

List of Illustrations

- Fig. 1:** Physical Map of the Black Sea Region, Maps-For-Free, CC 0 1.0, accessed May 21, 2024, <https://maps-for-free.com.v>.
- Fig. 2:** Google Maps, “Black Sea,” accessed June 28, 2024, <https://www.google.com/maps/place/Black+Sea/@43.7681895,34.610115,6z/data=!3m1!4b1!4m6!3m5!1s0x405db94b77d2f233:0xfe5cd6c659adc698!8m2!3d43.413029!4d34.299316!16zL20vMDE1aDc7entry=tту>.
- Fig. 3:** Mateus Prunes, cartographer, *Chart of the Mediterranean, Black Sea, and the coasts of Western Europe and Northwest Africa*, 1559, Library of Congress, Geography and Map division, accessed December 4, 2023, <http://hdl.loc.gov/loc.gmd/g5672m.ct002457>.
- Fig. 4:** Piri Reis, cartographer, *Map of the Black Sea*, The Walters Art Museum, CC 0 1.0, accessed May 21, 2024, <https://art.thewalters.org/detail/79936/map-of-the-black-sea-coastline>.
- Fig. 5:** *Southern Greece and the Aegean Sea*, The Walters Art Museum, CC 0 1.0, accessed May 21, 2024, <https://art.thewalters.org/detail/79050/southern-greece-and-the-aegean-sea>.
- Fig. 6:** Matthäus Seutter, cartographer, *Magni Turcarum Dominatoris Imperium per Europam, Asiam et Africam, se extendens Regiones tam proprias, quan tributarias et clientelares ut et omnes Beglerbegatus sive Praefecturas Generales oculis sistens accuratissima cura delineatum*, ca. 1730, Geographicus Rare Antique Maps, accessed May 21, 2024, <https://www.geographicus.com/P/AntiqueMap/MagniTurcarum-seutter-1740>.
- Fig. 7:** Hermann Moll, cartographer, *Map of Moscovy, Poland, Little Tartary and ye Black Sea*, 1732, David Rumsey Historical Map Collection, accessed December 4, 2023, <https://www.davidrumsey.com/luna/servlet/detail/RUMSEY~8~1~277424~90050443>.
- Fig. 8:** Didier Robert de Vaugondy, cartographer, *Carte des environs de la Mer Noire où se trouvent l'Ukraine, la Petite Tartarie, la Circassie, la Géorgie et les confins de la Russie européenne et de la Turquie, dédiée et présentée à Monseigneur le duc de Choiseul*, Gallica, Bibliothèque nationale de France, accessed December 3, 2023, <https://gallica.bnf.fr/ark:/12148/btv1b53039400r>.
- Fig. 9:** Samuel Dunn, cartographer, *First part of Turkey in Europe ... to which is added the whole of the Black Sea*, New York Public Library Digital Collections, accessed December 4, 2023, <https://digitalcollections.nypl.org/items/bbe76f20-857c-0132-d31c-58d385a7b928>.
- Fig. 10:** Thomas Packer, cartographer, *A Panoramic View of the Seat of War, the Crimea & the Principal Towns & Forts on the Shores of the Black Sea*, 1855, Österreichische Nationalbibliothek, accessed December 4, 2023, <https://onb.digital/result/110DEE66>.
- Fig. 11:** *Pontus Euxinus et quae adjacent*, in *Atlas Antiquus*, ed. Carl Spruner (Gotha: Justus Perthes, 1865), 24, Geographicus Rare Antique Maps, accessed May 21, 2024, <https://www.geographicus.com/P/AntiqueMap/pontuseuxinus-spruner-1865>.
- Fig. 12:** John and Charles Walker, cartographers, *The Euxine or Black Sea: From the Russian Govt. Surveys. With Additions by the Surveyors to the European Commission on the River Danube, 1870–3, 1893*, Universitätsbibliothek Wien, CC BY-NC 4.0 International, accessed December 4, 2023, <https://goobi-viewer.univie.ac.at/viewer/fullscreen/AC12006251/1/>.
- Fig. 13:** Edward Stanford, *Asia Minor, the Caucasus & the Black Sea*, David Rumsey Historical Map Collection, accessed November 20, 2023, <https://www.davidrumsey.com/luna/servlet/detail/RUMSEY~8~1~314704~90083576>.
- Fig. 14:** Iurii Lypa and Lev Bykovskiy, *Chornomorskyi prostir* (Odesa: Ukrainskyi Chornomorskyi Instytut, 1941), 8.
- Fig. 15:** Jan Kowalewski, “Bałtyk – Morze Czarne,” *Problemy Europy Wschodniej* 1, no. 5 (May 1939): 273–74.
- Fig. 16:** Klub Feder. Śród.-Europ., *Międzymorze* (Rome: Sitwa, 1946), 4.
- Fig. 17:** The monument to General Eduard Totleben in Sevastopol, photo: Valentin Ramirez, July 24, 2004, <https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Totlebin.JPG>.

