

# Editorial Note

 <https://doi.org/10.1075/cilt.230.01edi>

Pages vii–8 of

**Perspectives on Arabic Linguistics. Volume XIII–XIV:**  
**Stanford, 1999 and Berkeley, California 2000 : Papers from**  
**the Annual Symposium on Arabic Linguistics**

**Edited by Dilworth B. Parkinson and Elabbas Benmamoun**

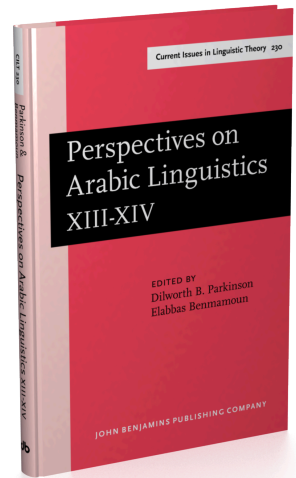
[Current Issues in Linguistic Theory, 230]

2002. xiv, 250 pp.

© John Benjamins Publishing Company

This electronic file may not be altered in any way. For any reuse of this material written permission should be obtained from the publishers or through the Copyright Clearance Center (for USA: [www.copyright.com](http://www.copyright.com)).

For further information, please contact [rights@benjamins.nl](mailto:rights@benjamins.nl) or consult our website at [benjamins.com/rights](http://benjamins.com/rights)



## EDITORIAL NOTE

The papers in this volume were presented at the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Annual Symposia on Arabic Linguistics, held at Stanford University in March of 1999 and at the University of California at Berkeley in March of 2000, and sponsored by those institutions. Of the nearly 50 papers presented at these symposia, nine are published here. Two papers are also included from the Fifteenth Annual Symposium. The papers presented at the symposia were selected on the basis of an anonymous review of abstracts submitted to the Program Committee. The papers included in the volume were further reviewed by the editors before final acceptance for publication.

The transcription of all Arabic materials in the body of the papers follows the International Phonetic alphabet, or standard equivalents. The Arabic emphatics are represented by a dot underneath the symbol, and long vowels as sequences of two vowels. For the citation of Arabic book titles in the reference sections, however, a transliteration system based on standard usage in Arabic and Middle East Studies journals has been adopted with some simplifications in the use of diacritics. Vowel length, for example, is not marked. The symbol ' represents the *hamza* and ' represents the *'ayn*. We assume that the reader who knows Arabic will be able to supply information represented by the diacritics.

The preparation and printing of the final manuscript was done by the Arabic Linguistic Society. We are indebted to Tessa Hauglid, who served as assistant editor as well as copy editor for this volume.

