

Contents of volume II

V	Laurasiatheria — xix	24	Chiroptera — 322
21 to 23	General remarks on Erinaceomorpha, Soricomorpha and Pholidota — 309	24.1	Introductory remarks — 322
21	Erinaceomorpha — 309	24.2	Systematics, phylogeny, zoogeography of Chiroptera — 323
21.1	Introductory remarks and notes on food of Erinaceomorpha — 309	24.3	Food of Chiroptera in general — 325
21.2	Anatomy of the stomach of the Erinaceomorpha, including arterial supply — 310	24.4	General remarks on the gastric anatomy of Chiroptera — 327
21.3	Small intestine and colon in Erinaceomorpha — 311	24.5	Chiroptera, Pteropodidae — 328
21.4	Blood vessels supplying or draining the colon of Erinaceomorpha — 311	24.5.1	General remarks on Pteropodidae — 328
22	Soricomorpha — 312	24.5.2	Gastric anatomy of Pteropodidae — 328
22.1	General remarks — 312	24.5.2.1	<i>Pteropus</i> sp. — 329
22.2	Short remarks on the digestive physiology of Soricomorpha — 312	24.5.2.2	<i>Harpyionycteris</i> sp. — 329
22.2.1	Family Soricidae, Subfamily Crocidurinae and Myosoricinae — 313	24.5.2.3	<i>Scotonycteris</i> sp. — 331
22.2.1.1	Food of Crocidurinae and Myosoricinae — 313	24.5.2.4	<i>Eonycteris</i> sp. — 331
22.2.1.2	Gastric anatomy and remarks on digestion — 313	24.5.2.5	<i>Rousettus</i> sp. — 331
22.2.2	Family Soricidae, Subfamily Soricinae — 315	24.5.2.6	<i>Megaloglossus</i> sp. — 331
22.2.2.1	General remarks — 315	24.5.2.7	<i>Epomophorus</i> sp. — 332
22.2.2.2	Food of Soricinae — 315	24.5.2.8	Concluding remarks on pteropodid stomach anatomy — 332
22.2.2.3	Gastric anatomy and remarks on digestion — 315	24.5.2.9	Gastric digestion in Pteropodidae — 332
22.2.2.4	Rectum-licking — 316	24.5.3	Small intestine of the Pteropodidae, form and function — 332
22.2.3	Family Talpidae, short overview — 316	24.5.4	Large intestine in the Pteropodidae — 333
22.2.4	Concluding remarks on gastric elongation in the Soricomorpha — 317	24.6	Chiroptera, Microchiroptera — 333
22.2.5	Blood vessels of the digestive tract in Soricomorpha — 317	24.6.1	Gastric anatomy — 333
22.2.6	Colon of the Soricomorpha — 318	24.6.1.1	Gastric anatomy of the Megadermatidae — 333
22.2.6.1	Colonic villi in Soricomorpha — 318	24.6.1.2	Gastric anatomy of the Rhinopomatidae — 334
23	Pholidota — 318	24.6.1.3	Gastric anatomy of the Hipposideridae — 334
23.1	General remarks — 318	24.6.1.4	Gastric anatomy of the Rhinolophidae — 334
23.2	Remarks on systematics, biogeography and food in Pholidota — 319	24.6.1.5	Concluding remarks on the gastric form of Megadermatidae, Rhinopomatidae, Hipposideridae and Rhinolophidae — 334
23.3	Gastric anatomy of Pholidota — 319	24.6.2	Gastric anatomy of the Noctilionidae and Mormoopidae — 334
23.4	Form of the small and large intestines in Pholidota — 321	24.6.3	Gastric anatomy of the Thyropteridae — 335
23.5	Arteries of the gut in Pholidota — 321	24.7	Chiroptera, Phyllostomidae — 336
23.6	Concluding remarks on the colon of Erinaceomorpha, Soricomorpha and Pholidota — 321	24.7.1	General remarks — 336
		24.7.2	Feeding types within the Phyllostomidae — 336
		24.7.3	Gastric anatomy of the Phyllostominae — 337
		24.7.4	Gastric anatomy of the Carollinae — 338