- Fig. 18:** The Malaia Zemlia Memorial in Novorossiisk, photo: Elena Rjabina, August 12, 2014, CC BY-SA 3.0, <https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Malaja-Zemlja.JPG>.
- Fig. 19:** The Legendary Tachanka monument in Kakhovka, photo: Volodymyr Dziubak, August 4, 2012, CC BY-SA 4.0, [https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Монумент_“Легендарна_тачанка”_\(Каховка\)_08.jpg](https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Монумент_“Легендарна_тачанка”_(Каховка)_08.jpg).
- Fig. 20:** The Reconciliation Monument in Sevastopol, visited by Vladimir Putin on November 4, 2021, photo: Administratsiia Prezidenta Rossii, November 4, 2021, CC BY 4.0, https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Путин_поздравляет_с_Днём_народного_единства_2021_09.jpg.
- Fig. 21:** The monument to Antin Holovatyi in Odesa, photo: Yuriy Kvach, October 5, 2012, CC 0 1.0, <https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:AG4.jpg>.
- Fig. 22:** The monument to Alexander III in Livadiia, Yalta (Crimea), photo: Kovalchuk, July 23, 2019, https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Памятник_Александру_III_в_Ливадии.jpg.
- Fig. 23:** The Monument to the Founders of Odesa (Catherine II), photo: RyzhulyaVkedah, September 15, 2014, CC BY-SA 4.0, https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Памятник_“Основателям_Одессы”.JPG.
- Fig. 24:** Greek colonies on the northern Black Sea, eighth to third century BC, author: George Tsiagalakis, January 31, 2015, CC BY-SA 4.0, 3.0, 2.5, 2.0, 1.0, [https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Greek_colonies_of_the_Northern_Euxine_Sea_\(Black_Sea\).svg](https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Greek_colonies_of_the_Northern_Euxine_Sea_(Black_Sea).svg).
- Fig. 25:** The Khazar Khaganate, c. 820 AD (area of direct Khazar control in dark blue, sphere of influence in purple), author: User:Briangotts, June 26, 2023, CC BY-SA 3.0, https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Khazar_map1.PNG.
- Fig. 26:** The Pechenegs, c. 1030 AD, author: Nk, February 11, 2008, https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Pechenegs_c.1030.svg.
- Fig. 27:** Ivan S. Isakov, ed., *Morskoi atlas*, vol. 1, *Navigatsionno-geograficheskii* (Moscow: Izdatelstvo Morskogo Generalnogo Shtaba, 1950), map 37.
- Fig. 28:** *Taganrog um 1840*, Bibliogr. Institut Hildburghausen, in: *Malerisches altes Europa: Romantische Ansichten von Städten und Schlössern der guten alten Zeit* Rolf Müller, ed. Rolf Müller (Hamburg: Rolf Müller Verlag, 1970).