Historical Geography*, 2022). Finally, he will co-author the book *Society Despite the State. Reimagining Geographies of Order* (2024) with Pluto Press.

Johannes Bohle is a geographer and works as an urban planner focusing on bicycle transportation planning in the Stuttgart metropolitan area. Previously, he taught geography and geography education at *Europa-Universität Flensburg*. His dissertation was completed at Bielefeld University’s Center for InterAmerican Studies and examined the governmentality of hurricane riskscapes in the Caribbean. For seven years, he was member of the Socare (Society of Caribbean Research) executive board. His research in the Caribbean is based on extensive fieldwork in Martinique, Dominica, Jamaica, Florida, and Quintana Roo. It led to publications on human-environment relations (“Caribbean Entanglements,” 2015), the spatial dimension and biopolitics of extreme events (“Hurricane-Risks and Governmentality,” 2018), and climate change adaptation (“Sustainable Urban Planning?”, 2018). Currently, he is co-editing the book “Politics of Education in the Caribbean and its Diasporas.”

Juan Manuel Cerdá holds a Ph.D. from the National University of Quilmes (UNQ), a Master’s degree in Contemporary European and Latin American History from Torcuato Di Tella University, and a Specialist degree in Statistics Applied to Social Sciences from the Center for Statistics and Information of FLACSO-IDES. Currently, he is an Independent Researcher at CONICET and a research professor at UNQ. His research areas focus on socio-environmental inequalities in Argentina, particularly in relation to the wine sector and its sustainability from a historical perspective.

Rafael Chamboleyron has been Professor at the *Universidade Federal do Pará*, Brazil, since 1996. He obtained his PhD from the University of Cambridge, in 2005. He studies the history of colonial Amazonia, focusing on its territorial occupation, Indigenous and African labor, and economic dynamics. In 2023, he edited a book on the production, trade, and circulation of Amazonian spices, entitled *As drogas do sertão e a Amazônia colonial portuguesa* (Centro de História da Universidade de Lisboa, 2023).

Nicolás Cuvi is a biologist who holds a Master’s in Scientific Communication and a Ph.D. in History of Sciences from the Autonomous University of Barcelona. Since 2010, he has been a tenured research professor at the Latin American Faculty of Social Sciences (FLACSO Ecuador). He currently coordinates the Ph.D. in History of the Andes, and researches the history of environmental sciences and environmental history in the Andes and the Amazon, climate change, environmental ethics, and environmental humanities. In 2023, he jointly received the honorable mention in the

Humboldt-Caldas Medal Award, granted by the Colombian Academy of Exact, Physical, and Natural Sciences, for the article “Changes of Cinchona distribution over the past two centuries in the northern Andes” published in *Royal Society Open Science*. His latest book is *Historia ambiental y ecología urbana para Quito* (FLACSO and Abya Yala, 2022). He participated as lead author in the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. He is a member of the Ecuadorian Academy of Sciences, the Latin American and Caribbean Society for Environmental History, the Science Panel for the Amazon, and collaborates regularly with the Occupy Climate Change! project and its *Atlas of the Other Worlds*.

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Usos agrarios, mensura y representación en Cuba, siglo XIX (Editorial Imagen Contemporánea, 2023). His work in this volume was made possible by the support of the Davis Center Department for Historical Studies at Princeton University.

Margarita Gascón earned her Master and Ph.D. from the University of Ottawa, Canada. She is a tenured researcher of the National Council for Scientific and Technological Research (CONICET) in Argentina and teaches at the undergraduate and graduate levels in Mendoza. Her research interests are in the field of colonial Latin America and environmental history. Among her most recent publications are the afterword to *De viejas y nuevas fronteras en América y Europa* (Universidad Finis Terrae, 2022) and the chapter “Las múltiples identidades étnicas en la frontera colonial del último sur hispanoamericano,” in *Crítica de la Razón Indígena* (Universidad Nacional de La Plata, 2023). She is a co-editor of the book *More-than-Human Histories of Latina America and the Caribbean* (University of London Press, 2024).

Carolina Hormaza is a doctoral candidate in History at Bielefeld University, a member of the Center for InterAmerican Studies, and academic coordinator of the Volkswagen-project *Convertir la Tierra en Capital* (Turning Land into Capital). Carolina holds a B.A. in Sociology and an M.A. in Spatial Planning from the National University of Colombia. In her thesis, Carolina analyzes concepts from German geography on agrarian colonization in Latin America between 1950 and 1970. Carolina has been spokesperson for the Young Researchers Group of the German Association for Latin American Studies (ADLAF) since June 2022. Her research interests include the global history of science and its interweaving with the agrarian history of Latin America in the twentieth century. Her latest publications include the co-authored paper “Shifting perceptions or shifting attention? The local press, Venezuelan migration, and hostile perceptions in Colombia” (*Estudios sobre el Mensaje Periodístico*, 2024), the book chapter “El espacio vital y el espacio natural en los estudios sobre la Amazonia Andina colombiana del geógrafo Ernesto Guhl Nimtz.” in *La Amazonía Andina en el siglo XXI: ambiente, territorio y existencias* (Editorial CLACSO-CALAS, forthcoming), and “La fotointerpretación y la geografía alemana sobre la colonización agraria en Costa Rica 1958–1968 in Allevi” in *Saberes globales y expertos locales en América Latina en el siglo XX* (Wbg Academic, forthcoming).

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Olaf Kaltmeier is professor of Ibero-American history at Bielefeld University and director of the Maria Sibylla Merian Center for Advanced Latin American Studies in the Social Sciences and Humanities (CALAS). At Bielefeld University he was founder of the Center for InterAmerican Studies (CIAS). Since 2023 he is also director of the collaborative international VW-research project “Turning Land into Capital: Historical Conjunctures of (Re-)Production of Wealth in Latin America from the 19th to the 21st century”. His lines of research are indigeneity, social movements, space and landscape, environmental history, state formation, inter-American studies. He has conducted research and teaching in Chile, Bolivia, Ecuador, Argentina, Mexico, Peru, and the United States. He has published more than 200 international and national articles, books, and book chapters. His latest monographies include *Resistencia Mapuche. Reflexiones en torno al poder siglos XVI a XXI* (Pehuén: Santiago de Chile 2022), *Refeudalización. Social, economic and cultural political inequality in Latin America in the early 21st century* (BiUP: Bielefeld 2018), and *National Parks from North to South. An Entangled History of Conservation and Colonization in Argentina* (WVT/UNO: Trier, New Orleans 2021).

Yann-Olivier Kersaint is a German-Haitian Ph.D. and Geographer who works on the production of urban spaces within their historical and geographical milieus. With a regional focus on the insular Caribbean, his research illuminates the nuanced interplay between human activity and natural phenomena, particularly the production of risk and the social response to natural hazards. His interests lie, on the one hand, in the materiality of cities and their embedding in natural contexts, and on the other, particularly in the social processes of urban societies and their cultural expression, shaped by colonization, creolization, and migration. This applies, in particular, to the development of hybrid identities and cultural assets on the islands of the Caribbean and in the urban arrival centers of the Caribbean diaspora. Having completed his doctorate at the University of Münster, Germany on one of the most significant urban development processes of the 2010s in the Caribbean, the post-earthquake city of Canaan in Haiti, he now lives and works in the city of Berlin in the field of Urban Practice and as an independent geographer.

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