24.7.5	Gastric anatomy of the Stenodermatinae — 338	25.5.1	Caecum of the Carnivora, Feliformia — 361
24.7.6	Gastric anatomy of the Glossophaginae — 339	26	Caniformia — 361
24.7.7	Gastric anatomy of the Brachyphyllinae and Phyllonycterinae — 341	26.1	Fissipeds, land-living Caniformia — 361
24.7.8	Gastric anatomy of the Desmodontinae — 341	26.1.1	General remarks on fissipeds — 361
24.8	Chiroptera, Molossidae — 342	26.1.2	The food of fissipeds — 362
24.8.1	Introductory remarks — 342	26.1.3	Gastric anatomy of fissipeds — 362
24.8.2	Gastric anatomy of the Molossidae — 342	26.2	Pinnipeds, aquatic Caniformia — 364
24.9	Chiroptera, Emballonuridae — 343	26.2.1	General remarks on pinnipeds — 364
24.9.1	Introductory remarks — 343	26.2.2	Gastric anatomy of pinnipeds — 365
24.9.2	Gastric anatomy of the Emballonuridae — 343	26.2.3	The small intestine of Pinnipedia — 366
24.10	Chiroptera, Natalidae — 344	26.2.4	Caecum of the Carnivora, Caniformia — 366
24.11	Chiroptera, Vespertilionidae — 345	26.2.4.1	Caecum of the Canidae — 366
24.11.1	Introductory remarks — 345	26.2.4.2	Regio ileocolica of the Mustelidae — 366
24.11.2	Gastric anatomy in the subfamily Vespertilioninae — 345	26.2.4.3	Regio ileocolica of the Ursidae (including <i>Ailuropoda melanoleuca</i> and <i>Ailurus fulgens</i>) — 367
24.11.3	Gastric anatomy in the subfamily Antrozoinae — 346	26.3	Caecum of the Pinnipedia — 369
24.11.4	Gastric anatomy in the subfamily Myotinae — 347	26.4	Colon of the Carnivora — 369
24.11.5	Gastric anatomy in the subfamily Miniopterinae — 348	26.4.1	Topography and morphology of the colon in Carnivora — 369
24.11.6	Gastric anatomy in the subfamily Kerivoulinae — 348	26.4.2	Notes on the wall of the colon — 372
24.12	Small intestine of Chiroptera — 349	26.4.3	Functional characteristics of the carnivoran colon — 373
24.12.1	Villi in the chiropteran small intestine — 349	26.4.4	Blood vessels supplying or draining the carnivoran colon — 375
24.13	The caecum in Chiroptera — 349	26.4.5	Concluding remarks on the colon of Carnivora — 376
24.13.1	Distribution and anatomy of the chiropteran caecum — 349	27	Perissodactyla — 378
24.13.2	Digestive physiology of chiropterans under special consideration of the caecum — 351	27.1	General remarks on the Perissodactyla — 378
24.14	Colon of Chiroptera — 352	27.2	Food of Perissodactyla in general — 378
24.15	Arterial supply of the gastrointestinal tract of Chiroptera — 352	27.3	Form and function of the post-oesophageal digestive tract in the Perissodactyla — 380
24.16	Concluding remarks on the digestive tract of Chiroptera — 353	27.4	Equidae — 380
25 and 26 Carnivora — 355		27.4.1	Considerations on the Phylogeny of horses — 380
General remarks on Carnivora — 355		27.4.2	Food of the genus <i>Equus</i> — 381
Types of food in Carnivora — 356		27.4.3	Wild asses — 382
25	Feliformia — 356	27.4.4	Gastric anatomy of the Equidae — 382
25.1	General remarks on Feliformia — 356	27.4.4.1	Internal mucosal lining of the equine stomach — 384
25.2	Gastric anatomy of Feliformia — 356	27.4.4.2	Gastric digestion in the horse — 385
25.3	Small intestine of the Carnivora — 359	27.5	Rhinocerotidae — 385
25.4	General remarks on the caecum of the Carnivora — 359	27.5.1	Food of the Rhinocerotidae — 386
25.5	Anatomy of the carnivoran caecum — 359	27.5.2	Anatomy of the stomach of Rhinocerotidae — 387
		27.6	Tapiridae — 388
		27.6.1	Food of the Tapiridae — 388
		27.6.1.1	Food of <i>Tapirus bairdii</i> — 388
		27.6.1.2	Food of <i>Tapirus pinchaque</i> — 389

