

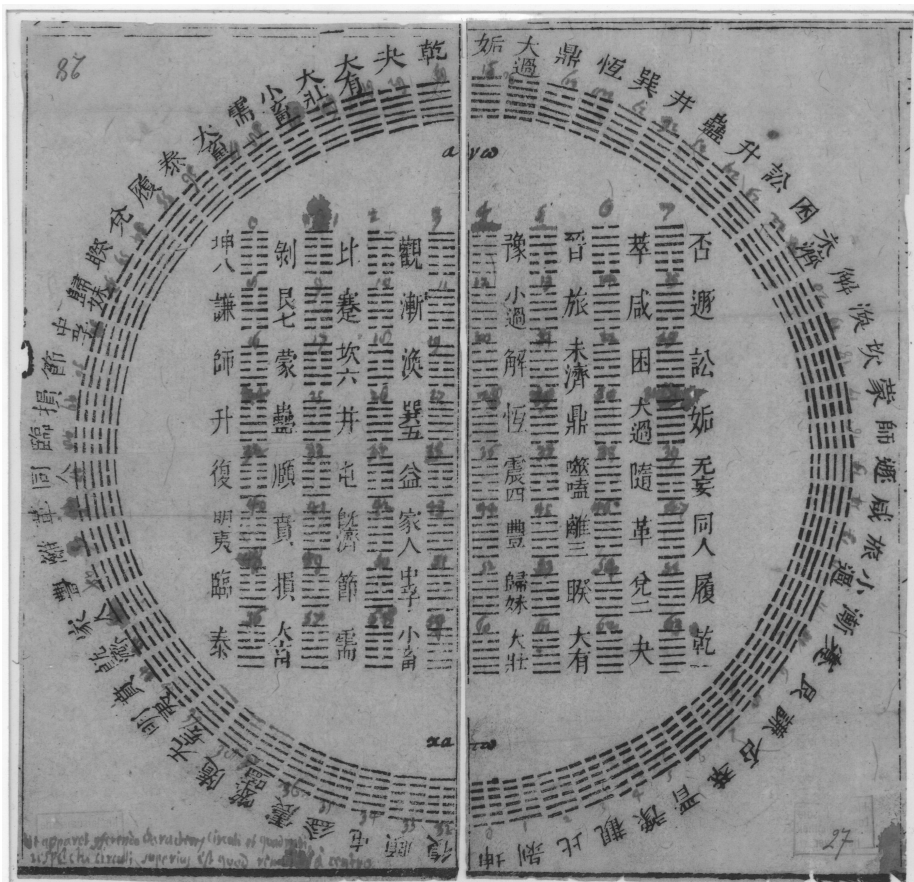


Figure 1: The sixty-four hexagrams in the combined circle and square form by Shao Yong 邵雍 (1011–1077) (Bouvet and Leibniz 1697–1707, f. 27r).