

ILLUSTRATIONS

Figures

Figure 1.1. Finland's relationship with Germany in 1941–44 was both close and tense. It became the topic of the most heated historiographical controversies in postwar decades. While the government insisted that the country was fighting a separate war against the Soviet Union, it could not hide the fact that Finland's war effort rested on its cooperation with Germany. On the occasion of Marshal Gustaf Mannerheim's seventy-fifth birthday, Adolf Hitler paid a surprise visit to Finland in June 1942, underlining the wartime bond between the two countries. Hitler is flanked by the marshal (*left*) and Finland's wartime president Risto Ryti (*right*). Courtesy of SA-kuva.

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Figure 2.1. Barricades in Nørrebro, a working-class neighborhood in Copenhagen during the "General Strike" (*Folkestrejken*) in the summer of 1944. Although communists orchestrated the initial strikes, the riots and ravages were a spontaneous public outcry against the German occupiers and were neither under the control of trade unions, politicians, nor the resistance movement. Copenhagen was in a state of civil war. Danish police refused to stop the riots, but collaborators in German-controlled terror groups and militias fought against their Danish countrymen in the streets of the capital. In the memory of the Danes, the General Strike restored national pride and overshadowed the less heroic attitudes of the first years of the occupation. Unknown photographer. Courtesy of the Museum of Danish Resistance 1940–1945.

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Illustrator anonymous. Published by Folk og Frihed forlag (People and Freedom Press). Courtesy of Marianne Stecher-Hansen. 157

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Maps

Map 0.1. “Will Hitler Pick Sweden and Finland for Summer Fronts?” *Los Angeles Times*, 10 May 1943, Charles H. Owen. The American press speculates and solicits public support for the Allied war effort, as the tide of the war begins to turn against Nazi Germany. In the spring of 1943, neutral Sweden remains in a state of military preparedness while Finland is militarily allied with Germany in a grinding battle against the Soviet Union on its eastern border. Courtesy of David Rumsey Historical Map Collection, University of Washington Libraries.

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Map 0.2. *World War II in the North Sea Area/US Naval Personnel Training Aid*, distributed 1944. North Sea region including Iceland, Norway, Denmark, Sweden, Finland, and northern Russia, Germany, northern France, and intervening land and sea areas. Shows aircraft invasion routes from the United States and United Kingdom, as well as German invasion route of Norway; also includes principal areas bombed by the Allies, principal areas of naval engagements, Allied air bases, Allied naval bases, and German targeted facilities. Courtesy of the Library of Congress, Geography and Map Division.

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