27.6.1.3	Food of <i>Tapirus terrestris</i> — 389	28.2.3.2.5	Gastric mesenteries of Camelidae — 423
27.6.1.4	Food of <i>Tapirus indicus</i> — 390	28.2.3.2.6	Architecture of the tunica muscularis in Camelidae — 423
27.6.1.5	Summing up the information on tapir food — 390	28.2.3.2.7	Histology of the tunica mucosa in Camelidae — 425
27.6.2	Anatomy of the stomach of Tapiridae — 390	28.2.3.2.8	Gastric blood vessels in Camelidae — 426
27.7	The small intestine of Perissodactyla — 391	28.2.3.2.9	Functional overview of the stomach in Camelidae — 426
27.8	Caecum of the Equidae – recent horses, donkeys and asses — 391	28.2.3.2.10	Concluding remarks on the camelid stomach — 429
27.8.1	Functional remarks on the equine caecum — 393	28.2.4	Small intestine of Camelidae — 429
27.8.2	General remarks on the caecum of the Tapiridae — 396	28.2.5	Colon of Camelidae — 430
27.8.2.1	Anatomy of the caecum of the Tapiridae — 396	28.2.6	Functional anatomy of the caecum in Camelidae — 430
27.8.3	General remarks on the caecum of Rhinocerotidae — 397	28.3	Suidae — 431
27.8.4	Anatomy of the caecum of the Rhinocerotidae — 397	28.3.1	Introductory remarks — 431
27.9	Topography and morphology of the colon in Perissodactyla — 399	28.3.2	Food of Suidae — 433
27.9.1	Notes on the wall of the colon in Perissodactyla — 402	28.3.3	Gastric anatomy of the Suidae (Babirusa follows separately) — 433
27.9.2	Blood vessels supplying or draining the colon — 403	28.3.3.1	Mucosal lining of the suid stomach (Babirusa follows separately) — 435
27.9.3	Functional characteristics of the colon in Perissodactyla — 404	28.3.3.2	Gastric mesenteries (Babirusa follows separately) — 436
27.10	Remarks on the digestive tract of Perissodactyla, with anatomical and functional considerations — 405	28.3.3.3	Architecture of the tunica muscularis (Babirusa follows separately) — 437
27.11	Concluding remarks on Perissodactyla — 409	28.3.3.4	Blood vessels of the porcine stomach (Babirusa follows separately) — 438
28 to 30	Cetartiodactyla — 410	28.3.3.5	Ontogenetic development of the porcine stomach — 439
28	Cetartiodactyla, Artiodactyls — 410	28.3.3.6	Short functional remarks on the porcine stomach — 440
28.1	General remarks — 410	28.3.4	Small intestine of Suidae — 440
28.1.1	Systematics and types of food — 412	28.3.4.1	Glands and villi in the small intestine of Suidae — 440
28.2	Camelidae — 415	28.3.5	Topography and morphology of the colon in Suidae — 440
28.2.1	General remarks — 415	28.3.5.1	Blood vessels of the colon in Suidae — 441
28.2.2	Food of the Camelidae — 416	28.3.6	The caecum of the Suidae, general remarks — 442
28.2.3	Anatomy of the stomach of Camelidae — 416	28.3.6.1	Anatomy of the porcine caecum — 442
28.2.3.1	Terminological questions — 416	28.3.6.2	Remarks on the functions of the porcine caecum — 443
28.2.3.2	Descriptive anatomy of the camelid stomach — 418	28.4	Babirusa sp. — 444
28.2.3.2.1	General gastric anatomy and topography — 418	28.4.1	Introductory remarks — 444
28.2.3.2.2	Specific remarks on the rumen of Camelidae — 420	28.4.2	Food eaten by the babirusa — 444
28.2.3.2.3	Specific remarks on the reticulum of Camelidae — 422	28.4.3	Anatomy and mucosal lining of the stomach — 445
28.2.3.2.4	Specific remarks on the gastric tube and hindstomach of Camelidae — 422	28.4.3.1	Gastric mesenteries of the babirusa — 447
		28.4.3.2	Blood vessels of the babirusa stomach — 448

28.4.4	Small intestine of babirusa — 448	28.7.4	Gastric anatomy in the Pecora — 476
28.4.5	Colon of babirusa — 448	28.7.4.1	The ruminoreticulum in Pecora — 476
28.4.6	Remarks on the caecum of babirusa — 449	28.7.4.2	Anatomy of the rumen in Pecora — 476
28.5	Tayassuidae — 449	28.7.4.3	Internal macroscopic surface differentiations in the pecoran rumen — 477
28.5.1	Introductory remarks — 449	28.7.4.4	Anatomy of the reticulum in Pecora — 479
28.5.2	Remarks on the biology of peccaries — 450	28.7.4.5	Internal macroscopic surface differentiations in the pecoran reticulum — 479
28.5.3	Food of the peccaries — 451	28.7.4.6	Functional remarks on the whole ruminoreticulum in Pecora — 480
28.5.4	Anatomy of gastric compartments — 451	28.7.4.7	Anatomy of the omasum in the Pecora — 480
28.5.4.1	Internal mucosal lining — 455	28.7.4.8	Internal macroscopic surface differentiations in the pecoran omasum — 480
28.5.4.2	Muscle architecture of the tunica muscularis — 456	28.7.4.9	Functional remarks on the omasum in Pecora — 481
28.5.4.3	Arteries of the gastric region — 457	28.7.4.10	Anatomy of the abomasum in Pecora — 482
28.5.4.4	Mesenteries of the peccary stomach — 457	28.7.4.11	Internal macroscopic surface differentiations in the pecoran abomasum — 482
28.5.4.5	Functional remarks on the peccary stomach — 459	28.7.4.12	Functional remarks on the abomasum of Pecora — 482
28.5.5	Small intestine of Tayassuidae — 460	28.7.4.13	Relative volumes of gastric compartments in Pecora — 482
28.5.6	Colon of the Tayassuidae — 460	28.7.4.14	Blood vessels of the stomach in Pecora — 482
28.5.7	Caecum in Tayassuidae — 460	28.7.4.15	Gastric mesenteries in Pecora — 483
28.5.8	Remarks on digestion the Tayassuidae — 461	28.7.4.16	Muscle architecture of the gastric tunica muscularis in Pecora — 483
28.5.9	Comparative remarks on digestion in Suidae and Tayassuidae — 462	28.7.4.17	Functional remarks on the total stomach of Pecora — 485
28.6	Tragulidae — 463	28.7.5	Small intestine of Pecora — 486
28.6.1	Introductory remarks — 463	28.7.5.1	Glands and villi in the small intestine of Pecora — 487
28.6.2	Fossil and surviving Tragulidae — 464	28.7.6	Colon of Pecora — 488
28.6.3	The food of Tragulidae — 464	28.7.6.1	The tunica mucosa in the colon of Pecora — 489
28.6.4	Anatomy of gastric compartments — 465	28.7.7	Caecum of Pecora — 490
28.6.4.1	Rumen — 465	28.7.7.1	Anatomy and topography of the pecoran caecum — 490
28.6.4.2	Reticulum — 466	28.7.7.2	The caecum in Bovidae — 491
28.6.4.3	Isthmus reticuloabomasicus — 466	28.7.7.3	The caecum in Cervidae — 492
28.6.4.4	Abomasum — 468	28.7.7.4	The caecum in Giraffidae — 492
28.6.4.5	Mucosal lining of the tragulid stomach — 468	28.7.7.5	Remarks on the histology of the pecoran caecum — 493
28.6.4.6	Blood vessels of the tragulid stomach — 469	28.7.7.6	Embryology of the pecoran caecum — 493
28.6.4.7	Muscle architecture of the tunica muscularis — 469	28.7.7.7	Microbiology of the pecoran caecum — 494
28.6.4.8	Mesenteries — 469	28.7.7.8	Remarks on the physiology of the pecoran caecum — 494
28.6.4.9	Digestion and functional remarks on the stomach of the Tragulidae — 470		
28.6.5	Small intestine of the Tragulidae — 471		
28.6.6	Colon of the Tragulidae — 472		
28.6.7	Caecum of the Tragulidae — 472		
28.6.8	Remarks on digestion in Tragulidae — 473		
28.7	Pecora — 473		
28.7.1	Introductory remarks on Pecora — 473		
28.7.2	General considerations of gastric digestion in the Pecora — 474		
28.7.3	Remarks on food and general gastric function in Pecora — 475		

28.7.7.9	Remarks on the arterial supply, venous drainage and innervation of the pecoran caecum — 495	29 and 30 Cetartiodactyla, Cetacea — 514
28.8	Hippopotamidae — 496	29 Mysticeti — 514
28.8.1	General remarks — 496	29.1 Introductory remarks — 514
28.8.2	Fossil Hippopotamidae — 497	29.2 Systematics and Phylogeny of the Whippomorpha (Hippopotamidae plus Cetacea) — 514
28.8.3	Food of the Hippopotamidae — 497	29.3 Types of food in Mysticeti — 518
28.8.4	Gastric anatomy in Hippopotamidae — 498	29.4 Types of food in Odontoceti — 519
28.8.4.1	General subdivision and position of the stomach in Hippopotamidae — 498	29.5 Anatomy of the stomach of Cetacea — 521
28.8.4.2	Visceral blindsac in Hippopotamidae — 499	29.5.1 General remarks — 521
28.8.4.3	Parietal blindsac in Hippopotamidae — 500	29.5.2 Stomach of Mysticeti — 522
28.8.4.4	Connecting compartment in Hippopotamidae — 500	29.5.2.1 Stomach of Balaenidae, right whales — 522
28.8.4.5	Glandular stomach in Hippopotamidae — 500	29.5.2.2 Stomach of the Balaenopteridae, rorquals — 522
28.8.4.6	Volumes of gastric compartments in Hippopotamidae — 500	29.5.2.3 Stomach of Neobalaenidae — 526
28.8.4.7	Macroscopic internal surface differentiations in hippopotamid forestomachs — 502	29.5.2.4 Stomach of Eschrichtidae — 526
28.8.4.8	The mucosa of the glandular stomach in Hippopotamidae — 504	30 Odontoceti — 527
28.8.4.9	Mesenteries of the stomach in Hippopotamidae — 504	30.1 Stomach — 527
28.8.4.10	Muscle architecture of the hippopotamid gastric tunica muscularis — 504	30.1.1 Stomach of Odontoceti — 527
28.8.4.11	Blood vessels of the gastric region in Hippopotamidae — 506	30.1.2 Stomach of Delphinidae — 527
28.8.4.12	Remarks on gastric digestion in Hippopotamidae — 507	30.1.3 Stomach of Monodontidae — 530
28.8.5	Small intestine of Hippopotamidae — 509	30.1.4 Stomach of Phocoenidae — 531
28.8.6	Colon of Hippopotamidae — 509	30.1.5 Stomach of Physeteridae — 533
28.9	Concluding remarks on functional characteristics of the colon in different Artiodactyla — 510	30.1.6 Stomach of Platanistidae — 535
28.9.1	Microbial population — 510	30.1.7 Stomach of Iniidae — 537
28.9.2	Alloenzymatic digestion (fermentation) — 511	30.1.8 Stomach of <i>Inia geoffrensis</i> — 538
28.9.3	Importance of fermentation in the colon of Artiodactyla — 511	30.1.9 Stomach of <i>Pontoporia blainvillei</i> — 538
28.9.4	The colon as fermentation volume — 511	30.1.10 Stomach of <i>Lipotes vexillifer</i> — 538
28.9.5	Colonic spirals — 512	30.1.11 Comparative remarks on the stomach of the Iniidae and <i>Platanista</i> — 539
28.9.6	Taeniae, haustra and semilunar folds as differentiation of the colonic wall — 512	30.1.12 Stomach of Ziphiidae, general remarks — 540
28.9.7	Differentiation of the colonic tunica mucosa — 512	30.1.13 Stomach of <i>Hyperoodon</i> — 540
28.9.8	Lymphoid tissue and innervation of the colon in Artiodactyla — 513	30.1.14 Stomach of <i>Mesoplodon</i> — 541
		30.1.15 Concluding and comparative remarks on the cetacean stomach — 542
		30.2 Small intestine — 545
		30.2.1 Small intestine of Mysticeti — 545
		30.2.2 Small intestine of Odontoceti — 546
		30.3 Morphology and topography of the colon in Cetacea, introductory remarks — 546
		30.3.1 Colon of Mysticeti — 546
		30.3.2 Colon of Odontoceti — 547
		30.3.3 Notes on the wall of the cetacean colon — 551
		30.3.4 Concluding remarks on the colon of Cetacea — 553

- 30.4 The cetacean Caecum — 553
- 30.4.1 Caecum in Mysticeti — 553
- 30.4.2 Caecum in Odontoceti — 555
- 30.5 Functional considerations concerning the cetacean gut — 555

VI General discussion — 557

1 The digestive tube of Eutheria — 559

- 1.1 Reactor models — 560
- 1.2 Form, size and function in the digestive tract in Eutheria — 560
- 1.3 General remarks on fermentation and alloenzymatic digestion — 561
- 1.4 Functional differentiation within the gut — 562

2 Some criteria that are used to define anatomical sections of the gut — 562

- 2.1 Blood vessels — 563
- 2.2 Intraperitoneal and retroperitoneal positions — 563
- 2.3 Tunica mucosa — 564
- 2.4 Tela submucosa — 565
- 2.5 Tunica muscularis — 565
- 2.5.1 Taeniae, haustra and semilunar folds — 565
- 2.5.2 Architecture of the gastric tunica muscularis — 566
- 2.6 Anatomy of the gastrointestinal tract, comparative aspects — 566

- 2.7 Food quality and regional differentiations of compartments of the post-oesophageal digestive tract — 569

- 2.8 Combinations of morphological differentiations — 573

3 Stomach — 577

- 3.1 Separate glands in the stomach of some Eutheria — 578
- 4 Small intestine — 579
- 4.1 Duodenum — 580
- 4.2 Jejuno-ileum with remarks on their differentiation and on their mesentery — 582

5 Colon — 583

- 5.1 Terminological aspects — 584
- 5.2 Sections of the colon — 584
- 5.3 Colonic spirals and loops — 586
- 5.4 Digestive function of the colon – comparative aspects — 587

6 Caecum — 589

- 6.1 Comparative remarks — 589
- 6.2 The appendix vermiformis, a differentiation of the caecum in some eutherian mammals — 591
- 6.3 Functional remarks on the Appendix vermiformis — 593

Literature — 595

Index — 683

Contents of volume I

Preface — vii	5.4	The small intestine, especially the duodenum of Hyracoidea — 74
I Introduction — 1	5.5	Colon and caecum of the Hyracoidea — 75
1 An appreciation of exemplary investigators – past and present — 3	5.6	Arterial supply of the caecum and of other parts of the digestive tract in Hyracoidea — 77
2 Outline of eutherian systematics — 3	5.7	Terminology of the digestive tract of Hyracoidea under special consideration of the caecum — 77
2.1 Definition and delineation of gut sections — 4	5.8	Descriptive and functional anatomy of the caecum of Hyracoidea — 78
2.2 Functional differentiations of gastrointestinal tract sections — 5	6	Proboscidea — 79
2.3 General remarks on sections of the gastrointestinal tract — 7	6.1	Introductory remarks — 79
2.4 Food index and volume — 7	6.2	Food of elephants — 80
2.5 Food quality eaten by eutherian taxa — 9	6.3	Anatomy of the stomach of the Proboscidea — 81
II Afrotheria — 61	6.4	Functional considerations concerning the stomach of the Proboscidea — 81
Description of the post-oesophageal digestive tract in the eutheria — 63	6.5	Anatomy of the small intestine of Proboscidea — 82
1 Afrosoricida, Tenrecomorpha — 63	6.6	Anatomy of the colon of Proboscidea — 82
1.1 Geographical distribution and types of food eaten by species of the four tenrecomorph subfamilies — 63	6.7	Anatomy of the caecum of Proboscidea — 82
1.2 Remarks on gastric and small intestinal, as well as on colon anatomy in Tenrecomorpha — 64	6.8	Functional considerations concerning the large intestine of Proboscidea — 83
2 Afrosoricida, Chrysochloridea — 65	7	Sirenia — 84
2.1 Type of food eaten by species of the two chrysochlorid subfamilies — 65	7.1	Introductory remarks — 84
2.2 Remarks on gastric and small intestinal, as well as on colon anatomy in Chrysochloridae — 65	7.2	Food of <i>Dugong dugon</i> (living in salt water) — 85
3 Macroscelidea — 66	7.3	Food of <i>Trichechus manatus</i> (living in variable salinity) — 86
3.1 Type of food eaten by Macroscelidea — 66	7.4	Food of <i>Trichechus inunguis</i> (living in freshwater) — 86
3.2 Remarks on gastric and small intestinal, as well as colon and caecum anatomy in Macroscelidea — 67	7.5	Food of <i>Hydrodamalis gigas</i> (marine and extinct) — 86
4 Tubulidentata — 68	7.6	Gastric anatomy in the Sirenia — 86
4.1 Type of food eaten by Tubulidentata — 69	7.6.1	Mucosal differentiations of the sirenian stomach — 90
4.2 Remarks on gastric and small intestinal, as well as colon and caecum anatomy in Tubulidentata — 69	7.6.2	Mesenteria of the sirenian stomach — 90
5 Hyracoidea — 70	7.6.3	Arterial supply of stomach and ampulla duodeni — 91
5.1 Types of food eaten by Hyracoidea — 70	7.6.4	Functional remarks, emphasising the sirenian stomach and ampulla duodeni — 92
5.2 Anatomy of the stomach of Hyracoidea — 71	7.7	Small intestine of the Sirenia — 93
5.3 Functional considerations related to the stomach and other sections of the digestive tract of Hyracoidea — 73	7.8	Colon anatomy in the Sirenia — 93
	7.9	Caecum anatomy in the Sirenia, as described for <i>Trichechus manatus</i> , by Snipes (1984b) — 94

7.9.1	Vascularisation of the caecum in <i>Trichechus manatus</i> , described by Snipes (1984b) — 96	10.6	Anatomy of the colon of Pilosa, Vermilingua — 122
7.9.2	Transmission electron microscopy in <i>Trichechus manatus</i> , described by Snipes (1984b) — 97	10.7	Anatomy of the caecum of Pilosa, Vermilingua — 122
7.10	Remarks on functional aspects of the total post-oesophageal digestive tract in Sirenia — 97	IV	Euarchontoglires — 123
7.11	Final remarks on the Paenungulata (Hyracoidea + Proboscidea + Sirenia) — 98		Introductory remarks — 125
III	Xenarthra — 99	11	Scandentia — 125
	Introductory remarks, Xenarthra in general — 101	11.1	Food of Scandentia — 126
8	Cingulata — 101	11.2	Gastric anatomy of Scandentia — 127
8.1	Systematics, phylogeny and physiology — 101	11.3	Anatomy of the small intestine of Scandentia — 127
8.2	Type of food eaten by Cingulata, Dasypodidae — 102	11.4	Anatomy of the colon of Scandentia — 126
8.3	Gastric anatomy of Cingulata, Dasypodidae — 104	11.5	Anatomy of the caecum of Scandentia — 127
8.4	Anatomy of the small intestine of Cingulata, Dasypodidae — 105	11.6	Short remarks on digesta transit in Scandentia — 130
8.5	Anatomy of the colon of Cingulata, Dasypodidae — 105	12	Dermoptera — 130
8.6	Anatomy of the caecum of Cingulata, Dasypodidae — 105	12.1	Introductory remarks — 130
9	Pilosa, Folivora — 106	12.2	Food of Dermoptera — 131
9.1	Introductory remarks — 106	12.3	Gastric anatomy of Dermoptera — 131
9.2	Food of the Pilosa, Folivora — 107	12.3.1	Arterial supply of the stomach in <i>Cynocephalus volans</i> (Schultz, 1972) — 131
9.3	Gastric anatomy of Pilosa, Folivora — 108	12.4	Anatomy of the small intestine of Dermoptera — 131
9.3.1	Mesenteries of Pilosa, Folivora — 112	12.5	Anatomy of the colon of Dermoptera — 132
9.3.2	Architecture of the gastric tunica muscularis in <i>Bradypus</i> sp. — 114	12.6	Anatomy of the caecum of Dermoptera — 133
9.3.3	Mucosal lining of the stomach — 115	12.7	Functional remarks on the gastrointestinal tract in Dermoptera — 133
9.3.4	Blood vessels of the gastric area in <i>Bradypus tridactylus</i> — 115		13 and 14 Primates — 133
9.3.5	Concluding functional remarks on the stomach of the Pilosa, Folivora — 116	13	General overview — 133
9.4	Anatomy of the small intestine of the Pilosa, Folivora — 117	13.1	Strepsirrhini (“wet-nosed” primates) — 136
9.5	Anatomy of the colon of Pilosa, Folivora, including remarks on the absence or presence of a caecum — 117	13.2	Introductory remarks — 136
10	Pilosa, Vermilingua — 118	13.3	The food of Strepsirrhini — 137
10.1	Introductory remarks, also considering fossil forms — 118	13.3.1	The stomach of Strepsirrhini — 139
10.2	Recent species — 119	13.3.2	Gastric anatomy of Strepsirrhini — 139
10.3	Food of the Pilosa, Vermilingua — 119	13.3.3	Internal lining of the strepsirrhine stomach — 142
10.4	Gastric anatomy of Pilosa, Vermilingua — 120	13.4	Functional remarks concerning the strepsirrhine stomach — 142
10.5	Anatomy of the small intestine of Pilosa, Vermilingua — 121	13.4.1	General remarks on small and large intestines of Primates — 143
		13.4.2	Anatomy of the small intestine of Strepsirrhini — 146
		13.4.3	Anatomy of the colon of Strepsirrhini — 147
		13.5	Concluding remarks to the colon of Strepsirrhini — 149
		14	Anatomy of the caecum of Strepsirrhini — 150
		14.1	Haplorrhini (“dry-nosed” primates) — 151
		14.2	Introductory remarks — 151
		14.2.1	General remarks on food — 151
			Food of the Tarsiiformes, Tarsiidae — 152

14.2.2	Food of the Simiiformes, Platyrrhini — 152	15	Sciuromorpha — 185
14.2.3	Food of the Simiiformes, Catarrhini: Cercopithecidae — 153	15.1	General remarks — 185
14.2.4	Food of the Simiiformes, Catarrhini: Hylobatidae and Hominidae — 153	15.2	Food of the Sciuromorpha — 186
14.3	Anatomy of the stomach of Haplorrhini — 153	15.3	Gastric anatomy of the Sciuromorpha — 188
14.3.1	Tarsiiformes and Simiiformes: Platyrrhini — 153	15.4	Small intestine of Sciuromorpha — 189
14.3.2	Simiiformes: Catarrhini — 154	15.5	Colon of Sciuromorpha — 190
14.3.2.1	Cercopithecoidea: Cercopithecinae — 154	15.6	Caecum of Sciuromorpha — 191
14.3.2.2	Hominoidea, Hylobatidae and Hominidae. Discussion of the mesogastria — 154	16	Castorimorpha — 194
14.3.2.3	Musculature of the gastric wall, mainly of the human stomach — 156	16.1	Introductory remarks — 194
14.3.2.4	Remarks on the histology of the tunica mucosa in the unilocular, mainly human, stomach — 159	16.2	Food of the Castorimorpha — 194
14.3.2.5	Remarks on vascularisation and innervation — 160	16.3	Gastric anatomy of the genus <i>Castor</i> — 195
14.4	Small intestine of the Haplorrhini — 161	16.4	A few remarks on the castorimorph families Geomyidae and Heteromyidae — 196
14.5	Colon of the Haplorrhini — 161	16.5	Small intestine of Castorimorpha — 197
14.6	Caecum of the Haplorrhini — 165	16.6	Colon of Castorimorpha — 198
14.7	Appendix vermiformis in Primates — 167	16.7	Caecum of Castorimorpha — 198
14.8	Cercopithecoidea: Colobinae (mainly dealing with the stomach) — 168	17	Myomorpha — 199
14.8.1	Introductory remarks — 168	17.1	General remarks — 199
14.8.2	Food of the Colobinae — 168	17.2	Food of the Myomorpha — 199
14.8.3	Short account of previous publications on the macroscopic anatomy of the stomach in Colobinae — 170	17.3	Gastric anatomy in the Myomorpha — 201
14.8.3.1	General subdivision and position of the colobine stomach — 171	17.3.1	Terminological remarks — 201
14.8.3.2	Form of the colobine stomach — 174	17.3.2	General remarks on gastric form, mucosal lining and taxonomic relationships in the Myomorpha — 202
14.8.3.3	Macroscopic and microscopic internal surface differentiations of the colobine stomach — 177	17.3.2.1	Remarks on the stomachs of Dipodidae — 204
14.8.3.4	Volumes of the stomach regions in Colobinae — 178	17.3.2.2	Remarks on the stomachs of Nesomyidae — 205
14.8.3.5	Gastric blood vessels in Colobinae — 179	17.3.2.3	Remarks on the stomachs of Cricetidae — 206
14.8.3.6	Gastric mesenteries in Colobinae — 180	17.3.2.3.1	Subfamily Arvicolinae — 206
14.8.3.7	Muscle architecture of the tunica muscularis — 180	17.3.2.3.2	Subfamily Sigmodontinae — 207
14.8.3.8	Superficial layer — 180	17.3.2.3.3	Subfamily Cricetinae — 208
14.8.3.9	Deep layer — 180	17.3.2.3.4	Subfamily Neotominae — 208
14.8.3.10	Functional remarks on the stomach of the Colobinae — 181	17.3.2.3.5	Subfamily Lophiomyinae — 209
	15 to 20 Glires, short overview — 182	17.3.2.3.6	Subfamily Tylomyinae — 209
	15 to 19 Rodentia — 183	17.3.2.4	Remarks on the stomachs of Muridae — 210
	General remarks — 183	17.3.2.5	Remarks on the stomach of Spalacidae — 213
		17.4	Small intestine of Myomorpha — 214
		17.5	Colon of Myomorpha — 215
		17.6	Caecum of Myomorpha — 220
		17.6.1	Muridae — 220
		17.6.2	Cricetidae, Genus <i>Microtus</i> — 222
		17.6.3	Cricetidae, Genus <i>Ondatra</i> — 223
		17.6.4	Caecum of Myomorpha, Cricetidae, Genus <i>Mesocricetus</i> — 223
		17.6.5	Caecum of Myomorpha, Cricetidae, diverse genera — 224

- 17.6.6 Caecum of Myomorpha, Spalacidae and Nesomyidae — 225
- 17.6.7 Concluding remarks on caecal digestion — 225
- 18 Anomaluromorpha — 226**
- 18.1 General remarks — 226
- 18.2 Gastric anatomy of the Anomaluromorpha — 226
- 18.3 Small intestine of Anomaluromorpha — 227
- 18.4 Colon of Anomaluromorpha — 227
- 18.5 Caecum of Anomaluromorpha — 227
- 19 Hystricomorpha — 228**
- 19.1 General remarks — 228
- 19.2 Form and function of the gastric region in Hystricomorpha — 228
- 19.2.1 Infraorder: Ctenodactylomorphi — 229
- 19.2.1.1 Family: Ctenodactylidae — 229
- 19.2.2 Infraorder: Hystricognathi — 229
- African and Eurasian hystricognath families — 229
- 19.2.2.1 Family: Bathyergidae — 229
- 19.2.2.1.1 Food of some bathyergid species — 229
- 19.2.2.1.2 Remarks on the gastric anatomy of some bathyergid species — 229
- 19.2.2.2 Family: Hystricidae — 230
- 19.2.2.2.1 Remarks on the gastric anatomy of some hystricid species, combined with short notes on food — 230
- 19.2.2.2.2 Arterial supply of the stomach of *Hystrix cristata* — 231
- 19.2.2.3 Family: Petromuridae — 231
- 19.2.2.4 Family: Thryonomyidae — 231
- American hystricognath families — 232
- 19.2.2.5 Family: Erethizontidae — 232
- 19.2.2.6 Family: Chinchillidae — 233
- 19.2.2.7 Family: Dinomyidae — 233
- 19.2.2.8 Family: Caviidae — 233
- 19.2.2.9 Families: Dasyproctidae and Cuniculidae — 236
- 19.2.2.10 Family: Ctenomyidae — 237
- 19.2.2.11 Family: Octodontidae — 237
- 19.2.2.12 Family: Abrocomidae — 239
- 19.2.2.13 Family: Echimyidae — 239
- 19.2.2.14 Family: Myocastoridae — 239
- 19.2.2.14.1 Food of the nutria (*Myocastor coypus*) — 239
- 19.2.2.14.2 Anatomy of the nutria stomach — 239
- Caribbean hystricognath families — 240
- 19.2.2.15 Family: Capromyidae — 240
- 19.3 Hystricomorpha, small intestine — 241
- 19.4 The colon of Hystricomorpha — 241
- 19.4.1 Compilation of colonic differentiations — 247
- 19.4.2 Mesenteries of the rodent colon — 248
- 19.4.3 Arterial supply of the rodent colon — 250
- 19.4.4 Macroscopic configuration of the rodent colon — 254
- 19.4.5 Differentiations of the colon wall in rodents — 256
- 19.4.6 Macroscopically visible internal differentiations of the colon — 260
- 19.4.7 Histological differentiations of the colonic internal lining — 264
- 19.4.8 The colonic separation mechanism and colonic anatomy — 266
- 19.5 Caecum of Hystricomorpha — 268
- 19.5.1 The caecum of Bathyergidae — 268
- 19.5.2 The caecum of Hystricidae and Erethizontidae — 270
- 19.5.3 The caecum of Thryonomyidae — 271
- 19.5.4 The caecum of Chinchillidae — 271
- 19.5.5 The caecum of Caviidae — 272
- 19.5.6 The caecum of Octodontidae — 275
- 19.5.7 The caecum of Echimyidae — 275
- 19.5.8 The caecum of Myocastoridae — 275
- 20 Lagomorpha — 276**
- 20.1 Leporidae — 278
- 20.1.1 General remarks — 278
- 20.1.2 Food of the Leporidae — 278
- 20.1.3 Coprophagy and caecotrophy, general remarks — 280
- 20.1.3.1 Coprophagy and caecotrophy in Lagomorpha — 280
- 20.1.3.2 Microbial population in the stomach of *Oryctolagus cuniculus* and its ontogenetic differentiation — 281
- 20.1.4 Anatomy of the stomach of the genus *Oryctolagus* — 281
- 20.1.4.1 Short remark on the arterial supply of the rabbit stomach — 283
- 20.1.5 Anatomy of the stomach of the genus *Lepus* — 283
- 20.2 Ochotonidae, general considerations — 284
- 20.2.1 Food of the Ochotonidae — 284
- 20.2.2 Gastric anatomy of the Ochotonidae — 285
- 20.3 The small intestine in Lagomorpha — 285
- 20.4 Colon configuration and arterial supply in Lagomorpha — 285
- 20.4.1 Taeniae in the colon wall — 292
- 20.4.2 Macroscopically visible internal differentiations of the colon in Lagomorpha — 292

20.4.3	Histology of the tunica mucosa in the colon of Lagomorpha — 293	20.6	Anatomy of the caecum in hares and jackrabbits — 301
20.4.4	Functional differentiations in the colon of the rabbit — 293	20.6.1	Hard and soft faeces, refection and caecotrophy in hares — 302
20.4.5	Mesenteries of the colon of the rabbit — 294	20.7	The caecum in Ochotonidae — 302
20.5	Anatomy of the caecum of the Lagomorpha, especially the rabbit — 294	20.7.1	General remarks — 302
20.5.1	Microbes in the caecum of lagomorphs — 298	20.7.2	Anatomy of the caecum in pikas — 302
20.5.1.1	Hard and soft faeces, refection and caecotrophy in rabbits — 298		Index — 305

V Laurasiatheria

